### **SOLUTIONS**

# King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals<br/>Department of Mathematical Science<br/>STAT-211-Term042-II<br/>Quiz #7Section:<br/>Section:<br/>Serial:Name:ID:Serial:

## Question One (5-Points)

Write <u>**True**</u> if the statement is true or <u>**False**</u> if not:

- 1. A 95 percent confidence interval estimate will have a margin of error that is approximately  $\pm$  95 percent of the size of the population mean. False
- 2. Increasing the sample size will result in a point estimate that is closer to the true population value. False
- 3. In estimating a population proportion, the factors that are needed to determine the required sample size are the confidence level, the margin of error and some idea of what the population proportion is. **True**
- 4. The margin of error is the critical value times the standard error of the sampling distribution. **True**
- 5. In estimating a population mean, increasing the confidence level will result in a higher margin of error for a given sample size. **True**

## Question Two (5-Points)

The proportion of parts in an inventory that are outdated and no longer useful is thought to be 0.22. To check this, a random sample of n = 150 parts is selected and 30 are found to be outdated. Based upon this information,

- 1. Find 98 % confidence interval for the true proportion.
- 2. A pilot sample of size 150 parts reveals that 30 are found to be outdated. Using the information, determine how many <u>more</u> items must be sampled to obtain a confidence interval estimate for the population proportion if the confidence level is 90 % and margin of error  $\pm 0.03$ .

# 1.

$$1 - \alpha = 0.98 \Rightarrow Z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} = Z_{.01} = 2.33, \ \overline{p} = \frac{x}{n} = \frac{30}{150} = 0.20 \text{ A } 98\% \text{ C.I. for P is } : \overline{p} \pm Z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}$$
$$\Rightarrow 0.20 \pm (2.33) \cdot \sqrt{\frac{(0.22)(1.-0.22)}{150}} \Rightarrow 0.20 \pm 0.0788 \Rightarrow 0.1212.....0.2788$$

$$1 - \alpha = 0.90 \Longrightarrow Z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} = Z_{.05} = 1.645$$
$$2.n = \frac{Z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}^{2} \overline{p} \left(1 - \overline{p}\right)}{e^{2}} = \frac{\left(1.645\right)^{2} \left(0.2\right) \left(0.8\right)}{\left(0.03\right)^{2}} = 481.07 \approx 482$$

The number of additional items = 482 - 150 = 332