

QUIZ#8- CHAPTER9
DATE: 05/11/18

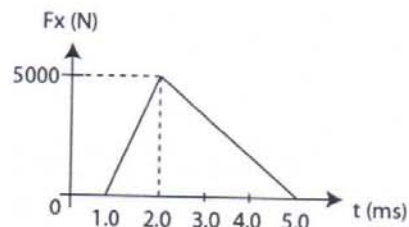
Name: Key Id#: _____ Sect.#: _____

An impulsive force F_x as a function of time (in ms) as applied to an object ($m = 5.0$ kg) at rest is shown in the figure.

(a) What will be speed of the object at $t = 2.0$ ms?

$$\Delta p = J = \text{area under the curve}$$

$$P_f - P_i = \frac{1}{2} (1 \times 5000) = 25 \text{ kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$



$$v_f = \frac{P_f}{m} = \frac{25}{5} = \boxed{0.5 \text{ m/s}}$$

(b) What is the speed of the object at $t = 5.0$ ms?

$$\Delta p = J = \text{area under the curve}$$

$$P_f - P_i = \frac{1}{2} (1 \times 10^{-3} \times 5000) + \frac{1}{2} (3 \times 10^{-3} \times 5000)$$

$$= \frac{5}{2} + \frac{15}{2} = 10 \text{ kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \Rightarrow v_f = \frac{10}{5} = \boxed{2 \text{ m/s}}$$

(c) What is the average force on the object during the time interval $t = 1.0$ to $t = 5.0$ ms?

$$\bar{F}_{\text{avg}} = \frac{\Delta p}{\Delta t} = \frac{10}{4 \times 10^{-3}} = \boxed{2500 \text{ N}}$$

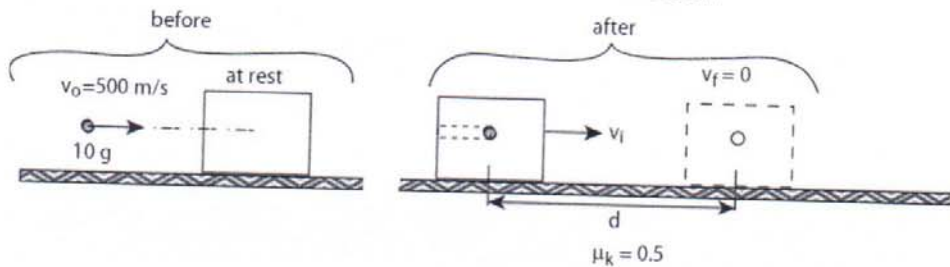
$$\Delta t = 5 \times 10^{-3} - 1 \times 10^{-3} = 4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}$$

$$\text{Also } \bar{F}_{\text{avg}} = \frac{5000 - 0}{2} = \boxed{2500 \text{ N}}$$

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A 10 gram bullet is shot in the +x-direction with a speed of $v = 500$ m/s into a stationary block of wood that has a mass of 5.0 kg. The bullet embeds itself in the block.



(a) What distance (d) will the block slide on a surface having a coefficient of kinetic friction equal to 0.5?

collision: $m_b v_{bi} + 0 = (m_b + m_B) v_f$

$$v_f = \frac{5}{5.01} = 0.99 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\Delta K + \Delta U_g + \Delta U_s = W_f + W_{app}$$

$$0 - \frac{1}{2} (m_b + m_B) v_i^2 = -\mu_k (m_b + m_B) g d$$

$$d = \frac{v_i^2}{2\mu_k g} = \boxed{0.1 \text{ m}}$$

(b) What is the change in kinetic energy $K_f - K_i$?

$$K_f = \frac{1}{2} (m_b + m_B) v_f^2 = \frac{1}{2} (4.91) \text{ J} = 2.46 \text{ J}$$

$$K_i = \frac{1}{2} m_b v_{bi}^2 = \frac{1}{2} (2500) \text{ J} = 1250 \text{ J}$$

$$\Delta K = \cancel{4.91} - 25 \cdot 2.46 - 1250 = \boxed{-1247.5 \text{ J}}$$

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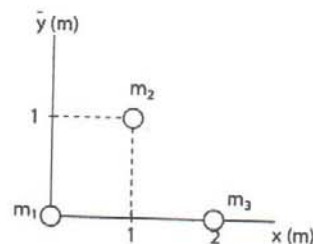
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- (a) If the masses of m_1 and m_3 in the figure are 1.0 kg each and m_2 is 2.0 kg, what are the coordinates of the center of mass?

$$X_{cm} = \frac{m_1 x_1 + m_2 x_2 + m_3 x_3}{m_1 + m_2 + m_3}$$

$$= \frac{1(0) + 2(1) + 1(2)}{4} = \frac{4}{4} = 1 \text{ m}$$



$$Y_{cm} = \frac{m_1 y_1 + m_2 y_2 + m_3 y_3}{m_1 + m_2 + m_3}$$

$$= \frac{1(0) + 2(1) + 1(0)}{4} = \frac{2}{4} = 0.5 \text{ m}$$

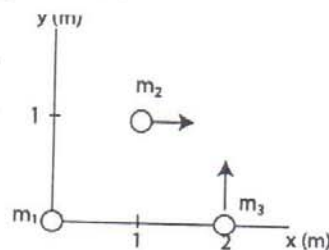
Cm. (1, 0.5) m

- (b) Each object in the figure has a mass of 2.0 kg. The mass m_1 is at rest, m_2 has a speed of 3.0 m/s and m_3 has a speed of 6.0 m/s. Find the momentum of the center of mass of the system is.

$$\vec{P}_{cm} = \vec{P}_1 + \vec{P}_2 + \vec{P}_3$$

$$= 0 + 2 \times 3 \hat{i} + 2 \times 6 \hat{j}$$

$$= 6 \hat{i} + 12 \hat{j} \text{ kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$



$$|\vec{P}_{cm}| = \sqrt{(6)^2 + (12)^2} = \boxed{13.4 \text{ kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}}$$