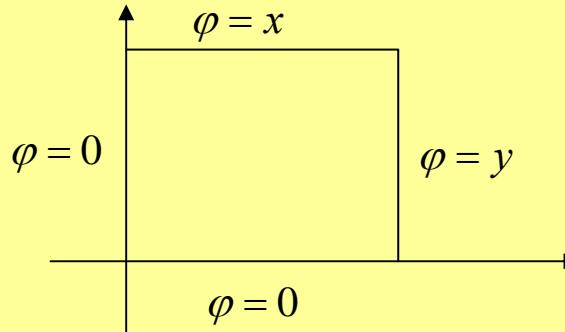


# Chapter 1: Finite Difference Method for Poisson Equation

Example :

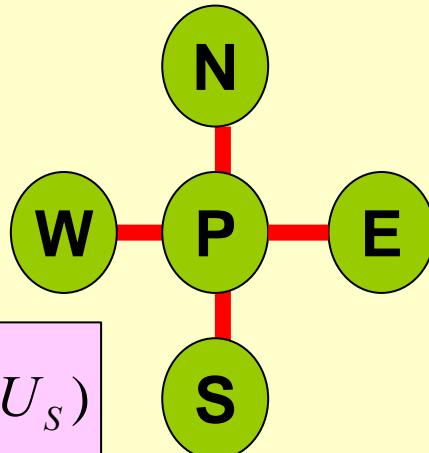
$$-\Delta u = 0 \quad \text{in} \quad \Omega$$

$$u = \varphi \quad \text{on} \quad \partial\Omega$$

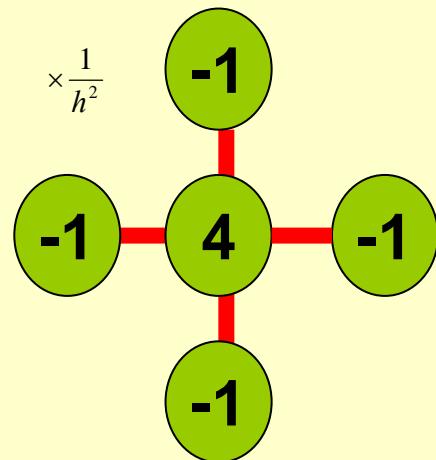


$$-\Delta_h U = -\frac{U_{i+1,j} + U_{i-1,j} - 4U_{i,j} + U_{i,j+1} + U_{i,j-1}}{h^2} = 0$$

Discrete Laplace Operator



$$\frac{1}{h^2}(-U_E - U_W + 4U_P - U_N - U_S)$$



5 point-scheme

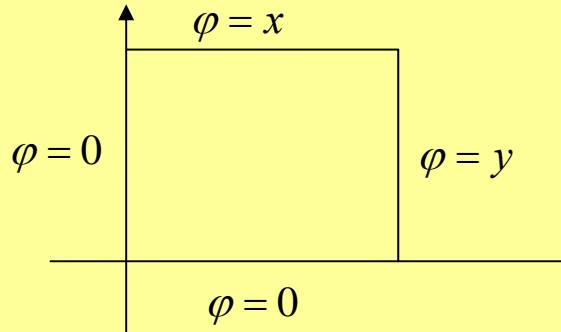
5 point stencil

# Chapter 1: Finite Difference Method for Poisson Equation

Example :

$$-\Delta u = 0 \quad \text{in} \quad \Omega$$

$$u = \varphi \quad \text{on} \quad \partial\Omega$$



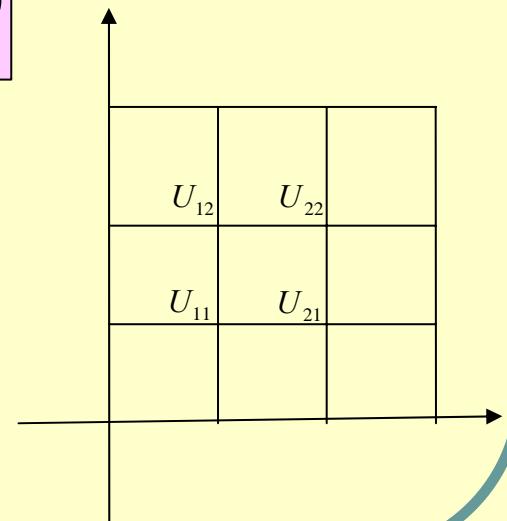
$$-\Delta_h U = -\frac{U_{i+1,j} + U_{i-1,j} - 4U_{i,j} + U_{i,j+1} + U_{i,j-1}}{h^2} = 0$$

$$i=1, j=1: \quad -U_{12} - U_{10} + 4U_{11} - U_{21} - U_{01} = 0$$

$$i=1, j=2: \quad -U_{13} - U_{11} + 4U_{12} - U_{22} - U_{02} = 0$$

$$i=2, j=1: \quad -U_{22} - U_{20} + 4U_{21} - U_{31} - U_{11} = 0$$

$$i=2, j=2: \quad -U_{23} - U_{21} + 4U_{22} - U_{32} - U_{12} = 0$$



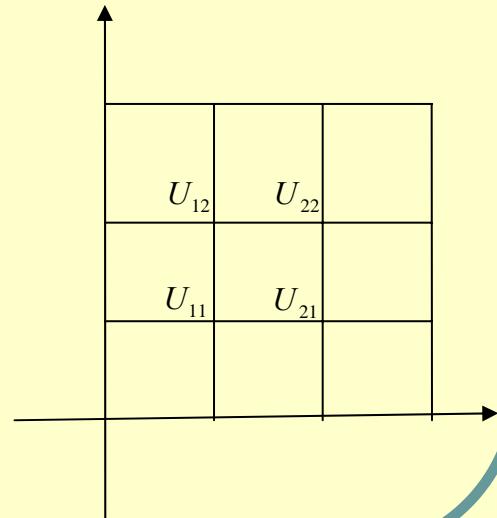
# Chapter 1: Finite Difference Method for Poisson Equation

$$i = 1, j = 1: \quad -U_{12} - U_{10} + 4U_{11} - U_{21} - U_{01} = 0$$

$$i = 1, j = 2: \quad -U_{13} - U_{11} + 4U_{12} - U_{22} - U_{02} = 0$$

$$i = 2, j = 1: \quad -U_{22} - U_{20} + 4U_{21} - U_{31} - U_{11} = 0$$

$$i = 2, j = 2: \quad -U_{23} - U_{21} + 4U_{22} - U_{32} - U_{12} = 0$$



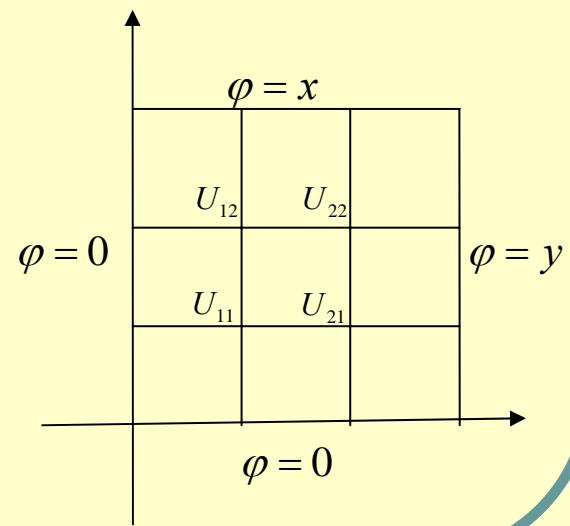
# Chapter 1: Finite Difference Method for Poisson Equation

$$i = 1, j = 1: -U_{12} - U_{10} + 4U_{11} - U_{21} - U_{01} = 0$$

$$i = 1, j = 2: -U_{13} - U_{11} + 4U_{12} - U_{22} - U_{02} = 0$$

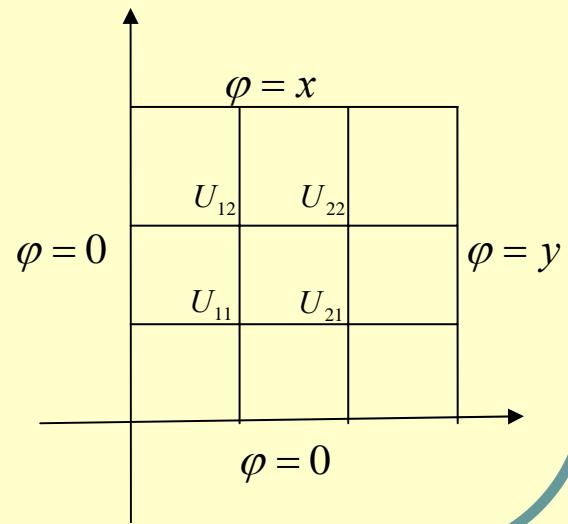
$$i = 2, j = 1: -U_{22} - U_{20} + 4U_{21} - U_{31} - U_{11} = 0$$

$$i = 2, j = 2: -U_{23} - U_{21} + 4U_{22} - U_{32} - U_{12} = 0$$



# Chapter 1: Finite Difference Method for Poisson Equation

$$i=1, j=1: -U_{12} - \cancel{U_{10}}^0 + 4U_{11} - U_{21} - \cancel{U_{01}}^0 = 0$$
$$i=1, j=2: -U_{13} - \cancel{U_{11}}^0 + 4U_{12} - U_{22} - \cancel{U_{02}}^0 = 0$$
$$i=2, j=1: -U_{22} - \cancel{U_{20}}^0 + 4U_{21} - \cancel{U_{31}}^0 - U_{11} = 0$$
$$i=2, j=2: -U_{23} - U_{21} + 4U_{22} - \cancel{U_{32}}^0 - U_{12} = 0$$



# Chapter 1: Finite Difference Method for Poisson Equation

$$i = 1, j = 1: \frac{1}{3}U_{12} - U_{10} + 4U_{11} - U_{21} - U_{01} = 0$$

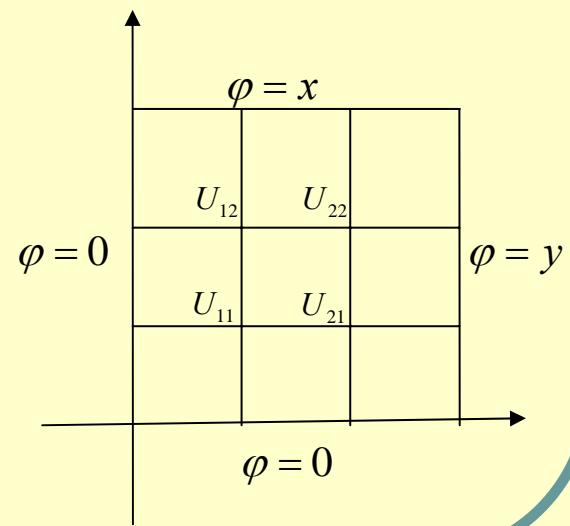
$$i = 1, j = 2: -U_{13} - U_{11} + 4U_{12} - U_{22} - U_{02} = 0$$

$$i = 2, j = 1: -U_{22} - U_{20} + 4U_{21} - \frac{1}{3}U_{31} - U_{11} = 0$$

$$i = 2, j = 2: -U_{23} - U_{21} + 4U_{22} - U_{32} - U_{12} = 0$$

2/3

2/3

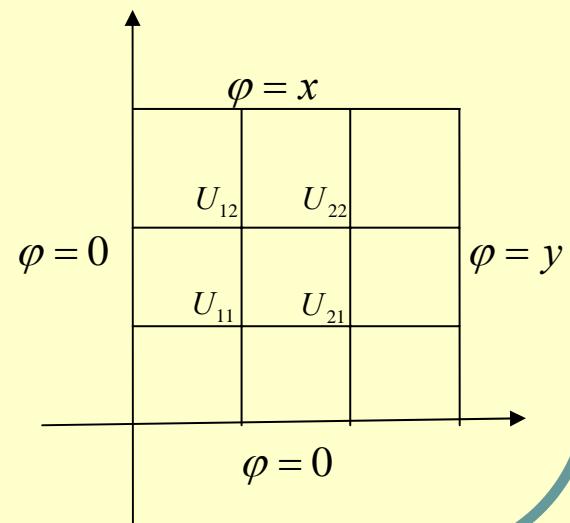


# Chapter 1: Finite Difference Method for Poisson Equation

$$\begin{aligned}
 i = 1, j = 1: & \quad \underset{1/3}{-\cancel{U_{12}}} - \cancel{U_{10}}^0 + 4U_{11} - U_{21} - \cancel{U_{01}}^0 = 0 \\
 i = 1, j = 2: & \quad -\cancel{U_{13}} - U_{11} + 4U_{12} - U_{22} - \cancel{U_{02}}^0 = 0 \\
 i = 2, j = 1: & \quad -U_{22} - \cancel{U_{20}}^0 + 4U_{21} - \cancel{U_{31}}^{1/3} - U_{11} = 0 \\
 i = 2, j = 2: & \quad -\cancel{U_{23}} - U_{21} + 4U_{22} - \cancel{U_{32}}^0 - U_{12} = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

2/3                          2/3

$$\begin{aligned}
 -U_{12} - & + 4U_{11} - U_{21} - & = 0 \\
 -U_{11} + 4U_{12} - U_{22} - & = 1/3 \\
 -U_{22} & + 4U_{21} & - U_{11} = 1/3 \\
 -U_{21} + 4U_{22} & & - U_{12} = 4/3
 \end{aligned}$$



# Numbering

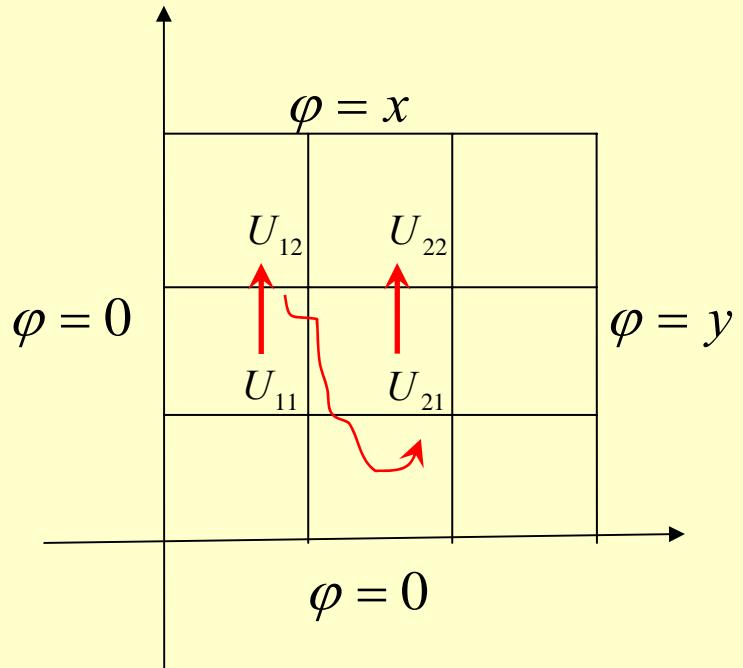
$$-U_{12} + 4U_{11} - U_{21} = 0$$

$$-U_{11} + 4U_{12} - U_{22} = 1/3$$

$$-U_{22} + 4U_{21} - U_{11} = 1/3$$

$$-U_{21} + 4U_{22} - U_{12} = 4/3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 4 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 4 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} U_{11} \\ U_{12} \\ U_{21} \\ U_{22} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1/3 \\ 1/3 \\ 4/3 \end{bmatrix}$$



# Numbering

$$-U_{12} + 4U_{11} - U_{21} = 0$$

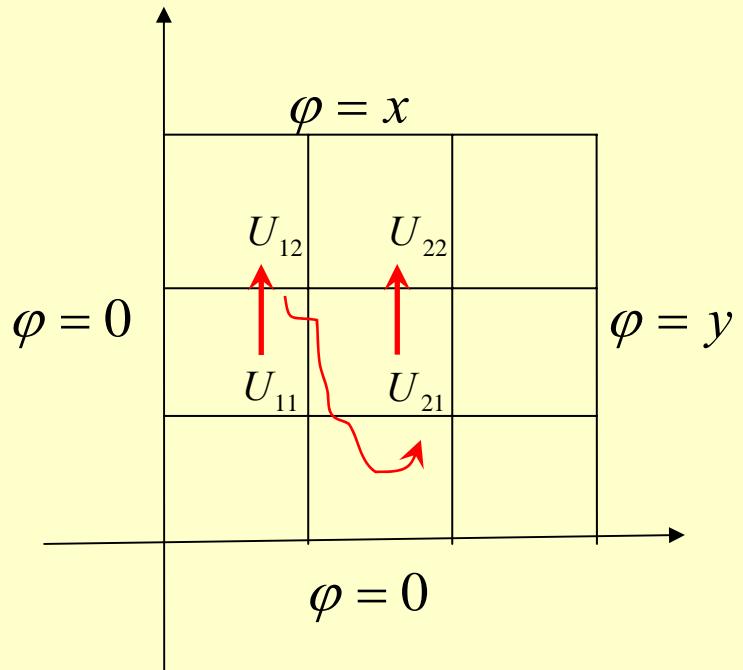
$$-U_{11} + 4U_{12} - U_{22} = 1/3$$

$$-U_{22} + 4U_{21} - U_{11} = 1/3$$

$$-U_{21} + 4U_{22} - U_{12} = 4/3$$

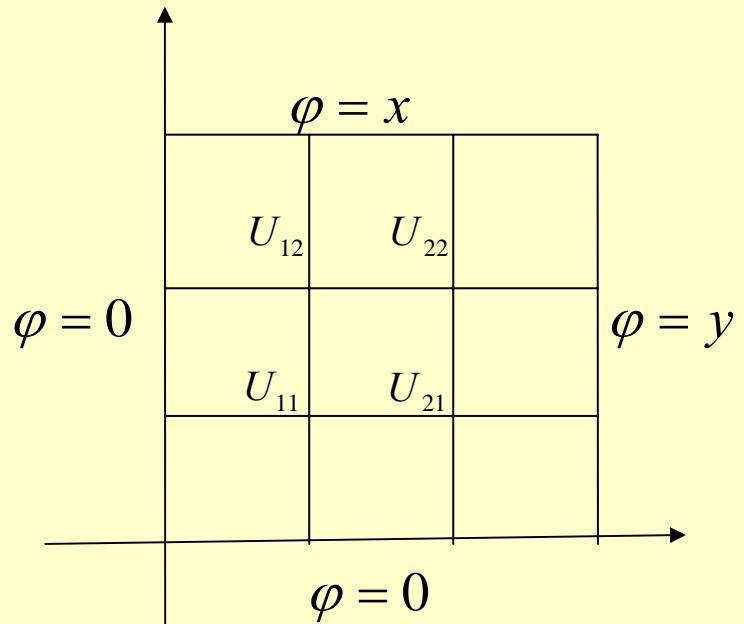
$$\left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 4 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 4 & 0 & -1 \\ \hline -1 & 0 & 4 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & 4 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} U_{11} \\ U_{12} \\ U_{21} \\ U_{22} \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 1/3 \\ 1/3 \\ 4/3 \end{array} \right]$$

$$AU = b$$



# Solving the Linear System

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 4 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 4 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} U_{11} \\ U_{12} \\ U_{21} \\ U_{22} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1/3 \\ 1/3 \\ 4/3 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{24} \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 7 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 7 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} U_{11} \\ U_{12} \\ U_{21} \\ U_{22} \end{bmatrix} = A^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1/3 \\ 1/3 \\ 4/3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/9 \\ 2/9 \\ 2/9 \\ 4/9 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Exact Solution

Example :

$$-\Delta u = 0 \quad \text{in} \quad \Omega$$

$$u = \varphi \quad \text{on} \quad \partial\Omega$$

Exact Solution

$$u(x, y) = xy$$

FDM →

$$\begin{bmatrix} U_{11} \\ U_{12} \\ U_{21} \\ U_{22} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/9 \\ 2/9 \\ 2/9 \\ 4/9 \end{bmatrix}$$

