

Name: Solution

Serial # _____

1. Use the method of undetermined coefficients to find the general solution of:

$$y'' - 6y' + 9y = 6x^2 + 2 - 12e^{3x}$$

First, we solve the associated hom. eqⁿ $y'' - 6y' + 9y = 0$

$$\therefore y_c = c_1 e^{3x} + c_2 x e^{3x}$$

$$\lambda^2 - 6\lambda + 9 = 0 \Rightarrow (\lambda - 3)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda = 3, 3$$

To find y_p , we put, as the first trial, $y_p = Ax^2 + Bx + C + D e^{3x}$

But the last term is duplicated in y_c . Even if we multiply it by x we get $x e^{3x}$ which is again duplicated in y_c . So, we multiply the last term by x^2 to get the operative form of a particular solution as

$$y_p = Ax^2 + Bx + C + Dx^2 e^{3x} \Rightarrow \dot{y}_p = 2Ax + B + 3Dx^2 e^{3x} + 2Dx e^{3x}$$

$$\ddot{y}_p = 2A + 9Dx^2 e^{3x} + 12Dx e^{3x} + 2D e^{3x}$$

Substitute in the given DE: $\ddot{y}_p - 6\dot{y}_p + 9y_p = 6x^2 + 2 - 12e^{3x}$

$$\Rightarrow 2A + 9Dx^2 e^{3x} + 12Dx e^{3x} + 2D e^{3x} - 12Ax - 6B - 18Dx^2 e^{3x} - 12Dx e^{3x} + 9Ax^2 + 9Bx + 9C + 9Dx^2 e^{3x} = 6x^2 + 2 - 12e^{3x}$$

$$\Rightarrow 9Ax^2 + (9B - 12A)x + (2A - 6B + 9C) + 2D e^{3x} = 6x^2 + 2 - 12e^{3x}$$

Equating coefficients, we get: $9A = 6 \Rightarrow A = \frac{2}{3}$, $9B - 12A = 0 \Rightarrow B = \frac{8}{9}$,

$$2A - 6B + 9C = 2 \Rightarrow 2\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) - 6\left(\frac{8}{9}\right) + 9C = 2 \Rightarrow C = \frac{2}{3}, \quad 2D = -12 \Rightarrow D = -6.$$

Substitute for the constants in y_p above, we get

$$y_p = \frac{2}{3}x^2 + \frac{8}{9}x + \frac{2}{3} - 6x^2 e^{3x}$$

The general solution of the given DE is $y = y_c + y_p$

$$\text{i.e. } y = c_1 e^{3x} + c_2 x e^{3x} + \frac{2}{3}x^2 + \frac{8}{9}x + \frac{2}{3} - 6x^2 e^{3x}.$$