## King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals Computer Engineering Dept

**CSE 642 - Computer Systems Performance** 

**Term 091** 

Dr. Ashraf S. Hasan Mahmoud

Rm 22-148-3

Ext. 1724

Email: ashraf@kfupm.edu.sa

0/10/2009

Dr. Ashraf S. Hasan Mahmoud

# **Performance Evaluation In Telecommunications**

- Introduction to Networks
- Approaches to Performance Evaluation
- Queueing Models
- Computational Tools

10/10/2009

Dr. Ashraf S. Hasan Mahmoud

#### **The Telephone Network**

- Characteristics
  - Alexander Graham Bell 1876
  - Two-way (full-duplex) connection
  - 4 kHz bandwidth
  - Local network (phone poles)
  - Switches
  - Long haul network (RF links, fiber, etc)
- Data modems
- PBXs
- Fax machines

10/10/2009

Dr. Ashraf S. Hasan Mahmoud

3

### The (Phone) Local Network

- The means by which your phone is connected to the telephone network
- Pairs of twisted 22- or 26- gauge wires
- Participate in internet revolution ADSL technology
  - Rates up in the Mb/s
- CTV network competitor?
- Wireless Local Loop another competitor?

10/10/2009

Dr. Ashraf S. Hasan Mahmoud

,

## **Long Haul Network**

- A network that carries traffic from one end office to another.
  - Collection of interconnected links
- Transmission media
  - Twisted pairs
  - Coaxial cable
  - Fiber
  - Microwave
  - Etc.
- Dominance of fiber

10/10/2009

Dr. Ashraf S. Hasan Mahmoud

5

## **Switching**

- First manual switch developed in 1878
- First automatic switch 1892
- Circuit switching till 1960s
  - Call setup ~ 0.5 second
  - Call holding time ~ 3 minutes
- Examples: ?

10/10/2009

Dr. Ashraf S. Hasan Mahmoud

#### **Switching - Newer Technologies**

- Packet Switching
  - Digital bits (1s and 0s)
  - Store-and-forward
- ATM
  - Virtual circuits
- ARPANET-based IP networks
  - Best-effort service
  - Attempts to support QoS

10/10/2009

Dr. Ashraf S. Hasan Mahmoud

7

#### **Network Protocols**

- OSI protocol structure
  - Physical: transport of 0s and 1s
  - · Data link: frame format, error control, etc.
  - Network: Routing, flow control
  - Transport: manage path flow over several links (end-to-end)
  - Session: call setup/termination synch
  - Presentation: info format, encryption
  - Application: User functions (FTP, Telnet, etc.)

10/10/2009

Dr. Ashraf S. Hasan Mahmoud

## **Approaches to Performance Evaluation**

- Analysis
  - E.g.: Pe in an AWGN channel, buffer overflow probability, etc.
  - Fast, accurate (exact)
  - Best for simple models
- Simulation
  - Model detailed model
  - Monte Carlo simulation repeated trials to obtain a set of responses to random inputs
  - Simulation time/effort may be prohibitive
- Prototyping

10/10/2009

Dr. Ashraf S. Hasan Mahmoud

9

#### **Queueing Models**

- Queueing Theory: Our primary analytic tool for this course
- Generic queueing model:
  - Arrival Process
  - Storage Facility

Server

Arrival Process Storage Facility

Server

 Wide range of applications

10/10/2009

Dr. Ashraf S. Hasan Mahmoud

#### **Queueing Models - History**

- 1898, G. T. Blood, first analysis of telephone traffic
- 1909-1917, Agner Krarup Erlang, Erlang models (father of queueing theory)
  - Erlang B loss systems
  - Erlang C delay systems
- 1948, Kosten, prove PB is insensitive to distribution of service time
- Molina, Engset, and O'Dell, extension and refinement of Erlang models
- Pollacek-Kinchin, average delay in completing service in a system with Poisson arrivals
- 1951, Kendall, imbedded Markov chains
- MATERIAL COVERD IN CHAPTERS 3, 5, and 6 of textbook

10/10/2009

Dr. Ashraf S. Hasan Mahmoud

- 1

#### **Packet Switching**

- Introduced to resolve deficiencies in voice-oriented telephone network
  - Jackson-networks and their extensions covered in chapter 4
- Analysis pioneered by Kleinrock
- Applications:
  - TDMA/FDMA capacity analysis
  - ALOHA
  - Etc.
- MATERIAL covered in chapters 5 and 6

10/10/2009

Dr. Ashraf S. Hasan Mahmoud

## **Packet Switching**

- Two main advancements
  - Fiber optics communication (high speed links and Pe ~ 0)
  - VLSI (faster procesing/switching)
- New services appeared
  - Each has its own characteristics and requirements
  - E.g. Real-time traffic and nonreal-time
- Emphasis on quality of service (QoS) and congestion control (CC)
  - ATM
  - QoS-based IP (DiffServ/Leaky bucket and IntServ/RSVP)
- Analysis of leaky bucket and fluid models in Chapter 7

10/10/2009 Dr. Ashraf S. Hasan Mahmoud