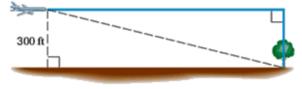
## **Question1:**

An airplane is flying 300 feet above the ground level. If the angle of depression from the plane to the base of a tree is  $30^{\circ}$ , then the horizontal distance the plane must fly to be directly over the tree is

**Answer:**  $300\sqrt{3}$  feet



## **Ouestion2**

Find the height of a building if the angle of

elevation to the top of the building changes from  $30^{\circ}$  to  $45^{\circ}$  as the observer moves a distance of 80 ft toward the building.

**Answer:**  $h = 40(\sqrt{3} + 1)ft$ 

## **Question3**

A ladder of 6 meters length is placed against a wall forms an angle of  $30^{\circ}$  with the ground. If the foot of the ladder is moved towards the wall, the angle changed to  $45^{\circ}$ . The exact distance moved by the top of the ladder on the wall is

A) 
$$3\left(\sqrt{2}-1\right)$$

B) 
$$3\left(\sqrt{2}+1\right)$$

- C)  $2 \sqrt{3}$ D)  $2(\sqrt{3} 1)$

E)  $4 - \sqrt{3}$ Answer:  $3(\sqrt{2} - 1)$ 

## **Question4**

The angle of elevation from the top of a small building to the top of a taller building is  $60^{\circ}$ , while the angle of depression to the bottom is  $30^{\circ}$ . If the shorter building is 30 m high, then the height of the taller building is

A) 
$$(30 + 60\sqrt{3})$$
m

- B) 150m
- C)  $100\sqrt{3}$  m
- D) 120m
- E)  $90\sqrt{3}$  m

**Answer:** The height of the taller building is 120 m.

