

Math 202 - Quiz # 4b

Name: Solution

Ser. # _____

Verify that the DE is Bernoulli and then solve the IVP:

$$tx \frac{dx}{dt} = 3x^2 + t^2, \quad x(-1) = 2$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{3}{t}x + \frac{t}{x}$$

(*) $\frac{dx}{dt} - \frac{3}{t}x = tx^{-1}$ which is Bernoulli of the form:

$$\frac{dx}{dt} + p(t)x = f(t)x^n$$

Let $w = x^{1-n} = x^{1-(-1)} = x^2 \Rightarrow$

$$x = w^{\frac{1}{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{1}{2}w^{-\frac{1}{2}} \frac{dw}{dt}$$

$$x^{-1} = w^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

Substitute in (*):

$$\frac{1}{2}w^{-\frac{1}{2}} \frac{dw}{dt} - \frac{3}{t}w^{\frac{1}{2}} = tw^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

(***) $\frac{dw}{dt} - \frac{6}{t}w = 2t$ (linear in w)

$$\mu = e^{-\int \frac{6}{t} dt} = e^{-6 \ln t} = t^{-6}$$

Multiply both sides of (***) by t^{-6} :

$$\frac{d}{dt}[wt^{-6}] = 2t^{-5}$$

$$wt^{-6} = \int 2t^{-5} dt = -\frac{1}{2}t^{-4} + C$$

$$w = -\frac{1}{2}t^2 + Ct^6$$

$$x^2 = -\frac{t^2}{2} + Ct^6$$

Using the condition $x(-1) = 2 \Rightarrow 4 = -\frac{1}{2} + C \Rightarrow \boxed{C = \frac{9}{2}}$

∴ the solution is:

$$x^2 = -\frac{t^2}{2} + \frac{9}{2}t^6$$

i.e. $2x^2 = 9t^6 - t^2$