King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals

Prep-Year Math Program Math 002 - Term 132 Recitation (8.3)

Question 1: Given the vectors $u = \langle 10, 8 \rangle$ and $v = \langle 12, -6 \rangle$.

- a) Find the magnitude and the direction angle of the vector $\frac{1}{2}u \frac{1}{6}v$
- b) Find a unit vector in the opposite direction of the vector $\frac{1}{2}u \frac{1}{6}v$
- c) Find a vector of length 3 units in the direction of the vector $\frac{1}{2}u \frac{1}{6}v$

Answer: (a):
$$\left\| \frac{1}{2} u - \frac{1}{6} v \right\| = \|\langle 3, 5 \rangle\| = \sqrt{34}$$

The direction angle θ of $\frac{1}{2}u - \frac{1}{6}v = \langle 3, 5 \rangle$ is $\theta = \tan^{-1}\frac{5}{3}$

- **(b):** A unit vector in the **opposite** direction of $\frac{1}{2}u \frac{1}{6}v = \langle 3,5 \rangle$ is $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{W}} = \left\langle -\frac{3\sqrt{34}}{34}, -\frac{5\sqrt{34}}{34} \right\rangle$
- **(b):** A vector of magnitude 3 in the direction of $\frac{1}{2}u \frac{1}{6}v = \langle 3,5 \rangle$ is $\left\langle \frac{9\sqrt{34}}{34}, \frac{15\sqrt{34}}{34} \right\rangle$

Question2: The sum of all values of the constant k for which the two vectors: $\vec{u} = (k-1)\vec{i} + \vec{j}$ and $\vec{v} = 3\vec{i} + (k-1)^2 \vec{j}$ are perpendicular is equal to:

- **a)** -3
- b) 4
- **c)** -2
- u) 3 e) _1

Answer: k = 1 , k = -2

Question 3 Find the smallest positive angle between the vectors $\mathbf{v} = \langle 2, 3 \rangle$ and $\mathbf{w} = \frac{1}{5}\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}$

Answer: 135°