## King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals

## **Prep-Year Math Program**

## Math 002 - Term 132

## **Recitation (4.1)**

Answered by S. Omar

Ouestion 1: Decide whether each of the following function is one-to-one. Find  $f^{-1}(x)$  for those functions that are one to one.

(a): 
$$f(x) = -\frac{3}{2}x + 1$$

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 (b):  $f(x) = \frac{2x - 1}{3x - 1}$ ;  $x \ne 1/3$  (c):  $f(x) = \sqrt{49 - x^2}$ 

(c): 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{49 - x^2}$$

**Answer:** 

(a):

 $f^{-1}(x) = -\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}$   $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1-x}{2-3x} = \frac{x-1}{3x-2}$ 

(c):

The function  $f(x) = \sqrt{49 - x^2}$  is not one-to-one because f(-7) = f(7) = 0

Therefore *f* has no inverse.

Question 2: Question 2: If  $f(x) = \frac{ax + b}{cx + d}$  is the inverse function of  $\frac{4x + 3}{1 - x}$ 

then a+b+c+d=

A) 9

B) 3

C) 5 D) 2

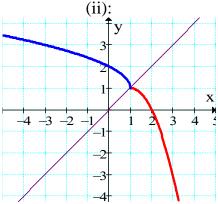
E) 7

Answer: (B) 3

Question 3: If  $f(x) = 2x - x^2$ ;  $x \ge 1$  then

- find  $f^{-1}(x)$ i)
- sketch the graph of  $f^{-1}(x)$ ii)

**Answer:** (i):  $f^{-1}(x) = 1 + \sqrt{1-x}$ 



 $f(x) = 2x - x^2$ :  $x \ge 1$ 

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Question 4: If  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x} - 1$  then the domain D and the range R of the inverse

function  $f^{-1}$  are

(a) 
$$D = (-\infty, 0) \cup (1, \infty)$$
 and  $R = (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$ 

**(b)** 
$$D = (0,1)$$
 and  $R = (-\infty,0) \cup (0,\infty)$ 

(c) 
$$D = (-\infty, -1) \cup (-1, \infty)$$
 and  $R = (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$ 

(d) 
$$D = (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, 1) \cup (1, \infty)$$
 and  $R = (-1, 0) \cup (0, 1)$ 

(e) 
$$D = (-\infty, 1) \cup (1, \infty)$$
 and  $R = (-\infty, 1) \cup (1, \infty)$ 

**Answer:** (c) 
$$D = (-\infty, -1) \cup (-1, \infty)$$
 and  $R = (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$ 

Question 5: Let 
$$f^{-1}(x) = -1 + \sqrt{1-x}$$
, then

A) 
$$f(x) = x^2 + 2x$$
 where  $x > -1$ 

B) 
$$f(x) = x^2 + 2x$$
 where  $x < -1$ 

C) 
$$f(x) = (x+1)^2 + 1$$
 where  $x < -1$ 

D) 
$$f(x) = -x^2 - 2x$$
 where  $x > -1$ 

E) 
$$f(x) = -x^2 - 2x$$
 where  $x < -1$ 

**Answer:** (D):  $f(x) = -x^2 - 2x$  where x > -1