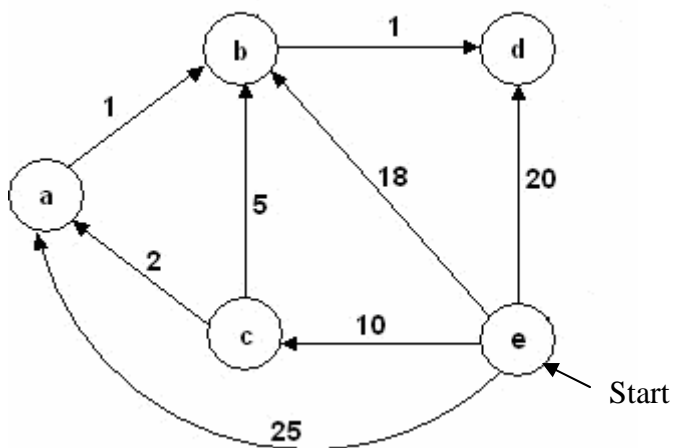


ICS 202 QUIZ#4 (Term 062)

ID#: \_\_\_\_\_ NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

1. (a) Trace Dijkstra's Shortest Path algorithm to find the shortest path from **vertex e** to each of the other vertices:



| Pass:          | initial | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | shortest distance | predecessor |
|----------------|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------|-------------|
| Active vertex: |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |                   |             |
| <b>a</b>       |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |                   |             |
| <b>b</b>       |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |                   |             |
| <b>c</b>       |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |                   |             |
| <b>d</b>       |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |                   |             |
| <b>e</b>       |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |                   |             |

(b) Draw the vertex-weighted digraph that is labeled by the shortest distances from vertex e:

2. (a) Consider the following hash table:

| 0        | 1        | 2     | 3        | 4        | 5        | 6             | 7        | 8     | 9        | 10    |
|----------|----------|-------|----------|----------|----------|---------------|----------|-------|----------|-------|
| occupied | occupied | empty | occupied | occupied | occupied | deleted       | occupied | empty | occupied | empty |
| 11       | 33       |       | 25       | 15       | 27       | <del>39</del> | 18       |       | 9        |       |

Write the probe sequences for the operations find(26) and insert(36) using linear probing in which  $h(\text{key}) = \text{key} \% 11$  and  $c(i) = i$ :

| Operation  | Probe sequence |
|------------|----------------|
| find(26)   |                |
| insert(36) |                |