KING FAHD UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM \& MINERALS DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

EE 200
DIGITAL LOGIC CIRCUIT DESIGN
EXAMINATION II
December 5, 2007

| NAME : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I.D. \# : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SECTION : | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |  |


| PROBLEM \# | SCORE | MAXIMUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. |  | 40 |
| 2. |  | 30 |
| 3. |  | 30 |
| TOTAL |  | 100 |

Q.\# 1)

Design a combinational circuit that implements the following Boolean functions:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& F_{1}(A, B, C, D)=\sum(0,2,8,9,10,11,13,15) \\
& F_{2}(A, B, C, D)=\Pi(0,2,8,10,13,15)
\end{aligned}
$$

1. using a decoder made with NAND gates and external gates. Determine the type of external gates.
2. Using a PLA with the minimum number of product terms. Determine the size of the PLA and its program table.
3. Draw the logic circuit of the PLA showing the fuse pattern.

Q \# 2)
In the logic circuit shown below, the inputs are $x_{2} x_{1} x_{0}$ and the final output is $F$.
a. Derive the truth table that describes the operation of this circuit. Show the logic values at $D_{0}, D_{1}, D_{2}, D_{3}, A, B, V$ and $F$
b. Find out what the output function $F$ represents in terms of the input variables.


Q \# 3)
You would like to build a circuit that implements the function
$F(A, B, C, D)=A^{\prime} B+A^{\prime} C+A^{\prime} D^{\prime}+B D^{\prime}+A B^{\prime} C^{\prime} D$

Only a $4 \times 4$ ROM and a $4 \times 1$ MUX are available. Program the ROM in the following circuit to implement the function $F$.

