# KFUPM, Math 002 Recitation 5.1, Term 142, Answered by Sayed Omar, 11-Feb-15 King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals Prep-Year Math Program Math 002 - Term 142 Recitation (5.1)

### **Question1:**

If  $\alpha$  is of the complement of the angle 75° 34′ 55″ and  $\beta$  is the supplement of the angle 50° 16′, then find the measure of the angle  $\alpha + \beta$ .

**Answer:**  $\alpha + \beta = 4^{\circ} 25' 5'' + 129^{\circ} 44' = 143^{\circ} 69' 5'' = 144^{\circ} 9' 5''$ 

### **Question2.**

- a) Find the smallest positive angle coterminal with the angle  $\theta = -1640^{\circ}$ .
- b) Indicate the quadrant in which the angle  $\theta = -2780^{\circ}$  terminates.

**Answer:** (a): 160° (b): The angle  $\theta = -2780^{\circ}$  terminates in quadrant II.

**Question3.** 

- a) Write 35.76° as DMS (Degree Minute Second) Format.
- b) Write  $26^{\circ} 12' 27''$  as decimal degree.

**Answer:** (a): 35° 45' 36" (b): 26.2075°

# **Question4**

Which one of the following is NOT coterminal with  $20^{\circ}$ ?

- A)  $-700^{\circ}$
- $B) \quad 380^{\circ}$
- C)  $740^{\circ}$
- D) 340°
- E)  $-340^{\circ}$

# Answer:

(d): It is NOT coterminal with  $20^{\circ}$  because their terminal sides do not coincide. The terminal side of  $20^{\circ}$  is in Quadrant I and the terminal side of  $340^{\circ}$  is in quadrant IV.

<u>Question5</u> In a right triangle, one angle is  $31^{\circ} 42^{\prime} 17^{\prime\prime}$ , the other acute angle is:

- A) 58° 17' 43"
- B) 58° 42<sup>'</sup> 17<sup>''</sup>
- C)  $148^{\circ} 17' 43''$
- D) 58° 37' 48"
- E) 59° 18' 43"

**Answer:** (a): 58° 17<sup>′</sup> 43<sup>′′</sup>

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