

Name: Solution Sr. # _____ Section # _____Given that $y_1 = x \cos(\ln x)$ is a solution of the DE: $x^2 y'' - xy' + 2y = 0$, $x \neq 0$.

1. Find a second linearly independent solution.
2. Check your answer by verifying that the two solutions form a fundamental set of solutions.
3. Write the general solution of the DE.

1- First write the DE as: $y'' - \frac{1}{x} y' + \frac{2}{x^2} y = 0$

Use the formula:

$$y_2 = y_1 \int \frac{e^{-\int p dx}}{y_1^2} dx$$

$$= x \cos(\ln x) \int \frac{e^{-\int \frac{1}{x} dx}}{x^2 \cos^2(\ln x)} dx = x \cos(\ln x) \int \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{x^2 \cos^2(\ln x)} dx$$

$$= x \cos(\ln x) \int \frac{1}{x \cos^2(\ln x)} dx = x \cos(\ln x) \int \frac{\sec^2(\ln x)}{x} dx$$

$$= x \cos(\ln x) \tan(\ln x)$$

$$\therefore y_2 = x \sin(\ln x)$$

$$2- W(y_1, y_2) = W(x \cos(\ln x), x \sin(\ln x)) = \begin{vmatrix} x \cos(\ln x) & x \sin(\ln x) \\ -\sin(\ln x) + \cos(\ln x) & \cos(\ln x) + \sin(\ln x) \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= x \neq 0$$

$\Rightarrow y_1, y_2$ are linearly indep.

$\Rightarrow \{y_1, y_2\}$ is a fundamental set of solutions for the DE.

3- The general solution is $y = C_1 x \cos(\ln x) + C_2 x \sin(\ln x)$