## King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals Department of Mathematical Sciences Semester (011) MATH 101 First Major Exam

Name:		_ ID:	
Sec: (please circle one)	7 (9:00 - 9:50),	11 (10:00 - 10:50)	
Serial #:			

Problem #	Points
1	40
2	40
3	40
4	40
5	40
Total:	200

1. Find a number  $\delta$  such that  $\mid f(x) - L \mid < \epsilon \text{ if } 0 < \mid x - a \mid < \delta$ , when

$$\lim_{x \to 3} (5x - 2) = 13 \qquad ; \quad \epsilon = 0.01$$

2. Find:

$$\lim_{\alpha \to >0} \frac{\sin\alpha - \tan\alpha}{\sin^3\alpha}$$

$$\lim_{t \to 0} \frac{\sin t}{t^2 + 5t}$$

## 3. Consider the equation

$$x^3 - 4x + 1 = 0$$

There is one real root lies inside the interval [1,2]. Approximate this root with an error of at most 0.005.

4. Use the defenition of the derivative to find f'(x) where

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$$

5. Let f(x) be

$$x + 2 x < 2$$

$$2k - k^{2} x = 2$$

$$f(x) = (k-2)(x-3) 2 < x < 6$$

$$-k^{2} + 4 x = 6$$

$$x + 2 x > 6$$

Find all values of k so that f(x) is continous on the closed interval [2, 6].