

(show all your work and circle one letter to get a full mark or you will get zero)

1) Evaluate

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(5x) - 5x - x^2}{1 - \cos(3x)} \quad \%$$

- (a) $-1/2$
 (b) $-3/2$
 (c) $-2/9$
 (d) $-9/2$
 (e) -2
 (f) -9
 (g) none of the above

$$\stackrel{L'H}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{5 \cos(5x) - 5 - 2x}{3 \sin(3x)} \quad \%$$

$$\stackrel{L'H}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-25 \sin(5x) - 2}{9 \cos(3x)} = \frac{(0) - 2}{9(1)} = -2/9$$

2) Evaluate the limit

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} (\sqrt{4x+4} \ln(x+1)) \text{ is } 0 \cdot (-\infty)$$

- (a) 2
 (b) -2
 (c) 0
 (d) infinity
 (e) -infinity
 (f) none of the above

$$\stackrel{L'H}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} \frac{\ln(x+1)}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{4x+4}}} \stackrel{L'H}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} \frac{1}{x+1} \cdot \frac{1}{-\frac{1}{2}(4x+4)^{-3/2}(4)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} \frac{1}{x+1} \cdot \frac{1}{-2(x+1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} \frac{(4x+4)^{3/2}}{-2(x+1)} \quad \text{0/0}$$

$$\stackrel{L'H}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} \frac{\frac{3}{2}(4x+4)^{1/2}}{-2} = \frac{0}{-2} = 0$$

3) Evaluate the limit

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (1+4x)^{3/\ln x} \text{ of type } \infty^0$$

- (a) e^3
 (b) e^{12}
 (c) $e^{(3/4)}$
 (d) 1
 (e) Does not exist
 (f) none of the above

$$y = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (1+4x)^{3/\ln x}$$

$$\ln y = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{3}{\ln x} \ln(1+4x) \right]$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3 \ln(1+4x)}{\ln x} \quad \infty/\infty$$

$$\stackrel{L'H}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3 \left(\frac{4}{1+4x} \right)}{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{12x}{1+4x} \quad \infty/\infty$$

$$\stackrel{L'H}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{12}{4} = 3 \Rightarrow \ln y = 3 \Rightarrow y = e^3$$