

QUIZ#6- CHAPTER7
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A particle of mass 2.0 kg moves from $x_i = 0$ to $x_f = 5.0$ m while being acted upon by a single force $F = 3x^2$ directed along the x-axis.

(a) Calculate the change in the kinetic energy of the particle during this motion

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta K = W &= \int_{x_i}^{x_f} F dx = 3 \int_0^5 x^2 dx \\ &= \cancel{3} \frac{x^3}{\cancel{3}} \Big|_0^5 = \boxed{125 \text{ J}}\end{aligned}$$

(b) What is the speed of the particle at $x = 5.0$ m if it started from rest at $x = 0$?

$$\frac{1}{2} m v_f^2 - \frac{1}{2} m v_i^2 = W$$

$$v_f = \sqrt{\frac{2W}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \times 125}{2}} = \boxed{11.2 \text{ m/s}}$$

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A certain force \mathbf{F} is acting on a body of mass $m = 3.0$ kg and changes its velocity from an initial value $\mathbf{v}_0 = (6\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j})$ m/s to a final value $\mathbf{v}_f = (8\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j})$ m/s in a time interval of 20 s.

(a) Calculate the work done by the force \mathbf{F} .

$$W = \Delta K = \frac{1}{2} m (v_f^2 - v_i^2)$$

$$v_i^2 = 40 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2$$

$$v_f^2 = 80 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 3 (80 - 40)$$

$$= \boxed{60 \text{ J}}$$

(b) How much power is delivered by the force during this time interval?

$$P = \frac{W}{\Delta t} = \frac{60}{20} = \boxed{3 \text{ Watts}}$$

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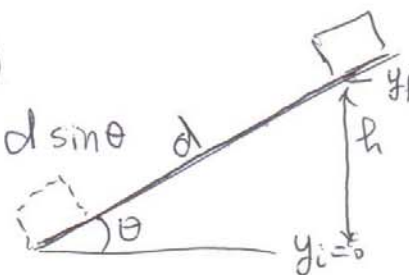
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A 4.0 kg cart starts up an incline with a speed of 5.5 m/s and comes to rest 2.0 m up the 30° incline.

(a) Calculate the work done by the normal force.

$$W_{F_N} = 0 \quad \text{because } F_N \text{ is always } \perp \text{ to the displacement.}$$

(b) Calculate the work done by the gravitational force.

$$\begin{aligned} W_g &= -mg(y_f - y_i) \\ &= -mgh = -mgd \sin \theta \end{aligned}$$

$$W_g = -39.2 \text{ J}$$

(c) Calculate the work done by the frictional force using the work energy theorem.

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta K &= \cancel{W_g} + W_f \\ W_f &= \Delta K - W_g \\ &= \left(0 - \frac{1}{2} m v_i^2\right) - W_g \\ &= -60.5 + 39.2 = \boxed{-21.3 \text{ J}} \end{aligned}$$