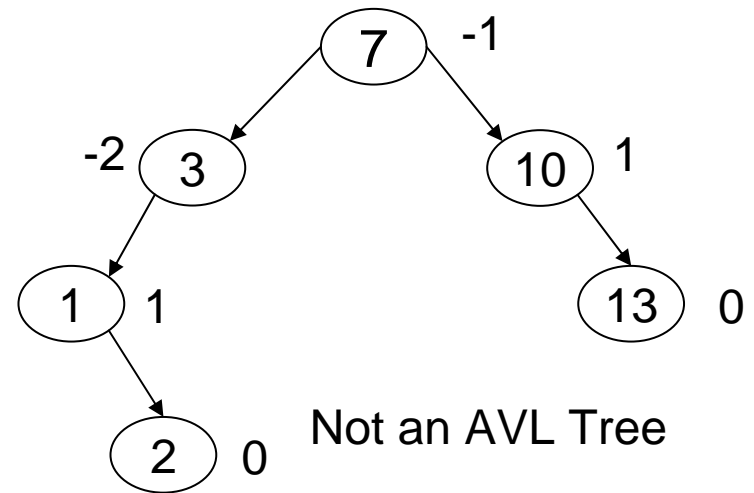
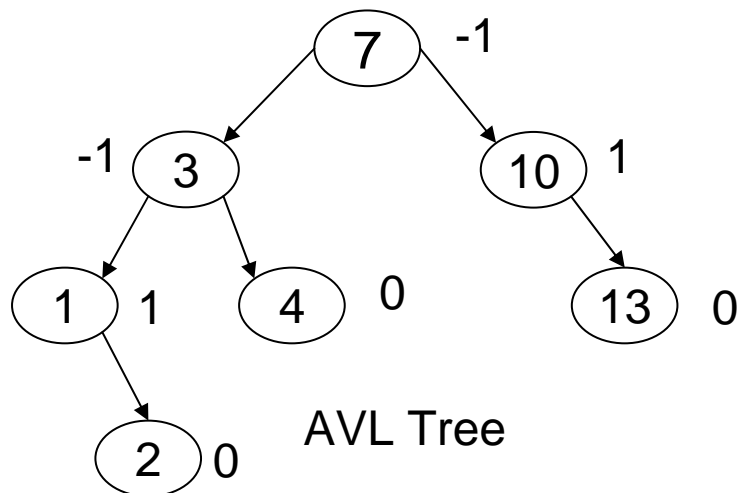


AVL Search Trees

- What is an AVL Tree?
- AVL Tree Implementation.
- Why AVL Trees?
- Rotations.

What is an AVL Tree?

- An AVL tree is a binary search tree with a height balance property:
 - For each node v , the heights of the subtrees of v differ by at most 1.
- A subtree of an AVL tree is also an AVL tree.
- For each node of an AVL tree:
Balance factor = height(right subtree) - height(left subtree)
- An AVL node can have a balance factor of -1, 0, or +1.



AVL Trees Implementation

```
public class AVLTree extends BinarySearchTree{
    protected int height;
    public AVLTree(){ height = -1;}

    public int getHeight(){ return height } ;

    protected void adjustHeight(){
        if(isEmpty())
            height = -1;
        else
            height = 1 + Math.max(left.getHeight() , right.getHeight());
    }

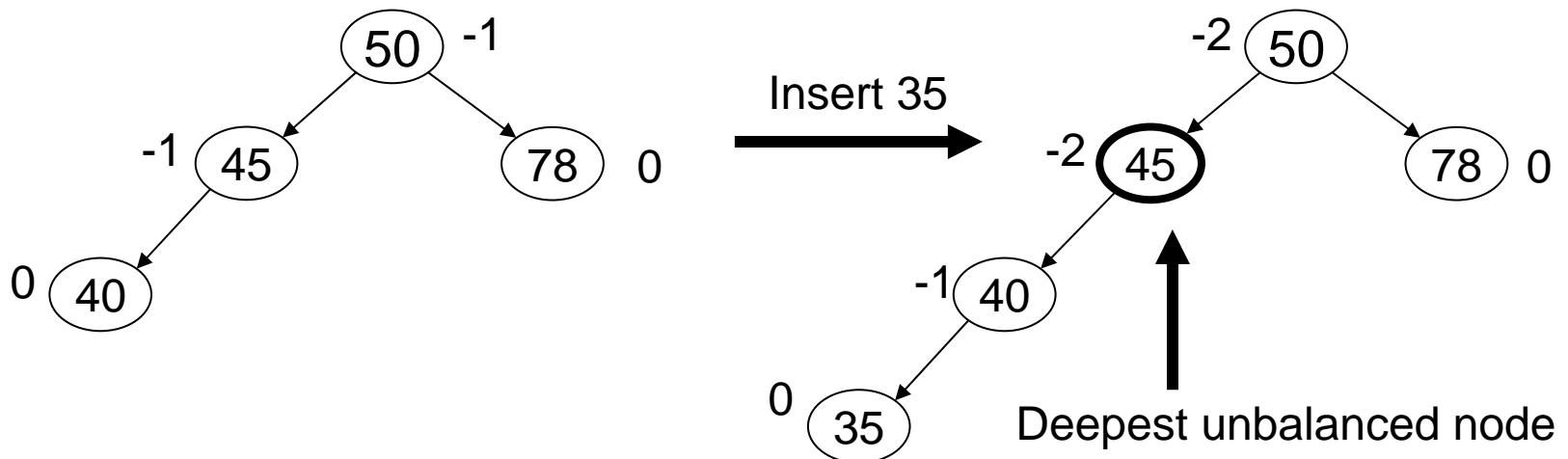
    protected int getBalanceFactor(){
        if( isEmpty())
            return 0;
        else
            return right.getHeight() - left.getHeight();
    }
    // . . .
}
```

Why AVL Trees?

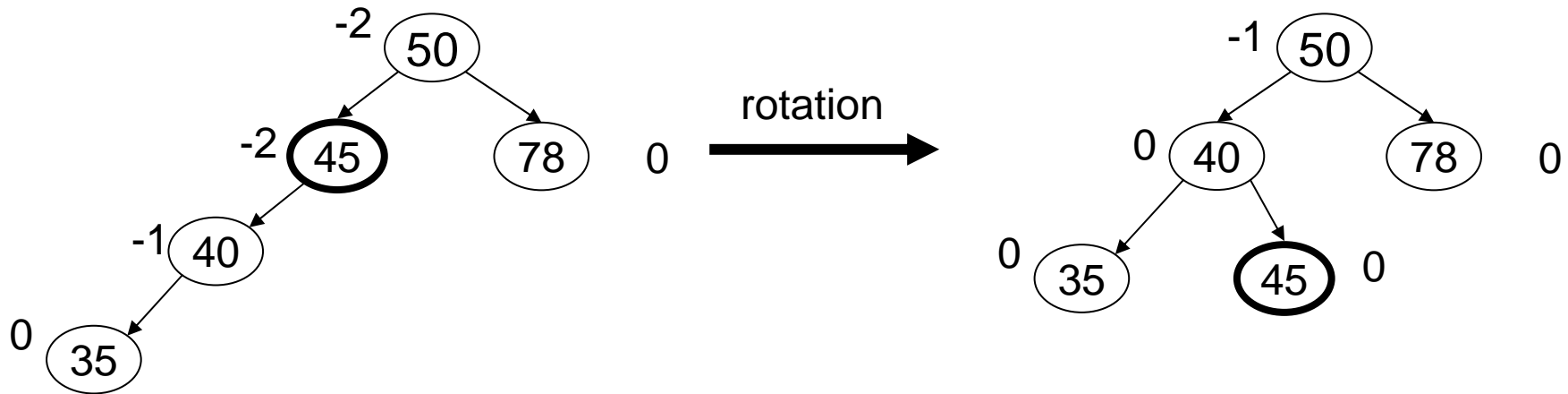
- Insertion or deletion in an ordinary Binary Search Tree can cause large imbalances.
- In the worst case searching an imbalanced Binary Search Tree is $O(n)$.
- An AVL tree is rebalanced after each insertion or deletion.
 - The height-balance property ensures that the height of an AVL tree with n nodes is $O(\log n)$.
 - Searching, insertion, and deletion are all $O(\log n)$.

What is a Rotation?

- A rotation is a process of switching children and parents among two or three adjacent nodes to restore balance to a tree.
- **An insertion or deletion may cause an imbalance in an AVL tree.**
- The deepest node, which is an ancestor of a deleted or an inserted node, and whose balance factor has changed to -2 or +2 requires rotation to rebalance the tree.



What is a Rotation? (contd.)



- There are two kinds of single rotation:

Right Rotation. 

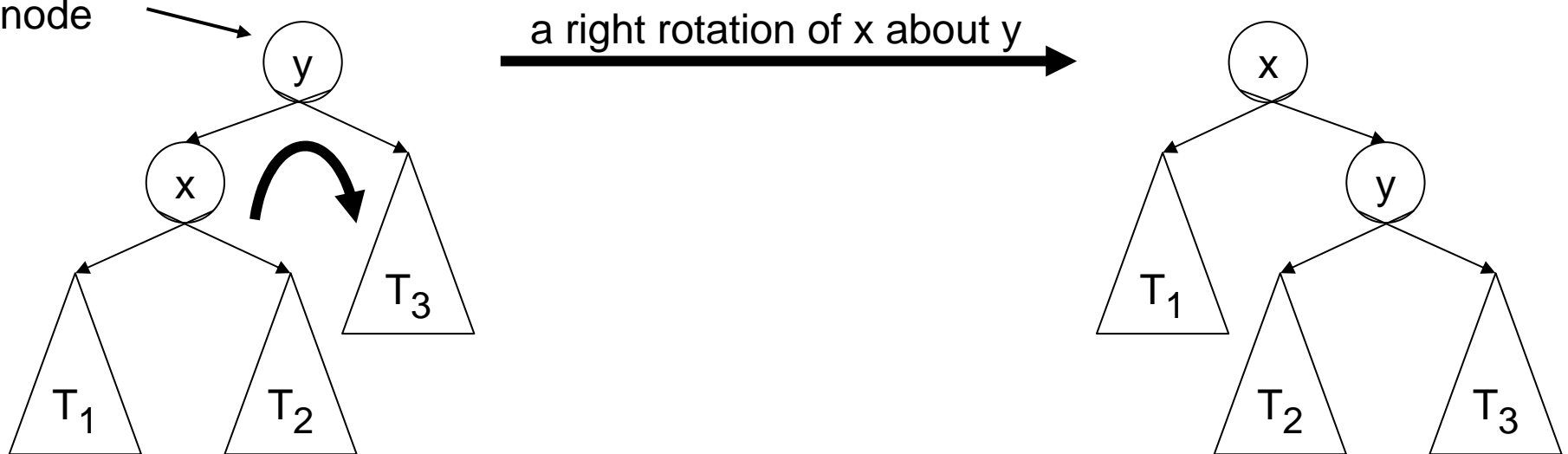
Left Rotation. 

- A double right-left rotation is a right rotation followed by a left rotation.
- A double left-right rotation is a left rotation followed by a right rotation.

Single Right Rotation

- Single right rotation:
 - The left child x of a node y becomes y 's parent.
 - y becomes the right child of x .
 - The right child T_2 of x , if any, becomes the left child of y .

deepest unbalanced
node

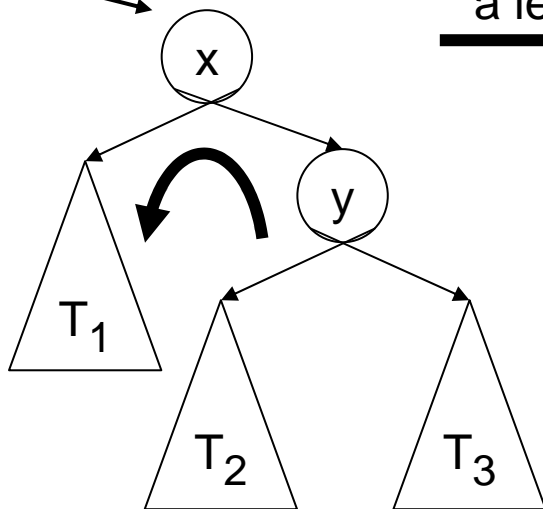


Note: The pivot of the rotation is the deepest unbalanced node

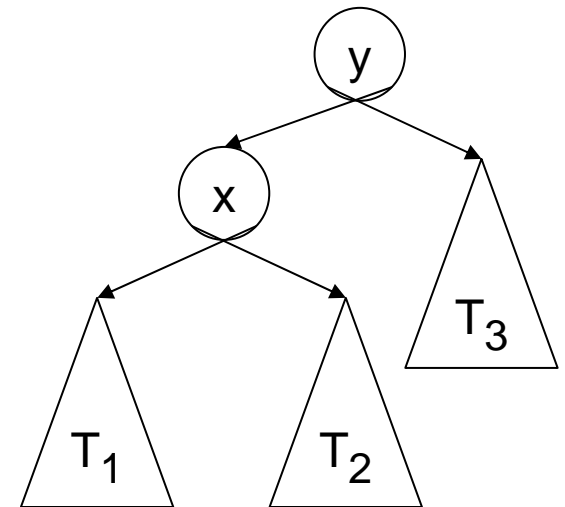
Single Left Rotation

- Single left rotation:
 - The right child y of a node x becomes x 's parent.
 - x becomes the left child of y .
 - The left child T_2 of y , if any, becomes the right child of x .

deepest unbalanced
node



a left rotation of y about x



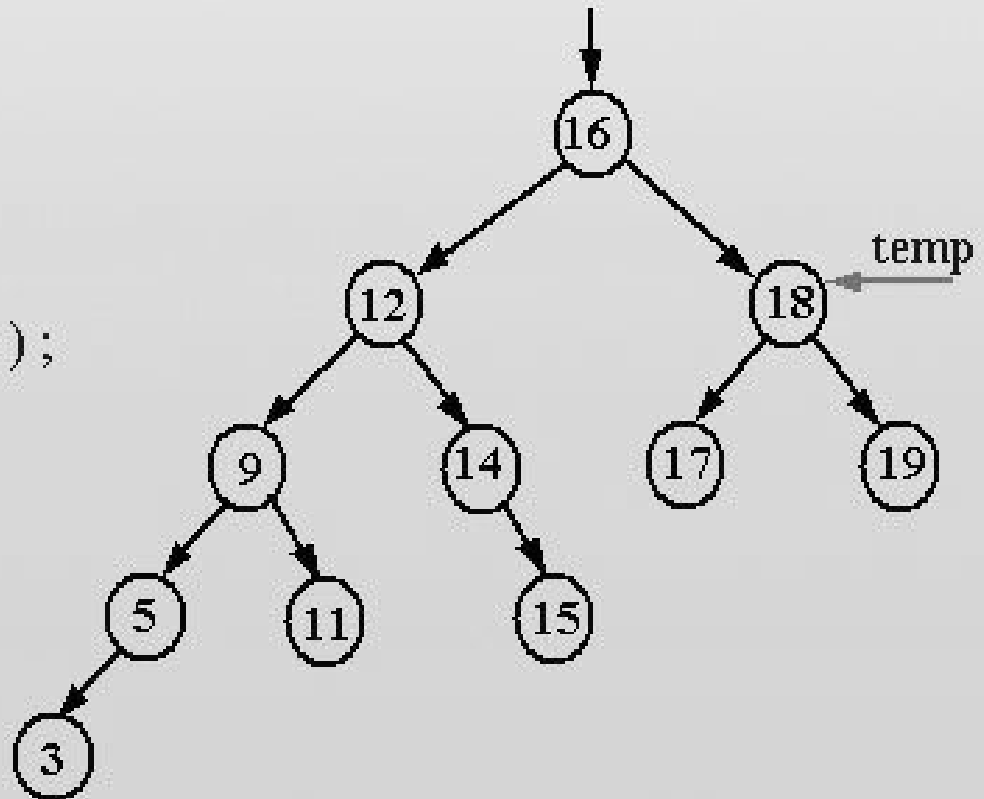
Note: The pivot of the rotation is the deepest unbalanced node

Single Right Rotation Implementation

```
protected void rightRotate(){
    if( isEmpty()) throw new InvalidOperationException();
    BinaryTree temp = right;
    right = left;
    left = right.left;
    right.left = right.right;
    right.right = temp;
    Object tmpObj = key;
    key = right.key;
    right.key = tmpObj;
    getRightAVL().adjustHeight();
    adjustHeight();
}
```

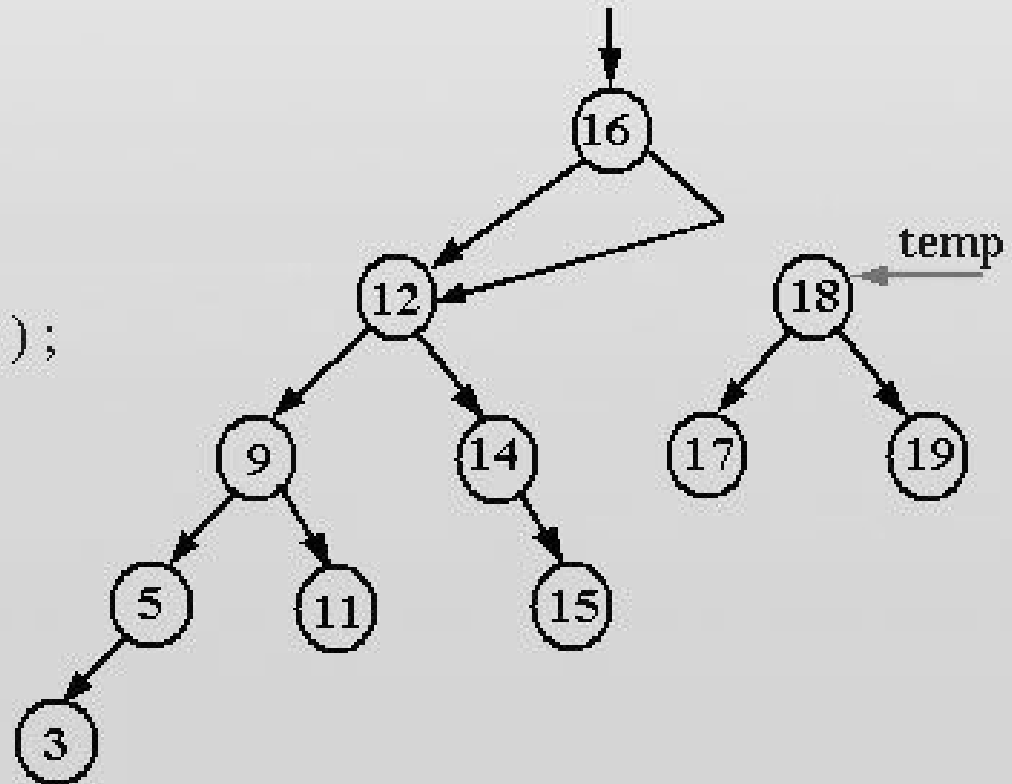
Single Right Rotation Implementation (example)

```
1 protected void rightRotate() {  
2   if( isEmpty() ) throw new InvalidOperationException();  
3   BinaryTree temp = right; ←  
4   right = left;  
5   left = right.left;  
6   right.left = right.right;  
7   right.right = temp;  
8   Object tmpObj = key;  
9   key = right.key;  
10  right.key = tmpObj;  
11  getRightAVL().adjustHeight();  
12  adjustHeight();  
13 }
```



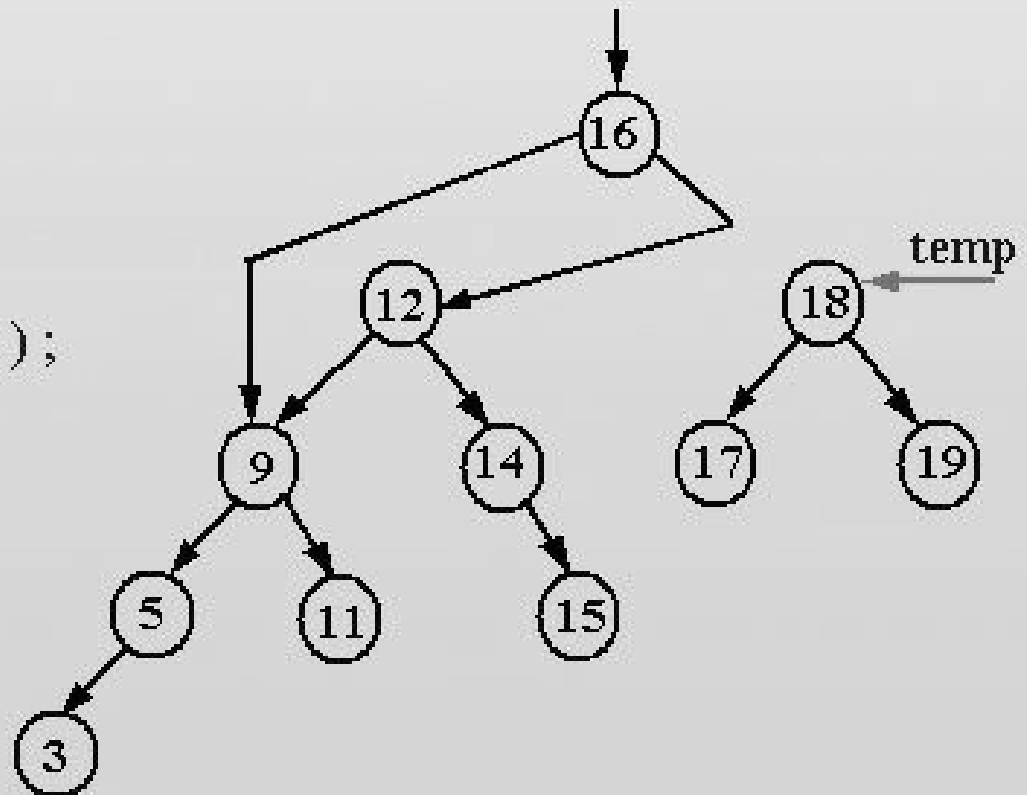
Single Right Rotation Implementation (example) contd

```
1 protected void rightRotate() {  
2     if( isEmpty() ) throw new InvalidOperationException();  
3     BinaryTreeNode temp = right ;  
4     right = left ; ←  
5     left = right.left ;  
6     right.left = right.right ;  
7     right.right = temp ;  
8     Object tmpObj = key ;  
9     key = right.key ;  
10    right.key = tmpObj ;  
11    getRightAVL().adjustHeight();  
12    adjustHeight();  
13 }
```



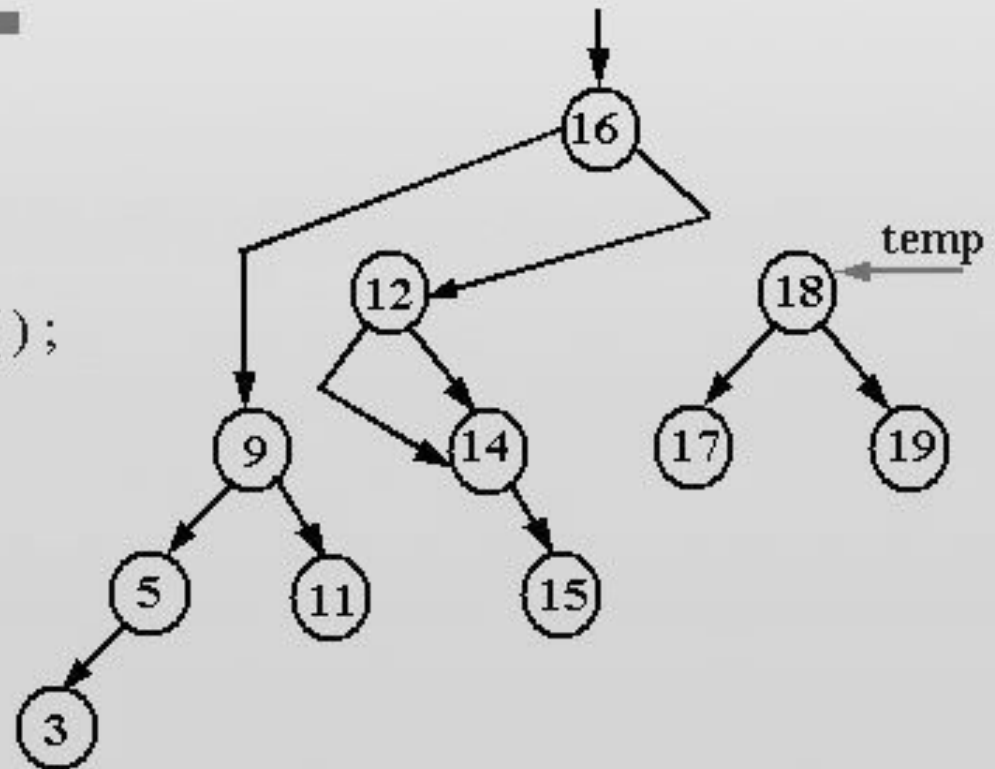
Single Right Rotation Implementation (example) contd

```
1 protected void rightRotate() {  
2     if( isEmpty() ) throw new InvalidOperationException();  
3     BinaryTree temp = right ;  
4     right = left ;  
5     left = right.left ; ←  
6     right.left = right.right ;  
7     right.right = temp ;  
8     Object tmpObj = key ;  
9     key = right.key ;  
10    right.key = tmpObj ;  
11    getRightAVL().adjustHeight() ;  
12    adjustHeight() ;  
13 }
```



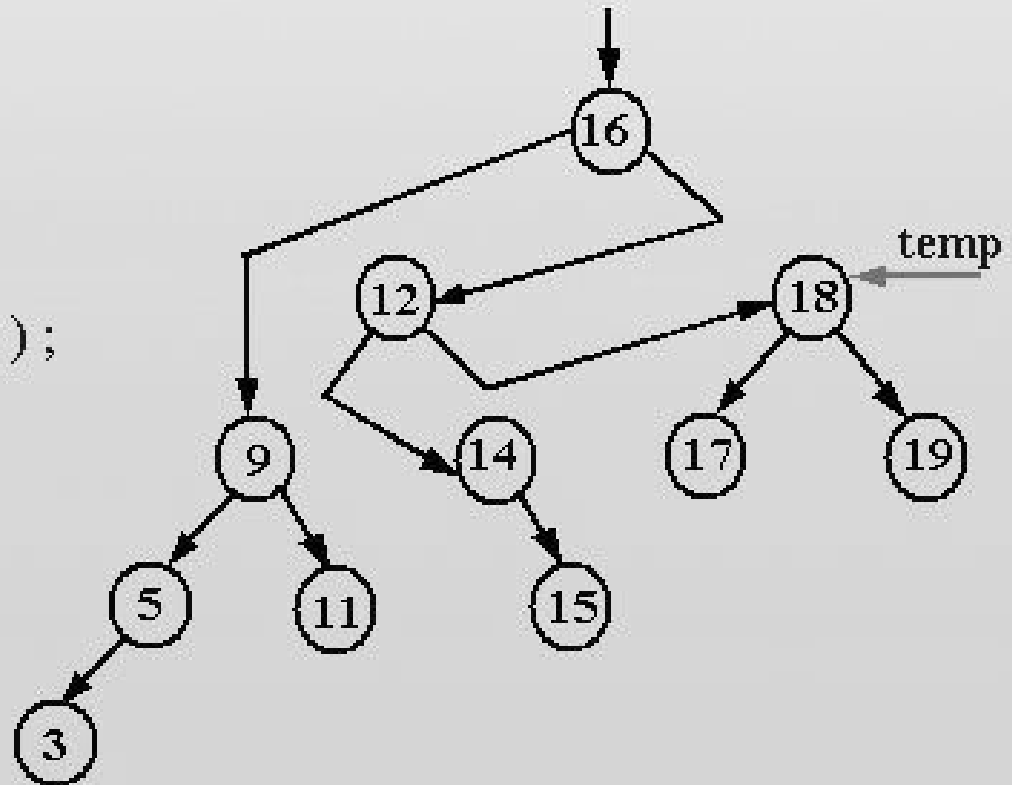
Single Right Rotation Implementation (example) contd

```
1 protected void rightRotate() {  
2     if( isEmpty() ) throw new InvalidOperationException();  
3     BinaryTreeNode temp = right;  
4     right = left;  
5     left = right.left;  
6     right.left = right.right; ←  
7     right.right = temp;  
8     Object tmpObj = key;  
9     key = right.key;  
10    right.key = tmpObj;  
11    getRightAVL().adjustHeight();  
12    adjustHeight();  
13 }
```



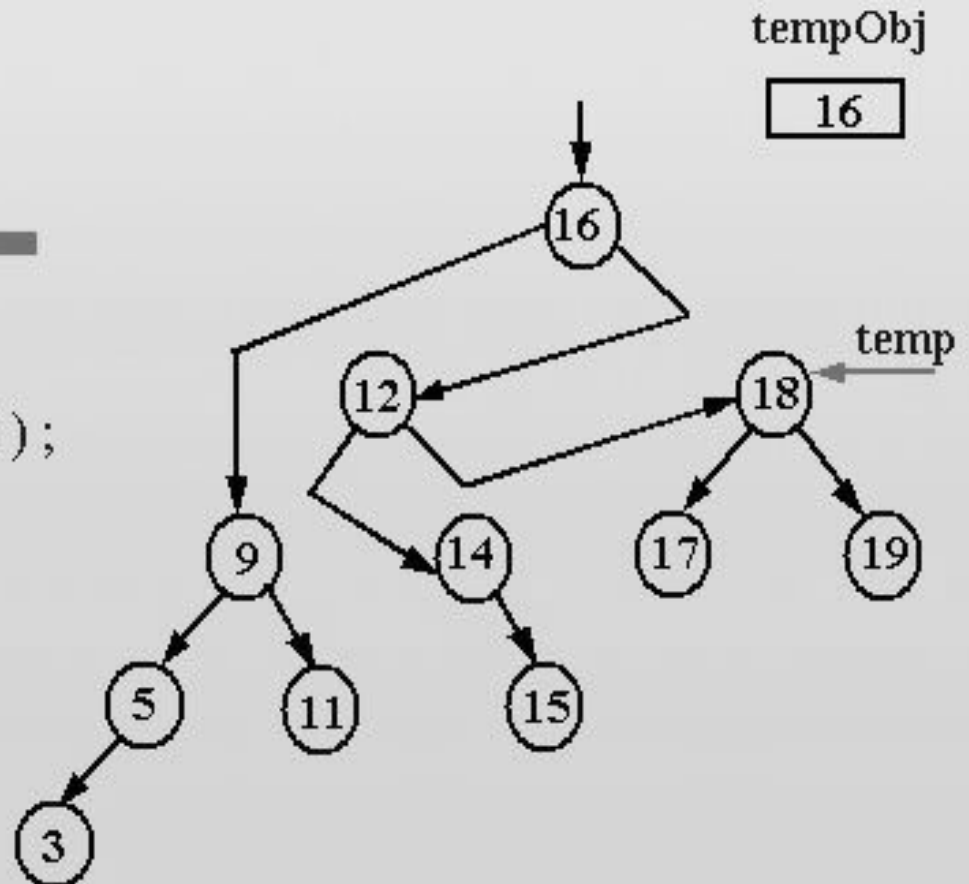
Single Right Rotation Implementation (example) contd

```
1 protected void rightRotate() {  
2     if( isEmpty() ) throw new InvalidOperationException();  
3     BinaryTreeNode temp = right;  
4     right = left;  
5     left = right.left;  
6     right.left = right.right;  
7     right.right = temp; ←  
8     Object tmpObj = key;  
9     key = right.key;  
10    right.key = tmpObj;  
11    getRightAVL().adjustHeight();  
12    adjustHeight();  
13 }
```



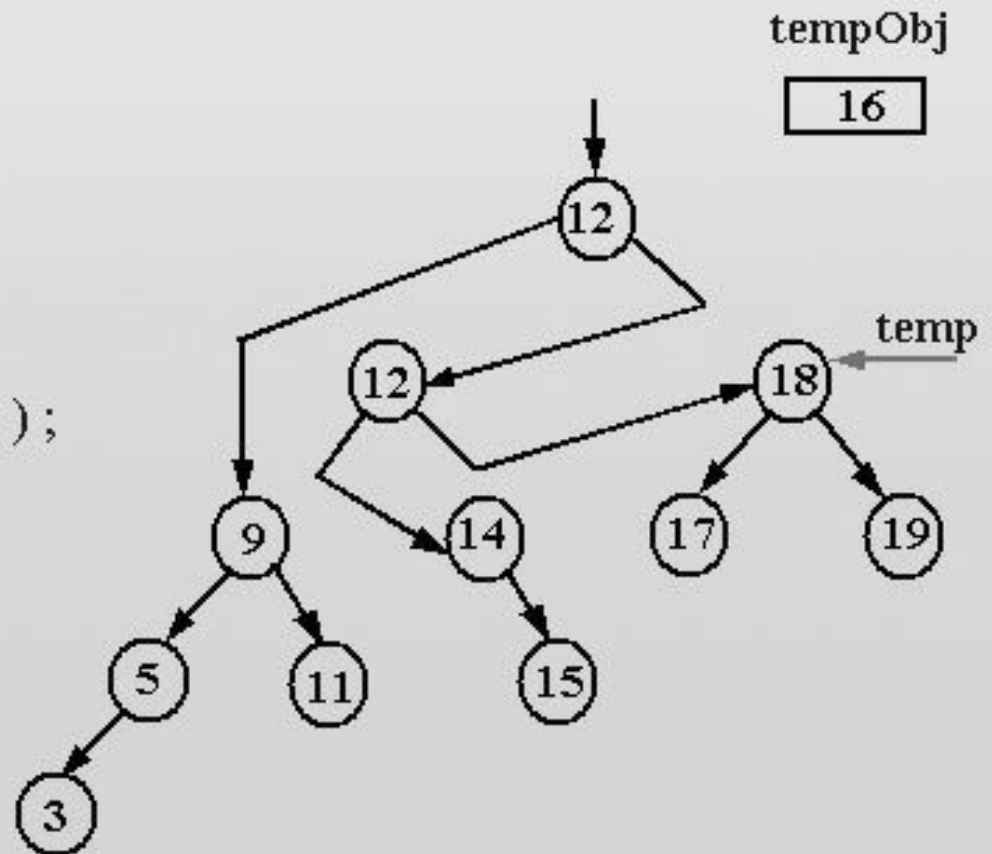
Single Right Rotation Implementation (example) contd

```
1 protected void rightRotate() {  
2     if( isEmpty() ) throw new InvalidOperationException();  
3     BinaryTreeNode temp = right;  
4     right = left;  
5     left = right.left;  
6     right.left = right.right;  
7     right.right = temp;  
8     Object tmpObj = key; ←  
9     key = right.key;  
10    right.key = tmpObj;  
11    getRightAVL().adjustHeight();  
12    adjustHeight();  
13 }
```



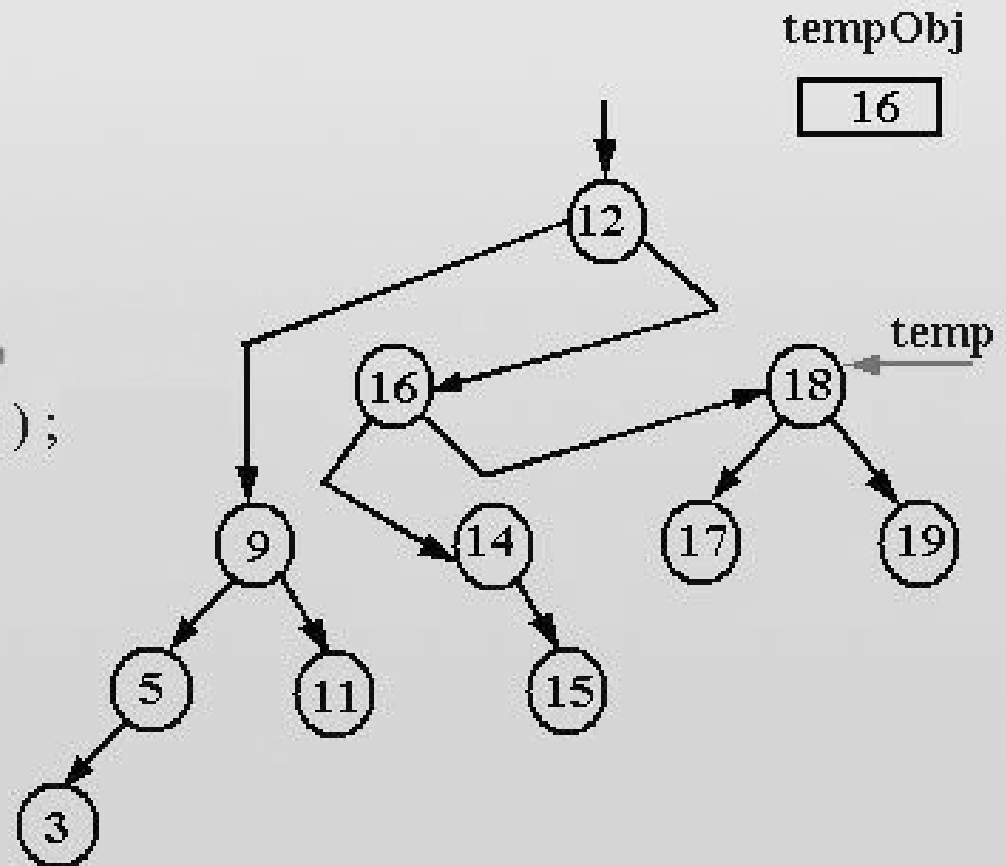
Single Right Rotation Implementation (example) contd

```
1 protected void rightRotate() {  
2     if( isEmpty() ) throw new InvalidOperationException() ;  
3     BinaryTreeNode temp = right ;  
4     right = left ;  
5     left = right.left ;  
6     right.left = right.right ;  
7     right.right = temp ;  
8     Object tmpObj = key ;  
9     key = right.key ; ←  
10    right.key = tmpObj ;  
11    getRightAVL().adjustHeight() ;  
12    adjustHeight() ;  
13 }
```



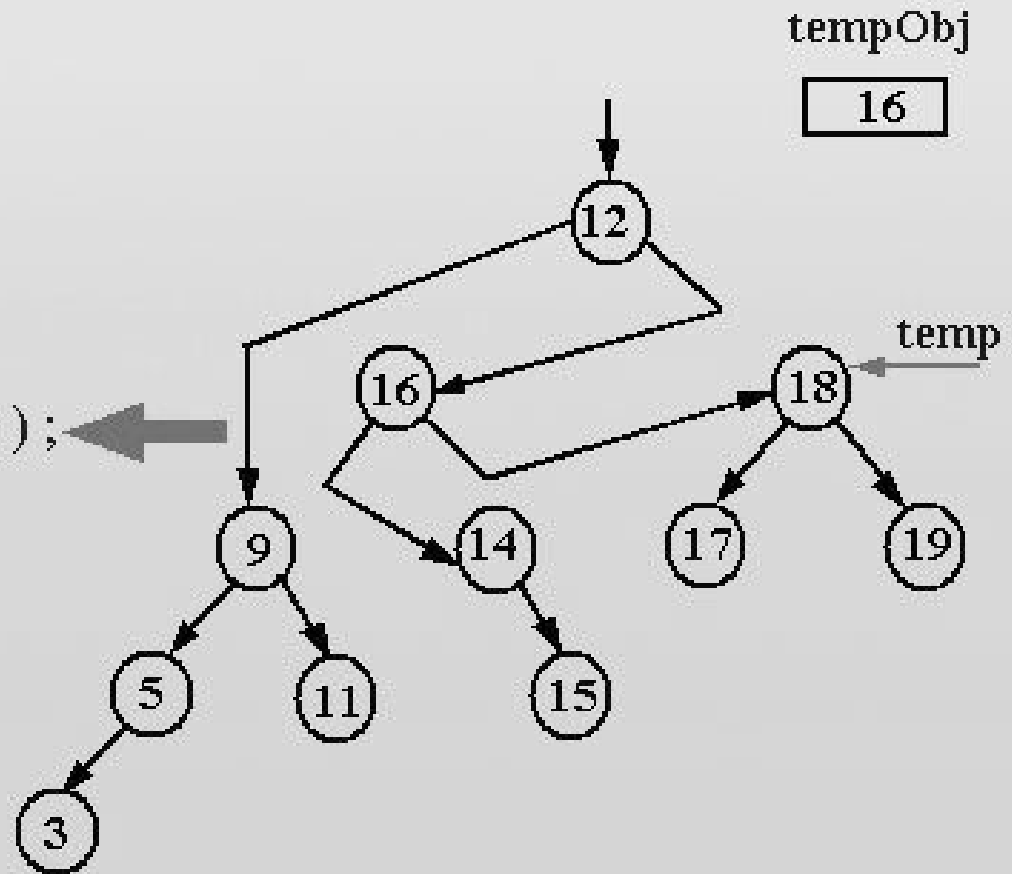
Single Right Rotation Implementation (example) contd

```
1 protected void rightRotate() {  
2     if( isEmpty() ) throw new InvalidOperationException();  
3     BinaryTreeNode temp = right ;  
4     right = left ;  
5     left = right.left ;  
6     right.left = right.right ;  
7     right.right = temp ;  
8     Object tmpObj = key ;  
9     key = right.key ;  
10    right.key = tempObj ;  
11    getRightAVL().adjustHeight();  
12    adjustHeight();  
13 }
```



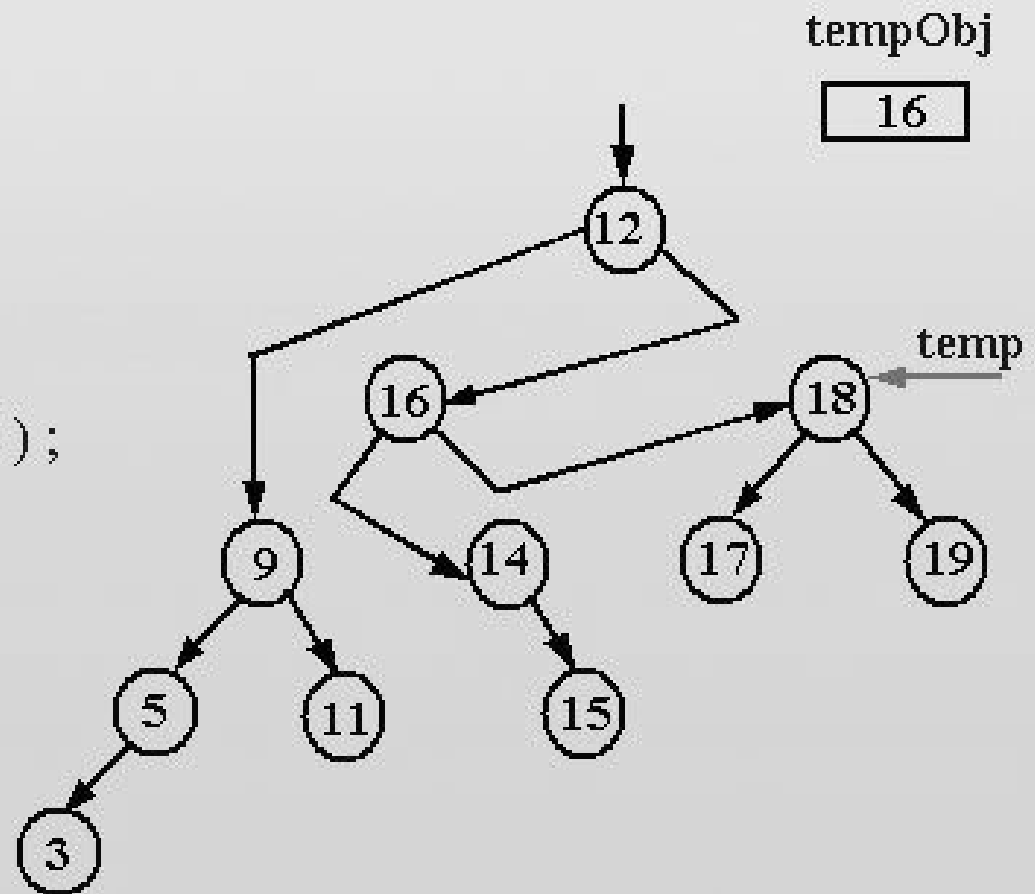
Single Right Rotation Implementation (example) contd

```
1 protected void rightRotate() {  
2     if( isEmpty() ) throw new InvalidOperationException();  
3     BinaryTreeNode temp = right;  
4     right = left;  
5     left = right.left;  
6     right.left = right.right;  
7     right.right = temp;  
8     Object tmpObj = key;  
9     key = right.key;  
10    right.key = tmpObj;  
11    getRightAVL().adjustHeight();  
12    adjustHeight();  
13 }
```

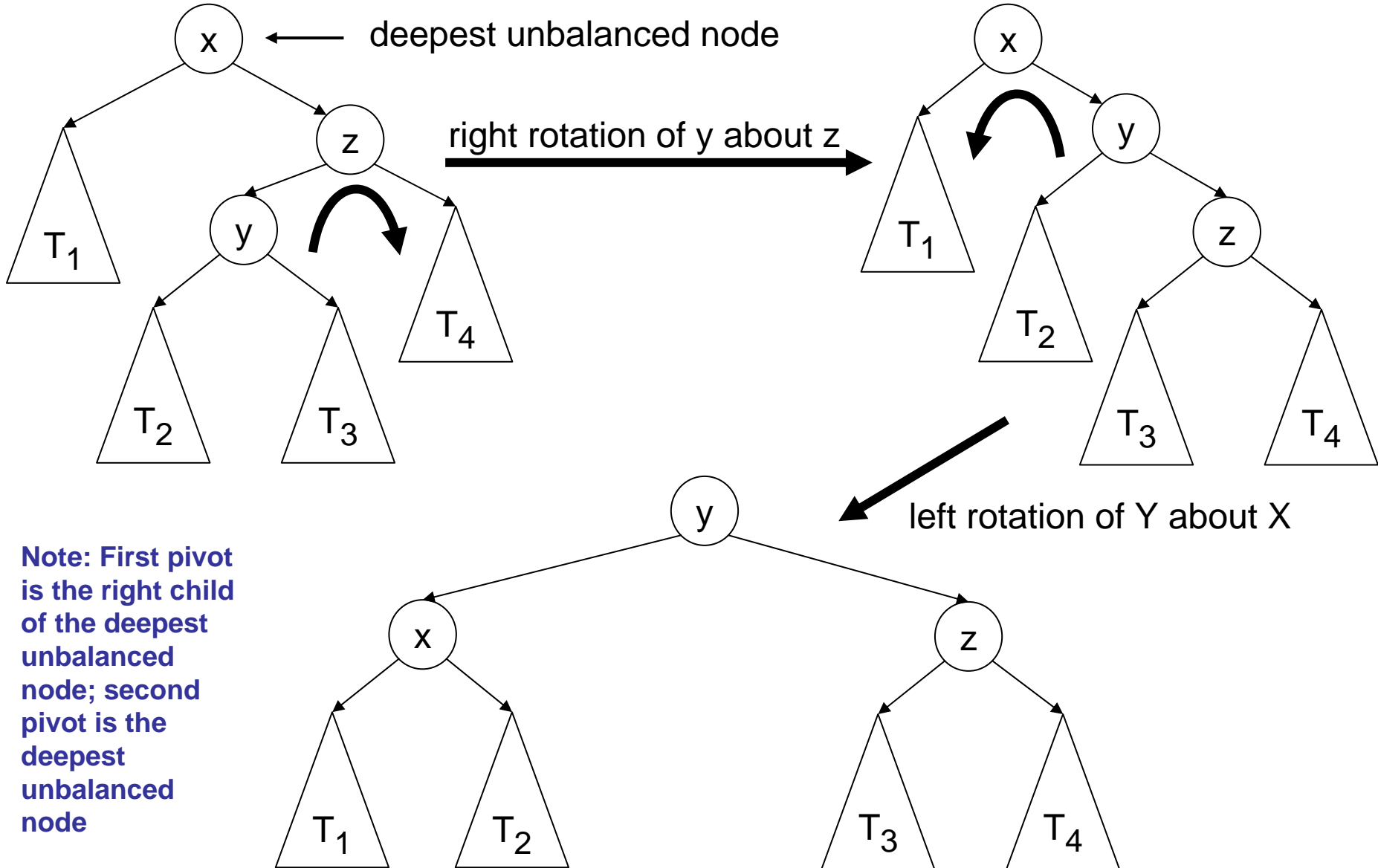


Single Right Rotation Implementation (example) contd

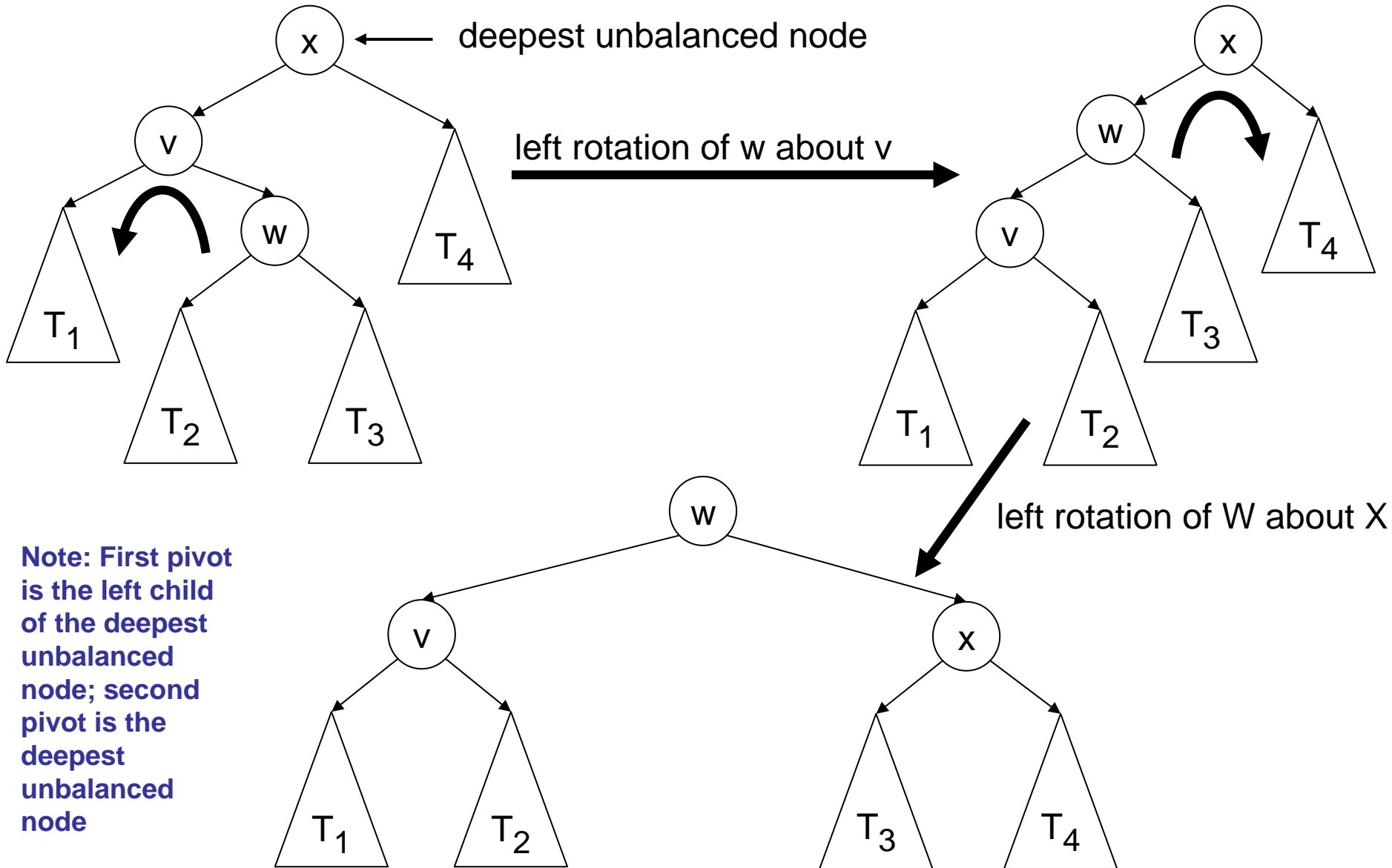
```
1 protected void rightRotate() {  
2     if( isEmpty() ) throw new InvalidOperationException();  
3     BinaryTreeNode temp = right ;  
4     right = left ;  
5     left = right.left ;  
6     right.left = right.right ;  
7     right.right = temp ;  
8     Object tmpObj = key ;  
9     key = right.key ;  
10    right.key = tmpObj ;  
11    getRightAVL().adjustHeight();  
12    adjustHeight(); ←  
13 }
```



Double Right-Left Rotation



Double Left-Right Rotation



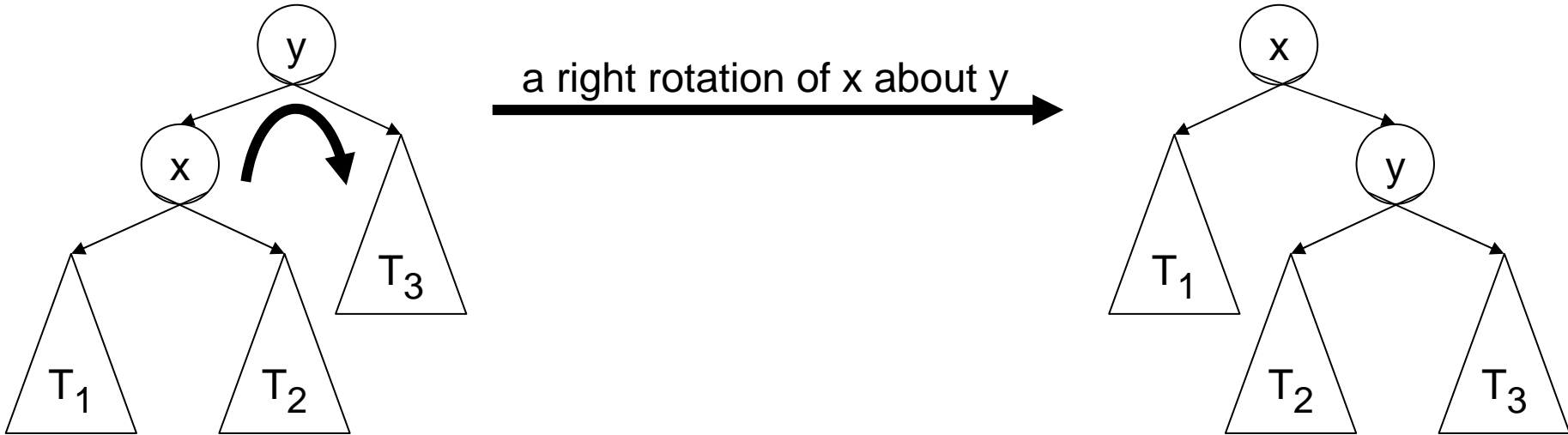
Double Rotation implementation

```
1  protected void rotateRightLeft()  
2  {  
3      if( isEmpty())  
4          throw new InvalidOperationException();  
5      getRightAVL().rotateRight();  
6      rotateLeft();  
7  }
```

```
1  protected void rotateLeftRight()  
2  {  
3      if( isEmpty())  
4          throw new InvalidOperationException();  
5      getLeftAVL().rotateLeft();  
6      rotateRight();  
7  }
```

BST ordering property after a rotation

- A rotation does not affect the ordering property of a BST (Binary Search Tree).



BST ordering property requirement:

$$T_1 < x < y$$

$$x < T_2 < y$$

$$x < y < T_3$$

Similar

BST ordering property requirement:

$$T_1 < x < y$$

$$x < T_2 < y$$

$$x < y < T_3$$

- Similarly for a left rotation.