

### **Question1:**

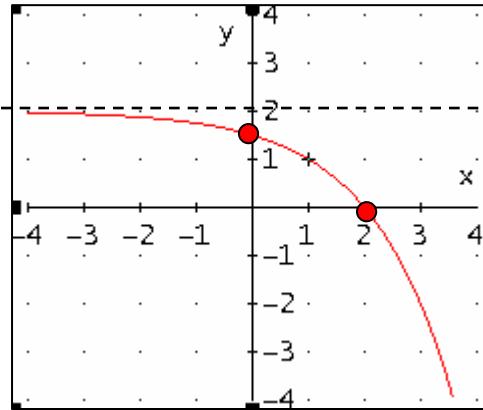
For the function

$$f(x) = -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-x+1} - 2$$

- 1) sketch the graph of  $f(x)$

### **Solution**

- H.A.:  $y = -2$
- $x = 0 \Rightarrow y = \frac{3}{2}$
- $y = 0 \Rightarrow -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-x+1} + 2 = 0 \Rightarrow 2^{x-1} = 2 \Rightarrow x-1=1 \Rightarrow x=2$



- 2) find the  $x$ -intercept and the  $y$ -intercept

### **Solution**

- $y = 0 \Rightarrow -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-x+1} + 2 = 0 \Rightarrow 2^{x-1} = 2 \Rightarrow x-1=1 \Rightarrow x=2$
- $\therefore$  The  $x$ -intercept:  $(2, 0)$

- $x = 0 \Rightarrow y = \frac{3}{2}$   
 $\therefore$  The  $y$ -intercept:  $(0, \frac{3}{2})$

3) find the range

**Solution**

$$R = (-\infty, 2)$$

4) find the asymptote(s)

**Solution**

$$\text{H.A.: } y = -2$$

5) find the inverse function  $f^{-1}(x)$

**Solution**

$$x = -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-y+1} + 2$$

$$\Rightarrow -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-y+1} = x - 2$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-y+1} = -x + 2$$

$$\Rightarrow -y + 1 = \log_{1/2}(-x + 2)$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 1 - \log_{1/2}(-x + 2)$$

$$\therefore f^{-1}(x) = 1 - \log_{1/2}(-x + 2)$$

## **Question2:**

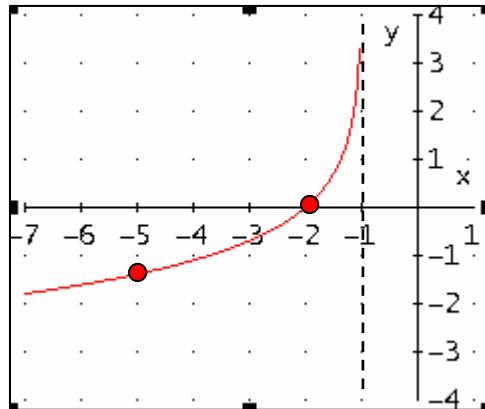
For functions

$$f(x) = -\log_2(-x - 3)$$

- 1) sketch the graph of  $f(x)$

### **Solution**

- V.A.:  $-x - 3 = 0 \Rightarrow x = -3$
- $x = -4 \Rightarrow y = 0$
- $x = -5 \Rightarrow y = -\log_2 2 = -1$



- 2) find , if any, the  $x$  – intercept and the  $y$  – intercept

### **Solution**

- $y = 0 \Rightarrow -\log(-x - 3) = 0 \Rightarrow \log(-x - 3) = 0 \Rightarrow -x - 3 = 10^0 = 1$   
 $\Rightarrow x = -4$

$\therefore$  The  $x$  – intercept:  $(-4, 0)$

- $x = 0 \Rightarrow y = -\log(-3) !!!$   
 $\therefore$  No  $y$  – intercept

3) find the domain

**Solution**

$$-x - 1 > 0 \Rightarrow -x > 1 \Rightarrow x < -1$$

$$\therefore D = (-\infty, -1)$$

4) find the asymptote(s)

**Solution**

V.A.:  $x = -3$

5) find the inverse function  $f^{-1}(x)$

**Solution**

$$x = -\log(-y - 3)$$

$$\Rightarrow -x = \log(-y - 3)$$

$$\Rightarrow -y - 3 = 10^{-x}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = -10^{-x} - 3$$

$$\therefore f^{-1}(x) = -10^{-x} - 3$$

**Question3:**

If the graph of the exponential function  $f(x) = b^x$  passes through the point  $(-3, \frac{1}{64})$ , then find  $f(2)$ .

**Solution**

The point  $(-3, \frac{1}{64})$  on the graph

$$\Rightarrow \log_b \frac{1}{64} = -3 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{64} = b^{-3} \Rightarrow 4^{-3} = b^{-3} \Rightarrow b = 4.$$

$$\therefore f(x) = \log_4 x.$$

$$\therefore f(2) = \log_4 2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

## **Question4:**

If a bacteria population starts with 100 bacteria and doubles every three hours, then the number of bacteria after  $t$  hours is  $N(t) = 100 \cdot 2^{t/3}$ .

When will the population reach 6400?

### **Solution**

$$128000 = 100 \cdot 2^{t/3}$$

$$\Rightarrow 128 = 2^{t/3}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2^7 = 2^{t/3}$$

$$\Rightarrow 7 = \frac{t}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow t = 21 \text{ hours}$$