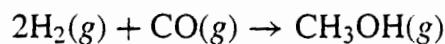


Equilibrium conversion of Multiple Reactions

- 13.33. The feed gas to a methanol synthesis reactor is composed of 75-mol-% H₂, 15-mol-% CO, 5-mol-% CO₂, and 5-mol-% N₂. The system comes to equilibrium at 550 K and 100 bar with respect to the following reactions:



Assuming ideal gases, determine the composition of the equilibrium mixture.

Solution

Basis 1 mole of feed:

$$\Rightarrow n_{\text{O}_{\text{H}_2}} = 0.75 \text{ (mole)}$$

$$n_{\text{OCO}_2} = 0.05 \text{ (mole)}$$

$$n_{\text{O}_{\text{CO}}} = 0.15 \text{ "}$$

$$n_{\text{O}_{\text{N}_2}} = 0.05 \text{ "}$$

$$n_{\text{O}_{\text{CH}_3\text{OH}}} = n_{\text{O}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}} = 0$$

$$(\gamma)_1 = 1 - 2 - 1 = -2$$

$$(\gamma)_2 = 1 + 1 - 1 - 1 = 0$$

$$K_1 = 6.749 \times 10^{-4} \quad (\text{do it yourself})$$

$$K_2 = 0.01726 \quad (\quad = \quad)$$

(2)

$i =$	H_2	CO	CO_2	CH_3OH	H_2O	
j						γ_j
1	-2	-1	0	1	0	-2
2	-1	1	-1	0	1	0

$$\gamma_i = \frac{n_{i0} + \sum_j \gamma_{ij} \varepsilon_j}{n_0 + \sum_j \gamma_j \varepsilon_j}$$

$$\gamma_{H_2} = \frac{0.75 - 2 \varepsilon_1 - 1 \varepsilon_2}{1 - 2 \varepsilon_1 + 0 \varepsilon_2} = \frac{0.75 - 2 \varepsilon_1 - \varepsilon_2}{1 - 2 \varepsilon_1}$$

$$\gamma_{CO} = \frac{0.15 - \varepsilon_1 + \varepsilon_2}{1 - 2 \varepsilon_1}$$

$$\gamma_{CO_2} = \frac{0.05 - \varepsilon_2}{1 - 2 \varepsilon_1}$$

$$\gamma_{CH_3OH} = \frac{\varepsilon_1}{1 - 2 \varepsilon_1}$$

$$\gamma_{H_2O} = \frac{\varepsilon_2}{1 - 2 \varepsilon_1}$$

Equilibrium:

(3)

$$K_f \left(\frac{P}{P_0} \right)^{-\gamma_2^{\circ}} = \prod_i \left(y_{i,j} \right)^{\gamma_i^{\circ}}$$

$$K_1 \left(\frac{P}{P_0} \right)^{+2} = \frac{y_{\text{CH}_3\text{OH}}}{y_{\text{CO}} y_{\text{H}_2}^2}$$

$$K_2 \left(\frac{P}{P_0} \right)^0 = \frac{y_{\text{CO}}}{y_{\text{A}_2}} \frac{y_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}}{y_{\text{CO}_2}}$$

Substitute

$$6.749 \times 10^{-4} \left(\frac{100}{1} \right)^2 = \frac{\frac{\varepsilon_1}{(1-2\varepsilon_1)}}{\frac{6.15-\varepsilon_1+\varepsilon_2}{(1-2\varepsilon_1)} \frac{(0.75-2\varepsilon_1-\varepsilon_2)}{1-2\varepsilon_1}}$$

$$0.01726 (1) = \frac{\frac{6.15-\varepsilon_1+\varepsilon_2}{(1-2\varepsilon_1)}}{\frac{(0.75-2\varepsilon_1-\varepsilon_2)}{1-2\varepsilon_1}} \frac{\frac{\varepsilon_2}{(1-2\varepsilon_1)}}{\frac{(0.05-\varepsilon_2)}{1-2\varepsilon_1}}$$

$$6.749 = \frac{\varepsilon_1 (1-2\varepsilon_1)^2}{(0.75-2\varepsilon_1-\varepsilon_2)^2 (0.15-\varepsilon_1+\varepsilon_2)} \quad (1)$$

$$0.01726 = \frac{(0.15-\varepsilon_1+\varepsilon_2)(\varepsilon_2)}{(0.75-2\varepsilon_1-\varepsilon_2)(0.05-\varepsilon_2)} \quad (2)$$

We have two equations with two unknowns
 ϵ_1 & ϵ_2 . Solve by trial and error (4)

$$\Rightarrow \epsilon_1 = 0.1186 \quad \& \quad \epsilon_2 = 0.0089$$

$$\Rightarrow y_{H_2} = 0.6606 \quad y_{CO} = 0.0528 \quad y_{CO_2} = 0.0655$$

$$y_{CH_3OH} = 0.1555 \quad y_{H_2O} = 0.0116 \quad y_{N_2} = 0.0655$$

$$= 1 - \sum_i y_i$$