ID#

1- A source emits sound with a frequency of 1000 Hz. The source and an observer are moving toward each other, each with a speed of 100 m/s. If the speed of sound is 340 m/s, the observer hears sound with a frequency of:

$$f = 1000 \text{ Hz}$$

$$V_{0} = 100 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_{0} = 100 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V = 340 \text{ m/s}$$

$$f' = f$$

$$V + V_{0}$$

$$V = 1000 \frac{340 + 100}{340 - 100}$$

$$= 1000 \frac{440}{240}$$

$$= 1833 \text{ Hz}$$

2- A tuning fork with a frequency of 510 Hz is placed at the open end of an air column that is closed at the other end. What is the <u>shortest length</u> of the air column that will resonate with the tuning fork? The speed of sound in air is 345 m/s.

Shortest length
$$\Rightarrow n=1$$

$$L = \frac{\lambda}{4} = \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{4} = \frac{345/5}{4} = 0.17 \text{ m}$$

$$= 17 \text{ cm}$$

3- The sound level at a distance of 5 m from a point source is 117 dB. Calculate the power output of the source.

$$\beta = 10 \text{ bg} \frac{\frac{P_s}{4\pi r^2}}{\frac{10^{-12}}{10^{-12}}}$$

$$117 = 10 \text{ bg} \frac{\left(\frac{P_s}{4\pi (5)^2}\right)}{\frac{10^{-12}}{10^{-12}}} \text{ Solve for } P_s.$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{P_s}{4\pi (5^2)}\right)}{\frac{10^{-12}}{10^{-12}}} = 10 = 5 \times 10^{11}$$

$$P_s = 5 \times 10^{11} \times 10^{12} \times 4\pi (5^1) = 15 \text{ 7.5 W}$$