

Fundamentals of Programming Languages

Programming Assignment # 1 Interpreter for a Simple Language (*SIM v.1.0*) Due Nov. 1, 2003

A. Given *SIM v.1.0* syntax described in BNF rules as follows:

```

<program> → Start_Program <program_name> ; < blocks> End_Program <program_name>;
<program_name> → <id>
<blocks> → <datablock> <statblock>
<datablock> → Begin_Define <datatypes> End_Define;
<statblock> → Begin_Block; <stmt_list> End_Block ;
<stmt_list> → <stmt> | <stmt> ; <stmt_list>
<stmt> → <assign> | <read> | <write>
<assign> → <var> := <expr>
<read> → Read <varlist>;
<write> → Write <varlist>;
<expr> → <expr> + <term> | <expr> - <term> | <term>
<term> → <term> * <factor> | <term> / <factor> | <factor>
<factor> → ( <expression> ) | <var> | <sign_integer>
<var> → <id>
<id> → <char> | <char> <id>
<char> → a | b | c | ... | z
<varlist> → <id> | <id> , <varlist>
<datatypes> → <datatype> | <datatype> <datatypes>
<datatype> → <vartype> | <consttype>
<vartype> → Var <varlist> : <varlast> ;
<varlast> → <varkind> | Array [<sign_integer> .. <sign_integer>] Of <varkind>;
<varkind> → Integer | Real | Boolean | Char
<consttype> → Constant <id> = <value>;
<value> → '<string>' | <sign_integer> | <real>
<string> → <char> | <char> <string>
<real> → <sign_integer> . <integer>
<sign_integer> → <sign> <integer>
<sign> → + | - | NULL
<integer> → <digit> | <digit> <integer>
<digit> → 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9

```

B. Your Program

Your program should read a program written in the *SimLan V2* and executes its statements if syntactically correct. In case of a syntax error, your program should print the erroneous line then an error message indicating the type of error. Error types are:

- unmatched blocks
- type error
- invalid expression

- invalid statement
- no value assigned to variable XX
- Input error

This grammar will allow the generation of programs like:

```

NTWO START;
  DEFINE
    VAR A, B    :    INTEGER;
    VAR C, D    :    REAL;
    VAR E       :    CHAR;
    VAR F       :    ARRAY [-2..4] OF CHAR;
    TYPE TESTREC RECORD
      RI       :    BOOLEAN;
      RII      :    REAL;
    END;
    CONSTANT CI =    3.1415;
    CONSTANT CII =   8;
  END;
  BEGINB;
  READ A, B;
  F[1] := "I"
  F[2] := "LIKE"
  F[3] := "ICS313"
  A := CI * (B + CII * A);
  B := CII;
  D := CI * CII
  E := F[3];
  C := CI;
  PRINT A,B,C,D, E, CI, CII;
  ENDB;

```

If the input to this program is:

4 10

then the output of the program is:

131.943 8 3.1415 25.132 ICS313 3.142 8

Important notes:

- 1- Your program must read from an input file and print to an output file.
- 2- The source file must include the following:

- your name, ID number
- Course title, number, and section number
- the statement of the problem
- a brief summary of your interpreter implementation method
- a dictionary of all global variables (name, type, and usage)
- for each procedure or function include the following:
 - Usage of the procedure or function
 - Meanings of the input variables
 - Meanings of the output variables

- 3- Late assignments will not be accepted.