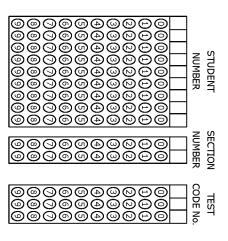
STUDENT No. ______
SECTION No. _____



Q1. 80.3 g of water at 61.3 °C are converted slowly into ice at -53.7 °C. What is the change of entropy of water in the units of J/K? specific heat of water is 4190 J/kg·K, specific heat of ice is 2220 J/kg·K, water heat of fusion is 333 kJ/kg, water heat of vaporization is 2256kJ/kg

D) -7.68
$$\triangle S = \triangle S_1 + \triangle S_2 + \triangle S_3$$
E) -92.3

$$= m c_w ln \frac{T_{f_1}}{T_{i_1}} - \frac{mL}{T_z} + m c_i ln \frac{T_{f_3}}{T_{i_3}}$$

$$= 0.0803 (4190 ln \frac{0+273}{15+273} - \frac{333x13}{0+273} + 2220 ln \frac{-15+273}{0+273})$$

Q2. A Carnot heat engine absorbs 127 kJ as heat and expels 53.2 kJ as heat in each cycle. If the low-temperature reservoir is at 107 °C, find the temperature of the high-temperature reservoir.

A) 908 °C
B) 634 °C
C) 255 °C
$$\frac{|Q_{H}|}{|Q_{L}|} = \frac{T_{H}}{T_{L}} \Rightarrow$$

D) 780 °C
E) 495 °C
$$T_{H} = T_{L} \frac{|Q_{H}|}{|Q_{L}|} = (107 + 273) \frac{127}{53 \cdot 2} - 273 = 634 ^{\circ}C$$

23 A B C D E	48 (A) (B) (C) (E)	73 A B C D E	98 A B C D E	123 A B O D E
24 (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)	49 A B C D E	74 A B C D E	99 A B O D E	124 A B C D E
25 (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)	50 A B C D E	75 A B C D E	100 A B O D E	125 A B C D E