

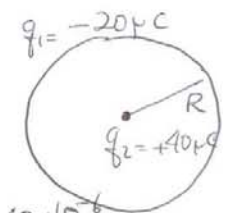
Physics 102-Rec
Quiz#9
Chapter 24

Name: Key Id#: _____ Sect#: _____

Consider a spherical shell of radius $R = 10$ cm and charge $q_1 = -20$ μC . A point charge $q_2 = +40$ μC is located at the center of the shell. Calculate the electric potential at

(a) $r_1 = 8.0$ cm

$r_1 < R$

$$V_i = k \frac{q_1}{R} + k \frac{q_2}{r_1}$$
$$= \frac{9 \times 10^9 \times (-20 \times 10^{-6})}{0.1} + \frac{9 \times 10^9 \times 40 \times 10^{-6}}{0.08}$$
$$= -1.8 \times 10^6 + 4.5 \times 10^6 = \boxed{2.7 \times 10^6 \text{ V}}$$


The diagram shows a circle representing a spherical shell with radius R . A central point is labeled $q_2 = +40 \mu\text{C}$. The shell's charge is $q_1 = -20 \mu\text{C}$. A point is marked at a distance r_1 from the center, where $r_1 < R$.

(b) $r_2 = 20$ cm from the center of the sphere.

$r_2 > R$

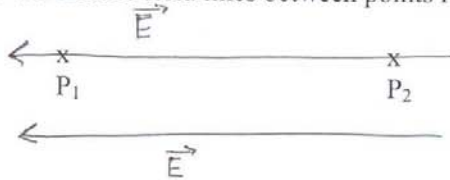
$$V_2 = k \frac{q_1}{r_2} + k \frac{q_2}{r_2}$$
$$= \frac{9 \times 10^9 (-20 + 40) \times 10^{-6}}{0.2}$$
$$= \boxed{9 \times 10^5 \text{ V}}$$

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1. Consider two points in an electric field. The potential at point P_1 is $V_1 = -140$ V, and the potential at point P_2 is $V_2 = 260$ V.

(a) Draw the electric field lines between points P_1 and P_2 .



(b) How much work is required in moving a charge $q = -12 \mu\text{C}$ from point P_2 to point P_1 .

$$\begin{aligned} W_{\text{ext}} &= \Delta U = q(V_1 - V_2) \\ &= (-12 \times 10^{-6})(-140 - 260) \\ &= \boxed{\cancel{4.8 \times 10^{-3}} \text{ J}} \quad \boxed{4.8 \times 10^{-3} \text{ J}} \end{aligned}$$

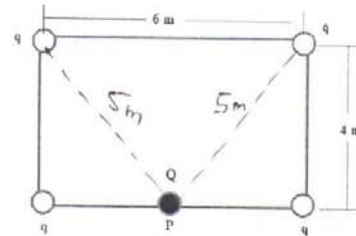
(c) Assume the electric field has magnitude of 5000 V/m, what is the distance between points P_1 and P_2 ?

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta V &= -E d \\ -140 - 260 &= -5000 d \\ d &= \boxed{0.08 \text{ m} = 8 \text{ cm}} \end{aligned}$$

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- (a) Four identical point charges, each with charge $q = +30 \mu\text{C}$, are placed at the corners of a rectangle, as shown in the figure. How much work must be done to bring a charge $Q = +56 \mu\text{C}$ from infinity to point P, located at the midpoint of one of the 6.0-m long sides of the rectangle?



$$\begin{aligned} W_{\text{app}} &= \Delta U = U_f - U_i \\ &= Q V_p = Q \left[\frac{2 k q}{3} + \frac{2 k q}{5} \right] \\ &= 56 \times 10^{-6} \left[\frac{2 \times 9 \times 10^9 \times 30 \times 10^{-6}}{3} + \frac{2 \times 9 \times 10^9 \times 30 \times 10^{-6}}{5} \right] \\ &= \boxed{16.1 \text{ J}} \end{aligned}$$

- (b) Is work done by the electric field or external agent? Why?

Work done by applied force because it is positive.