

Physics 102Rec  
 Quiz #11  
 Chapter 27

Name: Key Id#: \_\_\_\_\_ Sect#: \_\_\_\_\_

In the circuit shown in the figure, the current  $I_1 = 3.0$  A.

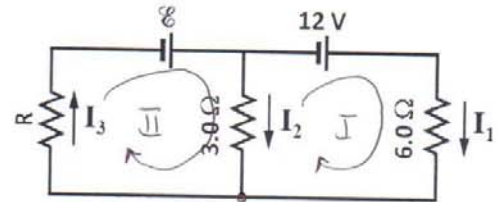
(a) What is the value of current  $I_2$ ?

loop I :

$$12 - 6i_1 + 3i_2 = 0$$

$$12 - 18 + 3i_2 = 0$$

$$i_2 = \frac{18 - 12}{3} = \frac{6}{3} = \boxed{2 \text{ A}}$$



(b) What is the value of the emf  $\epsilon$  if  $R = 10 \Omega$ ?

$$\text{loop II} \quad - Ri_3 + \mathcal{E} - 3i_2 = 0 \quad i_1 + i_2 = i_3$$

$$-10(i_1 + i_2) + \mathcal{E} - 3 \times i_2 = 0$$

$$-10 \times 5 - 6 + \mathcal{E} = 0$$

$$\boxed{\mathcal{E} = 56 \text{ V}}$$

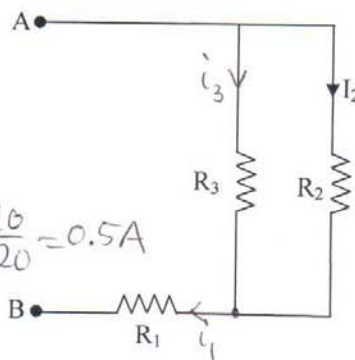
(c) What is the rate of energy supplied by the emf  $\epsilon$ ?

$$P_{\mathcal{E}} = i_3 \mathcal{E} = 5 \times 56 = \boxed{280 \text{ W}}$$

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In the figure,  $I_2 = 1.0 \text{ A}$ ,  $R_1 = 5.0 \Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 10 \Omega$ , and  $R_3 = 20 \Omega$ .



(a) Calculate the current in  $R_1$ .

First calculate the current in  $R_3$ :

$$i_2 R_2 = R_3 i_3 \Rightarrow i_3 = i_2 \frac{R_2}{R_3} = \frac{10}{20} = 0.5 \text{ A}$$

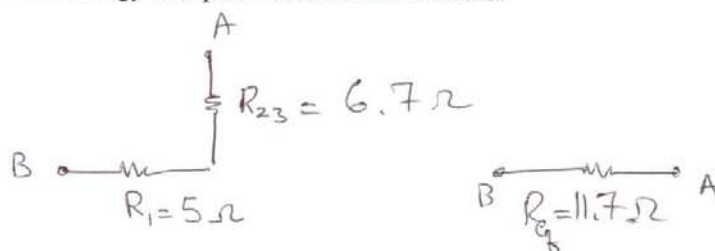
$$\Rightarrow i_1 = i_2 + i_3 = \boxed{1.5 \text{ A}}$$

(b) Calculate the potential difference  $V_A - V_B$ .

$$V_A - V_B = i_1 R_1 + i_2 R_2 = 1.5 \times 5 + 1 \times 10$$

$$= \boxed{17.5 \text{ V}}$$

(c) Calculate the rate of thermal energy dissipated in the three resistors?

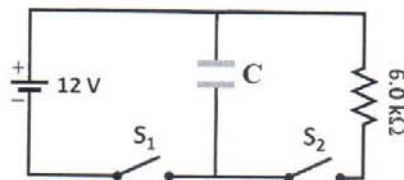


$$P = \frac{V^2}{R_{eq}} = \frac{(17.5)^2}{11.7} = \boxed{26.2 \text{ W}}$$

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A capacitor of capacitance  $C$  is connected to a 12-V battery, as shown in the figure. First, switch  $S_2$  is open, and switch  $S_1$  is closed until the capacitor is fully charged. Then,  $S_1$  is open and  $S_2$  is closed. The voltage across the capacitor reaches 6.0 V after 0.10 s.



(a) What is the value of the capacitance  $C$ ?

$$\begin{aligned} \text{discharge} \Rightarrow q(t) &= C\mathcal{E} e^{-t/RC} \\ |i| &= \left| \frac{dq}{dt} \right| = \frac{C\mathcal{E}}{RC} e^{-t/RC} = \frac{\mathcal{E}}{R} e^{-t/RC} \\ V_R &= iR = \frac{\mathcal{E}}{R} R e^{-t/RC} = \mathcal{E} e^{-t/RC} \\ 6 &= 12 e^{-t/RC} \quad \frac{1}{2} = e^{-t/RC} \\ \ln\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) &= -\frac{t}{RC} \\ -\ln(2) &= -\frac{t}{RC} \Rightarrow C = \frac{t}{R \ln(2)} = \frac{0.1}{6000 \times 0.693} \\ &\boxed{C = 2.4 \times 10^{-5} \text{ F}} \end{aligned}$$

(b) What is the charge on the capacitor at  $t = 0.1$  s?

$$\begin{aligned} q &= C\mathcal{E} e^{-t/RC} \\ &= (2.4 \times 10^{-5}) (12) e^{-\frac{0.1}{6000 \times 2.4 \times 10^{-5}}} \\ &\boxed{q = 1.4 \times 10^{-4} \text{ C}} \end{aligned}$$

Another way:

$$q = C V_c = 2.4 \times 10^{-5} \times 6 = \boxed{1.44 \times 10^{-4} \text{ C}}$$