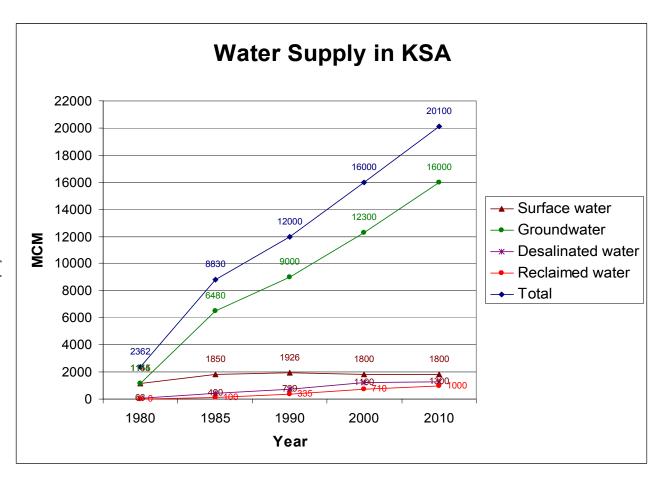
Water Resources of Saudi Arabia



Water Resources of Saudi Arabia

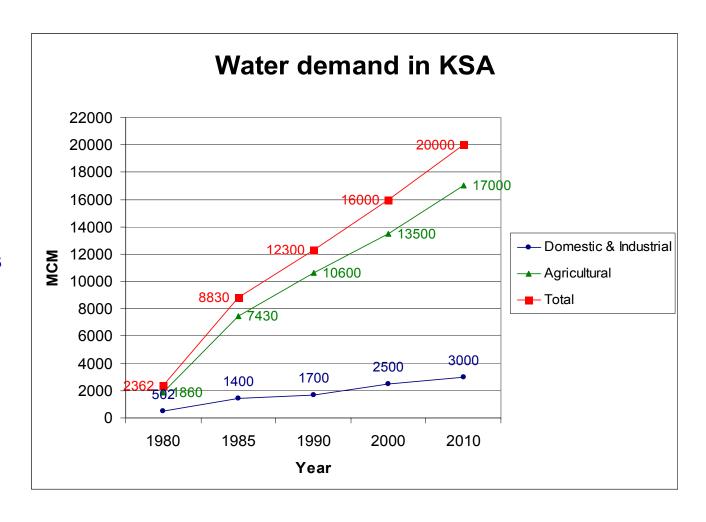
- Surface water (48-10%)
- Groundwater(49-80% @ 70m-1000m depth)
- Desalinated water(3-6%)
- Reclaimed water (0-5%)





Water Demands in Saudi Arabia

- Domestic and industrial uses (15-21%)
- Agricultural uses (79-85%)





Problems Associated with Water Demands

- Increasing number of private & farming wells (26,000 in 1982 85,000 in 1997 ???)
- Uncontrolled pumping (sharp drop in water levels)
 (Sea water intrusion in eastern province and dryness of natural springs in the eastern, central and western provinces)
- Water quality deterioration (high TDS levels)
- Uncontrolled agricultural practices
 (Around 88% of water resources are used by agriculture out of which only 30% is really needed !! This means that about 62% of the total water resources are lost!!!)
- Over-irrigation increases soil salinity (sabkhanization)
- Leakage from water supply systems
 (About 20% of water leaks from domestic water supply systems)



Surface Water

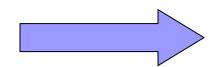
- Average annual precipitation 90-500(SW)mm
- 20-80% of precipitated water evaporates to the atmosphere
- 200 dams were constructed allover KSA
- Largest dams in KSA
 - □ Jezan dam sores 51 mcm of water
 - □ Najran dam stores 86 mcm of water
- Dams:
 - Prevent flush floods
 - □ Recharge alluvial (unconfined) aquifers
 - □ Agricultural uses



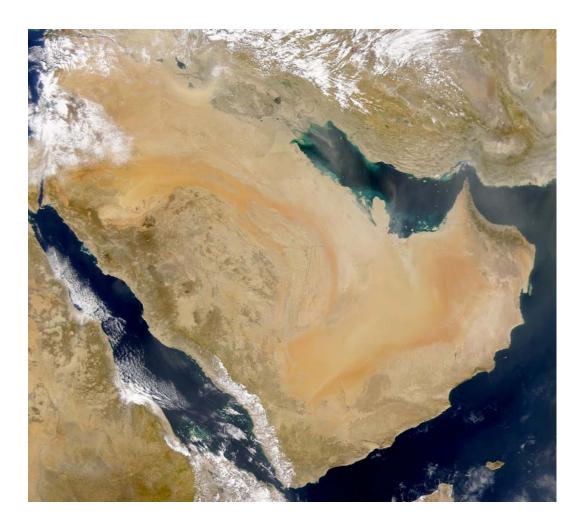


Desalinated Water

- Started in 1970
- Average desalination cost is SR 4.00 per cubic meter
- 21 plants in the western province
- 6 plants in the eastern province
- Operation modes
 - □ 76% of plants are operated by multistage flash systems
 - □ 24% of plants are operated by reverse osmosis technology

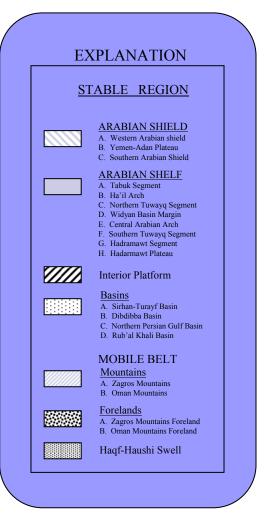


Groundwater & Regional Geology of KSA



Regional Geology of KSA

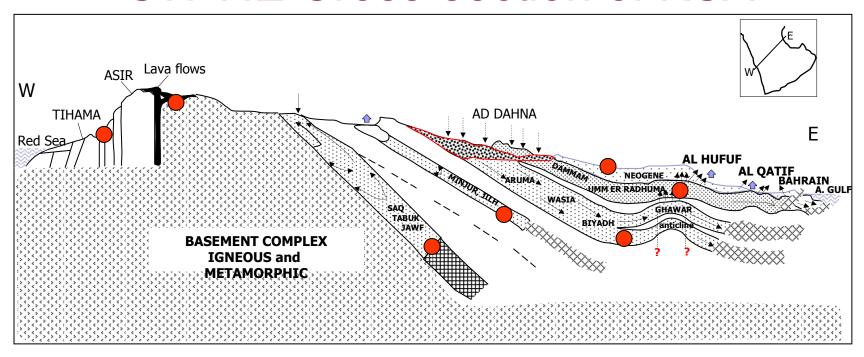




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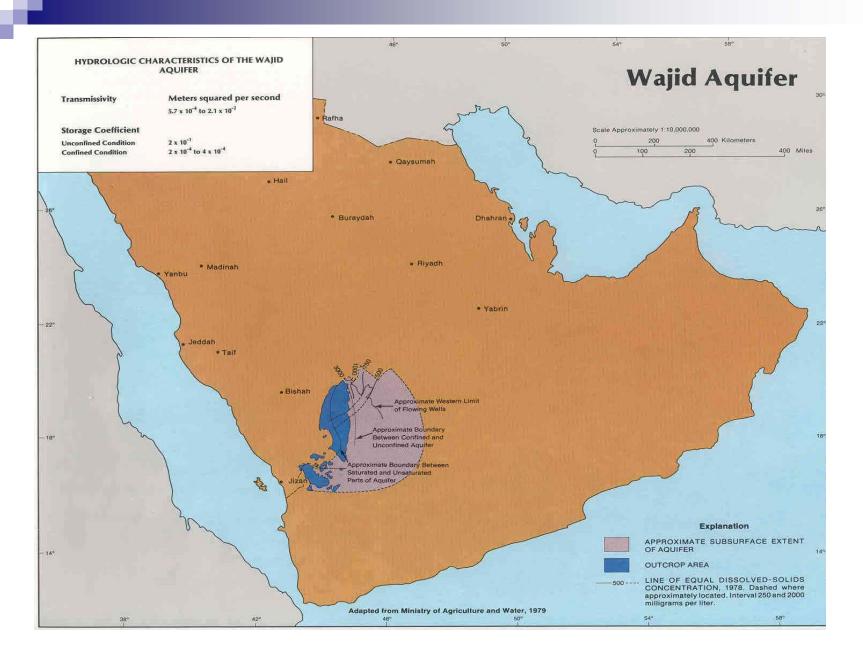


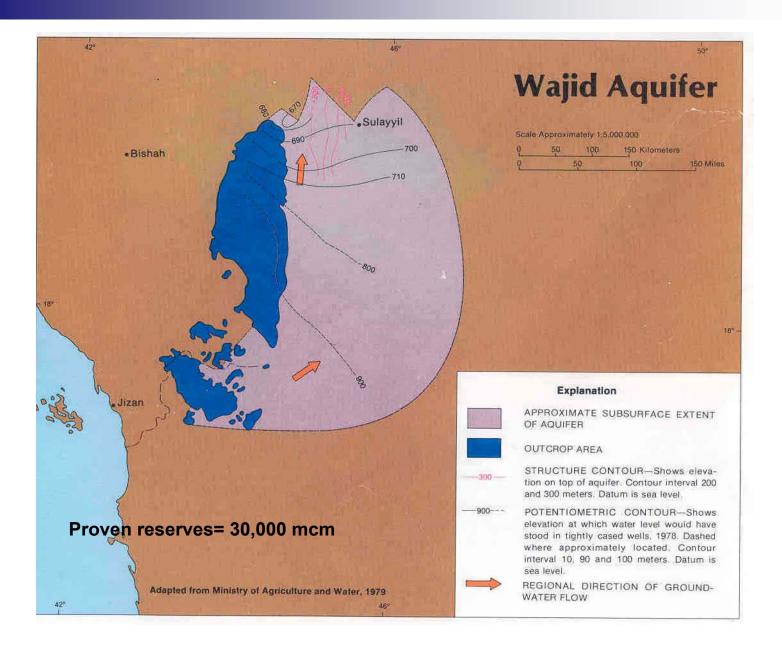
SW-NE Cross-section of KSA

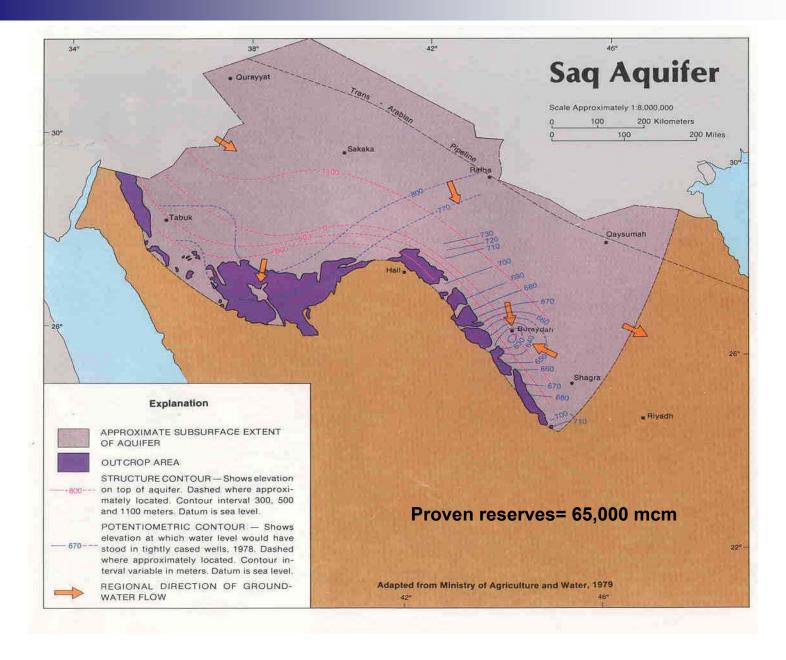


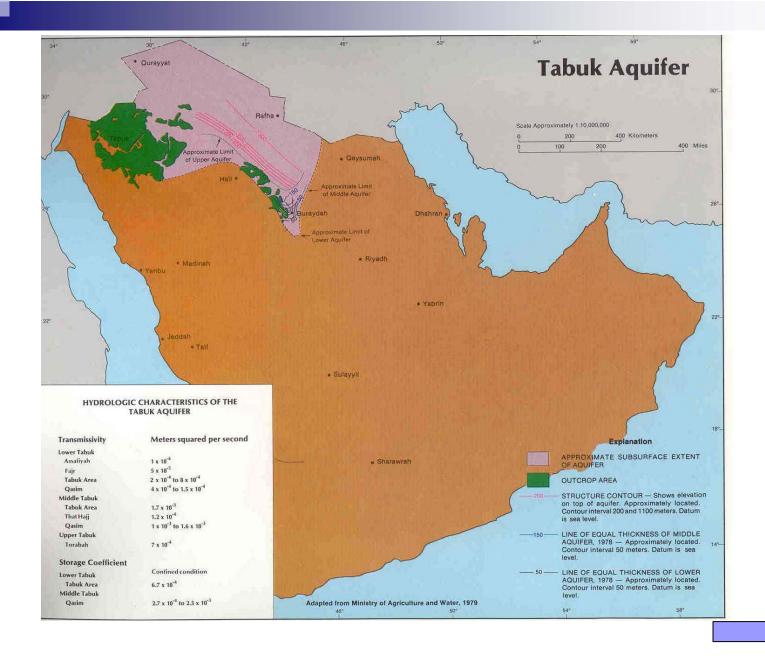
- Ӈ
 Probable fault
- Groundwater discharge to surface
- ◆ Sabkha (groundwater evaporation)
- Infiltration / Recharge
- → Flow lines
- Depleted aquifers
- Fresh groundwater
- Saline groundwater

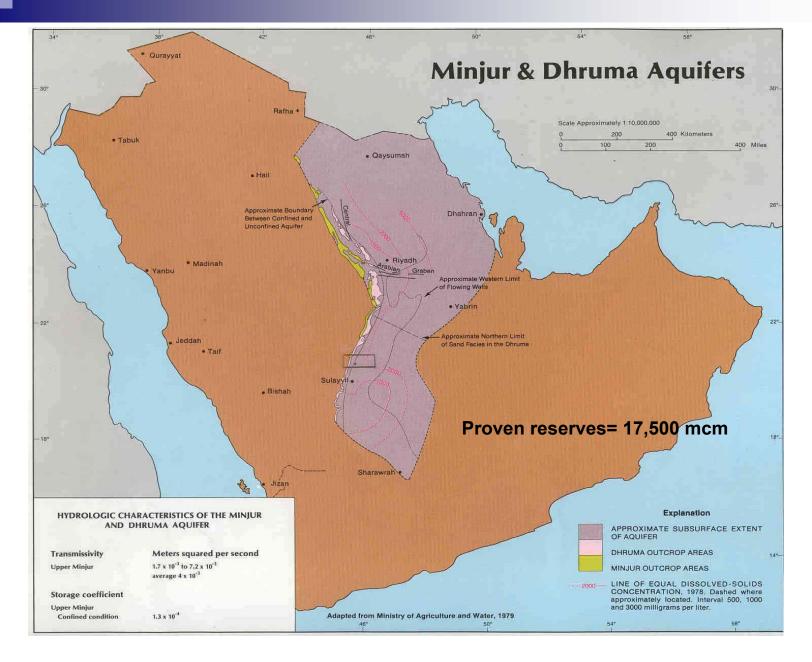
PRINCIPAL AQUIFERS in KSA

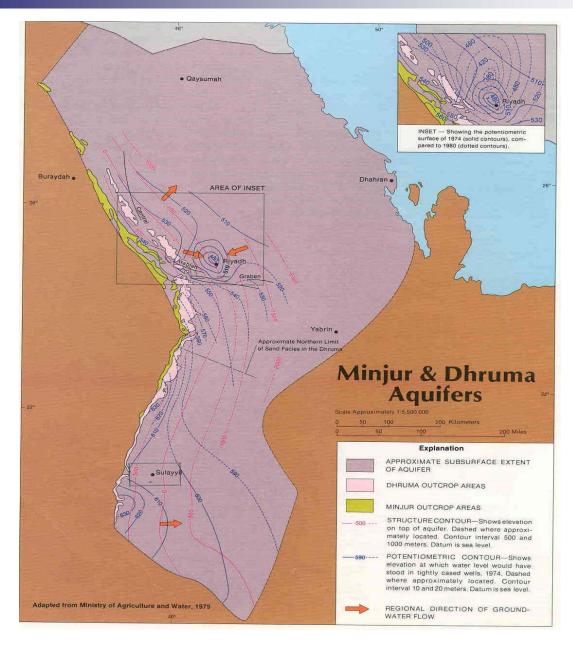




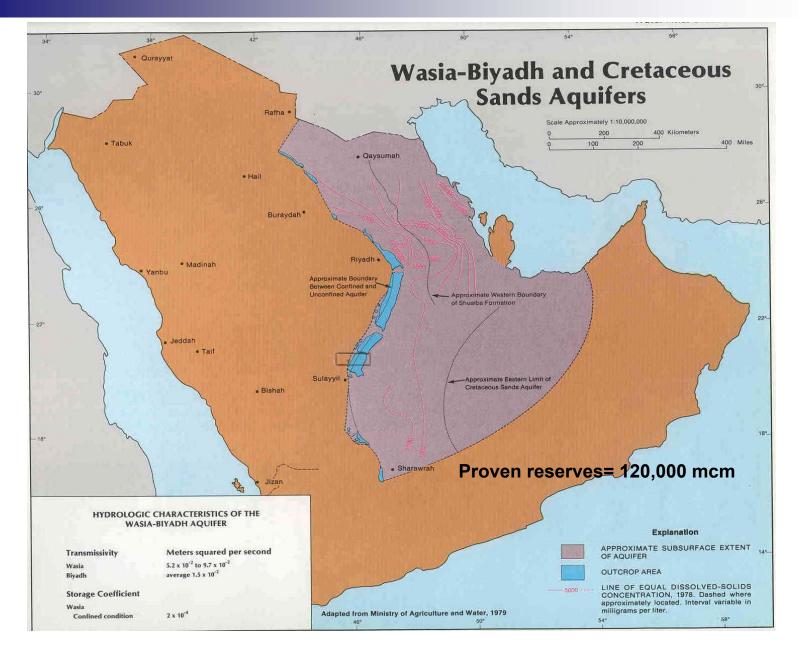


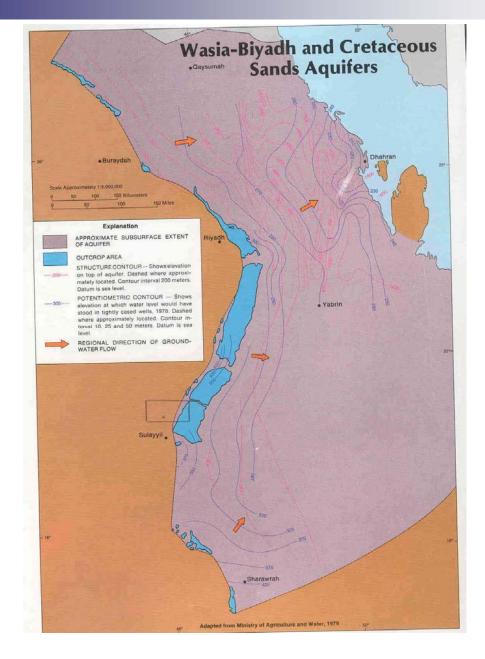


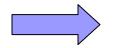


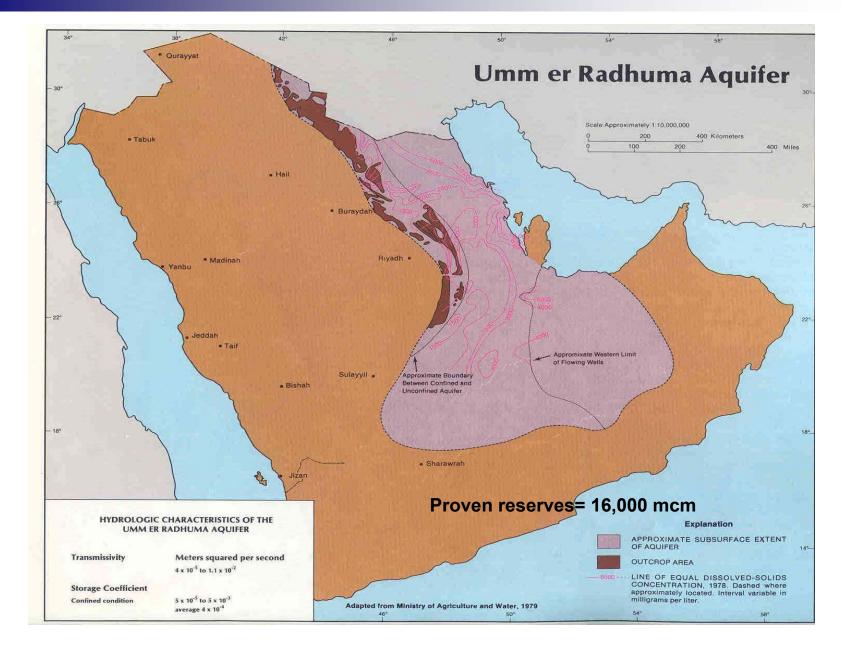


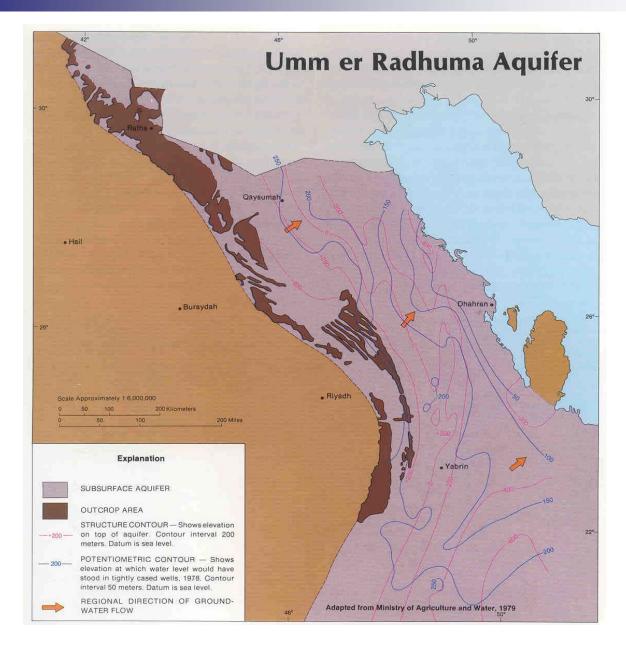


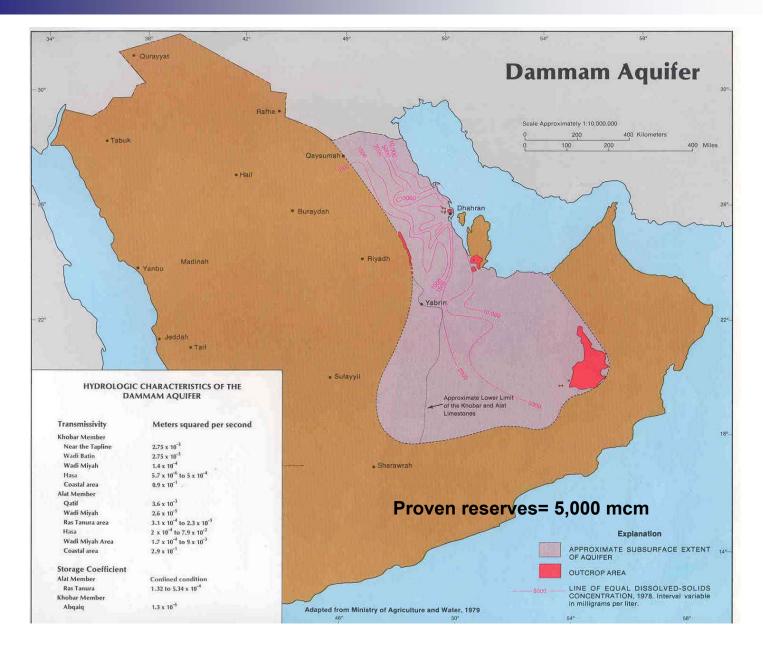


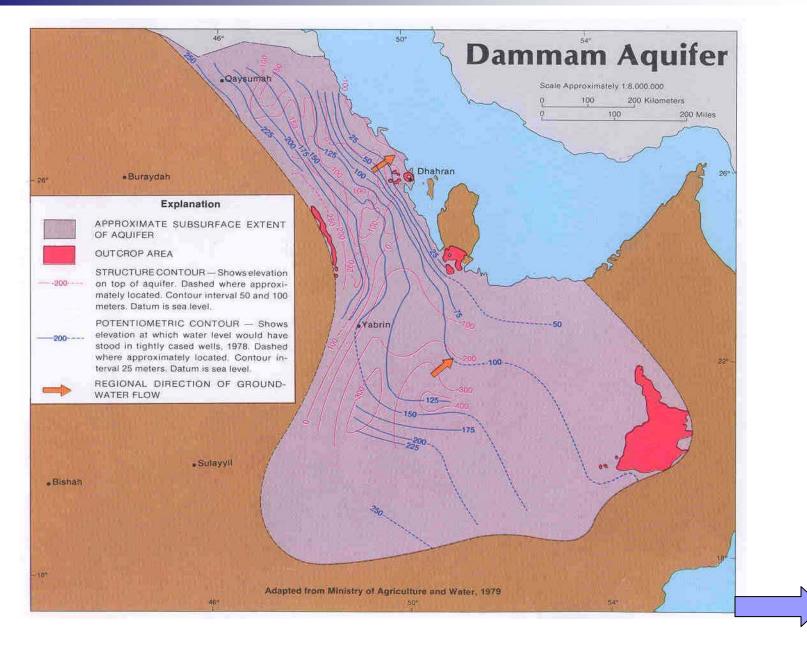


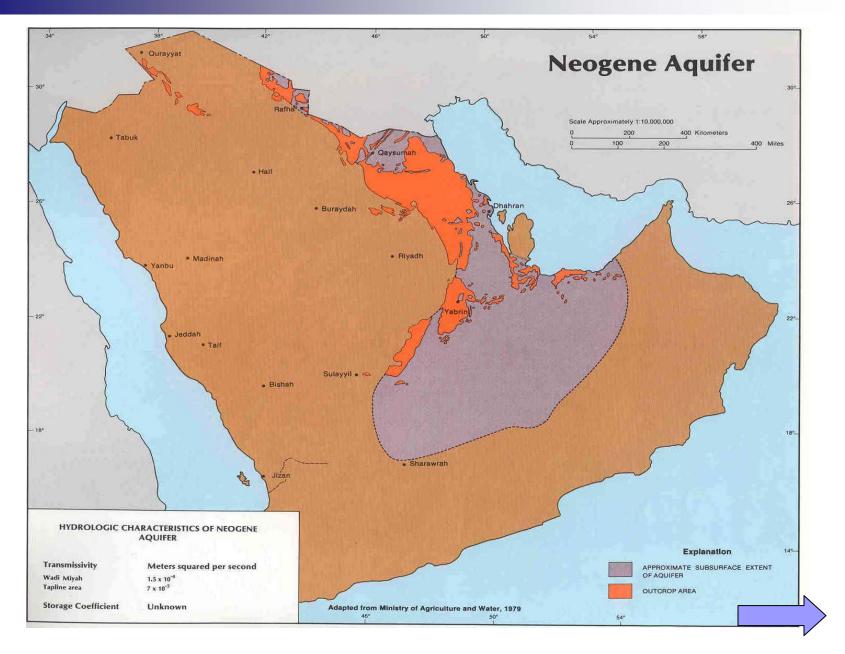




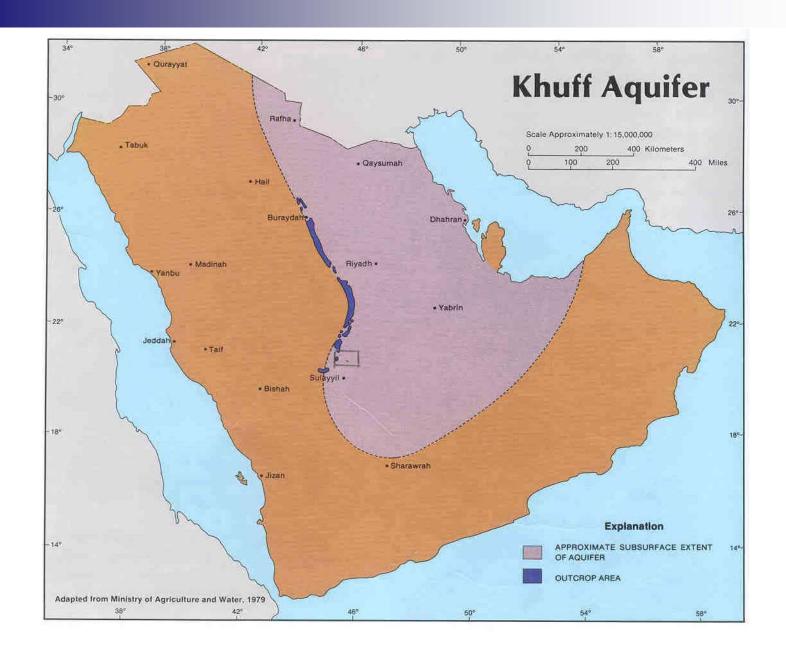




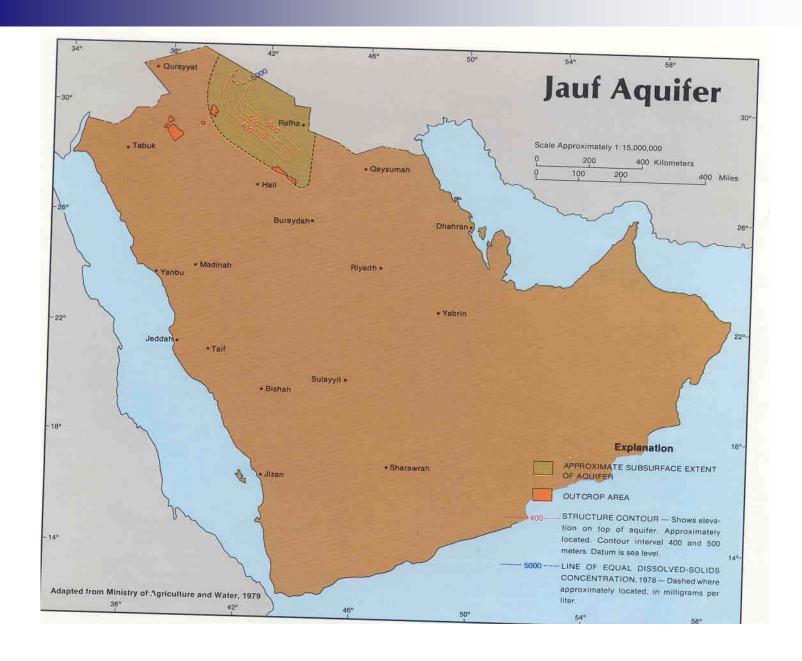


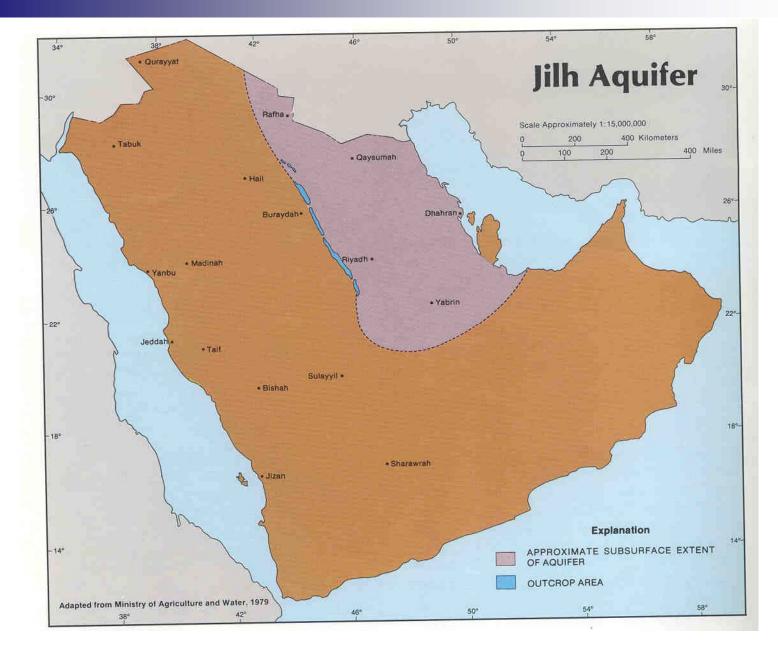


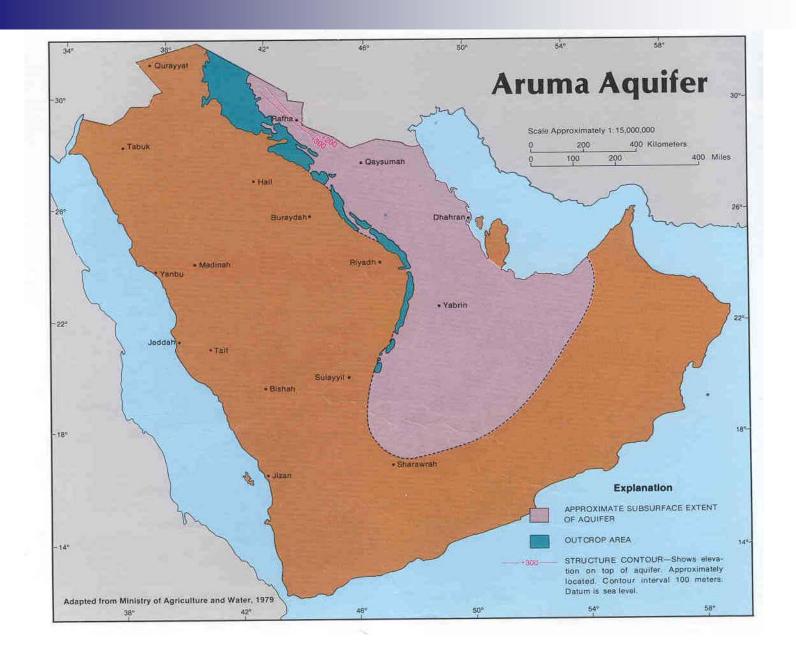
SECONDARY AQUIFERS in KSA

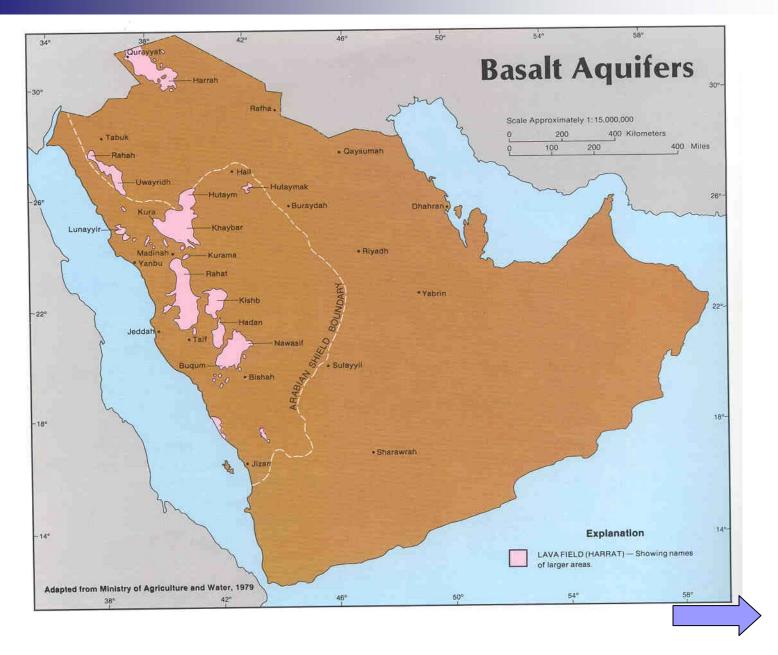


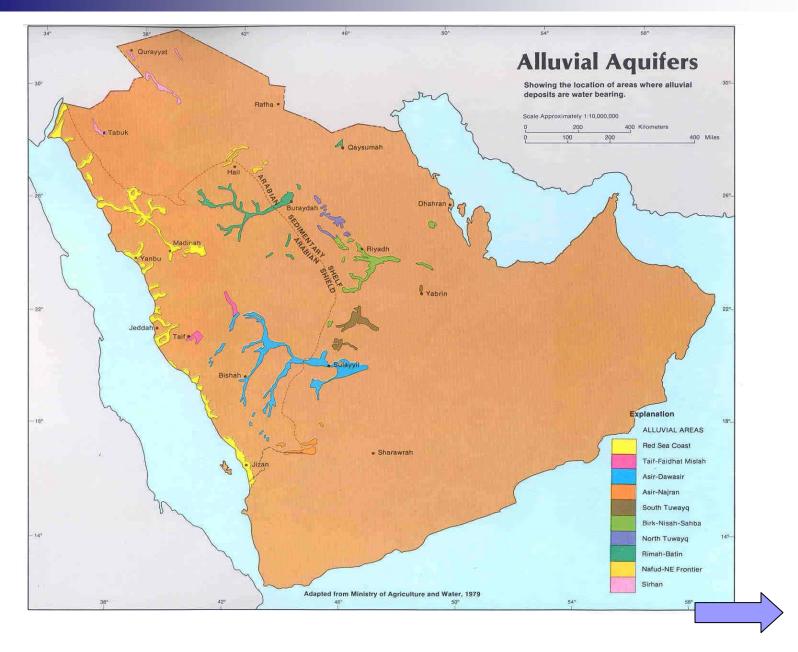












Age	Formation	Member	Lithology	Hydrogeologic Unit
Quaternary and Recent	Surficial Deposits		Gravel, Sand and Silt	Aquifer with variable productivity
MIOCENE and PLIOCENE	Kharj		Limestone, gypsum and granels	Aquifer
	Hofuf		Sandy marl and Sandy limestone	Aquifer
	Dam		Marl and Shale	Aguitard
	Hadhrukh		Silty Sandstone	Aquifer
			Limestone	Aquifer
		Alat	Marl	Aquitard
		Khobar	Limestone	Aquifer
EOCENE	Dammam	Alveolina Limestone	Limestone	
		Saila Shale	Shale	Aquitard
		Midra Shale	Shale	
	RUS		Marl, chalky limestone, gypsum	
PALEOCENE	Umm Er Radhuma		Limestone, Dolomitic limestone	Aquifer
	Aruma		Shales, Limestone	Aquifer (poor)
CRETACEOUS	Wasia Sakaka (in North - Western region		Sansdstone	Aquifer
	Biyadh		Sandstone	Aquifer
	Buwaib		Biogenic calcarenite, limestone	,
	Yamam		Biogenic-pellet calcarenite	Aquitard
	Sulay		Chalky aphanitic limestone	Aguifer (Local)
	Hith		Anhydrite	Aquitard
	Arab		Calcarenite, Aphanitic limestone	to poor Aquifer
	Jubaila		Aphanitic Limestone, calcarenite	(locally)
	Hanifa		Aphanitic Limestone, calcarenite	Aquifer (locally)
JURASSIC	Tuwaiq Mountain		Aphanitic Limestone	Aguitard
	Dhruma		Aphanitic limestone and sandstone	Aquifer
	Marrat		Shales and aphanitic limestone	Aguitard
TRIASSIC	Minjur		Sandstone	Aquifer
	Jilh		Sandstone, aphanitic limestone	Poor Aquifer
	Sudair		Shales (red and green)	Aquitard
PERMIAN	Khuf		Limestone, dolomites	Aquifer
CARBONIFEROUS	Unyzah (FAW)		Sandstone	Poor Aquifer
	Berwath		Argillaceous Sandstone	Aquifer
DEVONIAN	Jauf	Upper	Limestone	Aquifer
		Shaibah	Shale and sandstone	Aquitard
		Tawil	Sandstone	Aquifer
SILURIAN		Qusaibah	Shale	Aquitard
	Tabuk	Middle Tabuk	Sandstone	Aquifer
	Гаоик	Ra'an	Shale	Aquitard
ORDOVICIAN		Lower Tabuk	Sandstone	Aquifer
		Hanadir	Shale	Aquitard
CAMBRIAN	Saq - Wajid		Sandstone	Aquifer
PRE-CAMBRIAN		Ва	sement Complex	

Figure 1 Lithostratigraphic Succession and Hydrogeologic Units in Saudi Arabia (Modified after Powers et. al 1966; MAW, 1984; and Edgell, 1997)

Formation	Member	Lithology	Hydrogeologic Unit	
Surficial Deposits		Gravel, Sand and Silt	Aquifer with variable productivity	
Kharj		Limestone, gypsum and granels	Aquifer	
Hofuf		Sandy marl and Sandy limestone	Aquifer	
Dam		Marl and Shale	Aquitard	
Hadhrukh		Silty Sandstone	Aquifer	
Dammam		Limestone	Aquifer	
	Alat	Marl	Aquitard	
	Khobar	Limestone	Aquifer	
	Alveolina Limestone	Limestone	-	
	Saila Shale	Shale	Aquitard	
	Midra Shale	Shale		
RUS		Marl, chalky limestone, gypsum		
Umm Er Radhuma		Limestone, Dolomitic limestone	Aquifer	
	Surficial Deposits Khari Hofuf Dam Hadhrukh Dammam RUS	Surficial Deposits Khari Hofuf Dam Hadhrukh Alat Khobar Alveolina Limestone Saila Shale Midra Shale RUS	Surficial Deposits Khari Limestone, gypsum and granels Hofuf Sandy marl and Sandy limestone Dam Marl and Shale Hadhrukh Silty Sandstone Limestone Marl Khobar Limestone Alat Khobar Limestone Alveolina Limestone Saila Shale Midra Shale Marl, chalky limestone, gypsum	

Lithostratigraphic succession and hydrogeologic units in Saudi Arabia (modified after Powers et al. 1966, MAW 1984, Edgell 1997),

	Aruma	Shales, Limestone	Aquifer (poor)
CRETACEOUS	Wasia Sakaka (in North - Western region	Sansdstone	Aquifer
	Biyadh	Sandstone	Aquifer
	Buwaib	Biogenic calcarenite, limestone	-
	Yamama	Biogenic-pellet calcarenite	Aquitard
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	Jubaila	Aphanitic Limestone, calcarenite	(locally)
JURASSIC	Hanifa	Aphanitic Limestone, calcarenite	Aquifer (locally)
	Tuwaiq Mountain	Aphanitic Limestone	Aquitard
	Dhruma	Aphanitic limestone and sandstone	Aquifer
	Marrat	Shales and aphanitic limestone	Aquitard

Lithostratigraphic succession and hydrogeologic units in Saudi Arabia (modified after Powers et. al 1966, MAW 1984, Edgell 1997)

Contd.

TRIASSIC	Minjur		Sandstone	Aquifer
	Jilh		Sandstone, aphanitic limestone	Poor Aquifer
	Sudair		Shales (red and green)	Aquitard
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	Tabuk	Tawil	Sandstone	Aquifer
SILURIAN		Qusaibah	Shale	Aquitard
		Middle Tabuk	Sandstone	Aquifer
		Ra'an	Shale	Aquitard
ORDOVICIAN		Lower Tabuk	Sandstone	Aquifer
		Hanadir	Shale	Aquitard
	Saq - Wajid		Sandstone	Aquifer
CAMBRIAN				riquitor
PRE-CAMBRIAN	Basement Complex			

Lithostratigraphic succession and hydrogeologic units in Saudi Arabia (modified after Powers et. al 1966, MAW 1984, Edgell 1997)

M. Makkawi, PhD ENVS 521 - Module 6 35















