

EE 360: Homework # 6

No submission required

All questions are from the problem at the end of the class notes (the PDF file on transmission lines posted in Blackboard)

Problems 9-2, 9-6, 9-8, 9-9, 9-21, 9-22, 9-29, and 9-30

9-2

$$A = 500 \text{ MCM} = 500,000 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$R_{AC,20} = \frac{\rho L}{A} = \frac{(10.60)(5280)}{500,000} = 0.1126 \text{ } \Omega/\text{mi}$$

$$R_{AC,60} = \frac{M + T_{60}}{M + T_{20}} R_{AC,20} = \left(\frac{241.5 + 60}{241.5 + 20} \right) (0.1126) = 0.1298 \text{ } \Omega/\text{mi}$$

$$X = 0.0636 \sqrt{\frac{Mf}{R_{AC}}} = 0.0636 \sqrt{\frac{(1)(50)}{0.1298}} = 1.24 \approx 1.2$$

From Table 5, $\alpha = 1.0107$

$$R_{AC} = \alpha R_{DC} = (1.0107)(0.1298) = 0.1312 \text{ } \Omega/\text{mi}$$

9-6

$$\textcircled{a} \quad r' = r e^{-1/4} = 0.02 e^{-1/4} = 0.0156 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{GMR}_b = \sqrt{d r'} = \sqrt{(0.08)(0.0156)} = 0.0353 \text{ m}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad \text{GMD} = 6 + (2)(0.04) = 6.08 \text{ m}$$

$$\textcircled{c} \quad X_L = 0.2794 \left(\frac{f}{60} \right) \log \frac{\text{GMD}}{\text{GMR}_b} = 0.2794 \left(\frac{60}{60} \right) \log \left(\frac{6.08}{0.0353} \right) = 0.6248 \text{ } \Omega/\text{mi}$$
$$= 0.3883 \text{ } \Omega/\text{km}$$

$$X_T = 2 X_L = (2)(0.3883) = 0.7766 \text{ } \Omega/\text{km}$$

9-8

$$r' = r e^{-1/4} = 0.015 e^{-1/4} = 0.01168 \text{ m}$$

$$\textcircled{a} \quad L_a = 2 \times 10^{-7} \ln \frac{D}{r'} = 2 \times 10^{-7} \ln \left(\frac{4}{0.01168} \right) = 1.167 \times 10^{-6} \text{ H/m}$$
$$= 1.167 \text{ mH/km} = 1.878 \text{ mH/mi}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad X_L = 2\pi f L = (2\pi)(60)(1.167) = 0.44 \text{ } \Omega/\text{km} = 0.708 \text{ } \Omega/\text{mi}$$

9-21

$$r = 1 \text{ cm} = 0.01 \text{ m}, \quad d_b = 10 \text{ cm} = 0.10 \text{ m}$$

$$GMR_b = \sqrt{d r} = \sqrt{(0.10)(0.01)} = 0.0316 \text{ m}$$

$$GMD = 5 \text{ m}$$

$$C_{an} = \frac{2\pi\epsilon}{\ln\left(\frac{GMD}{GMR_b}\right)} = \frac{(2\pi)(8.854 \times 10^{-12})}{\ln\left(\frac{5}{0.0316}\right)} = 10.98 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F/m}$$

$$= 10.98 \times 10^{-9} \text{ F/km} = 17.68 \times 10^{-9} \text{ F/mi}$$

$$C_T = C_{an} l = (17.68 \times 10^{-9})(50) = 0.884 \times 10^{-6} \text{ F}$$

$$X_T = \frac{1}{2\pi f C_T} = \frac{1}{(2\pi)(60)(0.884 \times 10^{-6})} = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$$

9-22

$$r = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{3}{2} = 1.5 \text{ cm} = 0.015 \text{ m}$$

$$GMD = \sqrt[3]{(10)(10)(20)} = 12.6 \text{ m}$$

$$X_C = \frac{2.862}{f} \times 10^9 \ln\left(\frac{GMD}{r}\right) = \frac{2.862}{60} \times 10^9 \ln\left(\frac{12.6}{0.015}\right) = 321 \text{ M}\Omega\text{-m}$$

$$= 321 \text{ k}\Omega\text{-km} = 200 \text{ k}\Omega\text{-mi}$$

$$X_T = \frac{X_C}{L} = \frac{200 \text{ k}\Omega\text{-mi}}{100} = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$$

9-29

$$l = 40 \text{ km (use short line model)}$$

$$Z = z l = (0.20 + j0.50)(40) = 8 + j20 \Omega$$

$$\textcircled{a} \quad A = 1.0$$

$$B = Z = 8 + j20 = 21.54 \angle 68.2^\circ \Omega$$

$$C = 0$$

$$D = 1.0$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad V_R = \frac{33,000}{\sqrt{3}} \angle 0^\circ = 19,052 \angle 0^\circ$$

$$I_R = \frac{10,000}{\sqrt{3}(33)} \angle \cos^{-1} 0.9 = 175 \angle -25.8^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$V_S = AV_R + BI_R = (1.0)(19,052 \angle 0^\circ) + (8 + j20)(175 \angle -25.8^\circ)$$

$$= 21,983 \angle 6.6^\circ \text{ V (line-to-neutral)} = 38.1 \text{ kV (line-to-line)}$$

$$\textcircled{c} \quad I_R = \frac{10,000}{\sqrt{3}(33)} \angle \cos^{-1} 0.9 = 175 \angle 25.8^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$V_S = (1.0)(19,052 \angle 0^\circ) + (8 + j20)(175 \angle 25.8^\circ)$$

$$= 19,162 \angle 11.3^\circ \text{ V (line-to-neutral)} = 33.2 \text{ kV (line-to-line)}$$

9-30

 $l = 80 \text{ mi}$ (use medium length line model)

$$A = D = \frac{ZY}{2} + 1 = \frac{(10 + j50)(j30 \times 10^{-5})}{2} + 1 = 0.9925 \angle 0.1^\circ$$

$$B = Z = 10 + j50 = 51 \angle 78.7^\circ \Omega$$

$$C = Y \left(\frac{ZY}{4} + 1 \right) = (j30 \times 10^{-5}) \left[\frac{(10 + j50)(j30 \times 10^{-5})}{4} + 1 \right] = 2.99 \times 10^{-4} \angle 90^\circ$$

$$\textcircled{a} \quad V_R = \frac{230,000}{\sqrt{3}} \angle 0^\circ = 132,790 \angle 0^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$I_R = \frac{V_R}{Z_L} = \frac{132,790 \angle 0^\circ}{150 \angle -36.9^\circ} = 885.3 \angle -36.9^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$V_s = AV_R + BI_R = (0.9925 \angle 0.1^\circ)(132,790 \angle 0^\circ) + (51 \angle 78.7^\circ)(885.3 \angle -36.9^\circ)$$

$$= 168,208 \angle 10.4^\circ \text{ V (line-to-neutral)} = 291.34 \text{ kV (line-to-line)}$$

$$I_s = CV_R + DI_R = (2.99 \times 10^{-4} \angle 90^\circ)(132,790 \angle 0^\circ) + (0.9925 \angle 0.1^\circ)(885.3 \angle -36.9^\circ)$$

$$= 855.5 \angle -34.7^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad \text{V.R.} = \frac{V_s/A - V_R}{V_R} = \frac{(291.34/0.9925) - 230}{230} \times 100\% = 27.6\%$$

$$\textcircled{c} \quad S_s = 3V_s I_s^* = (3)(168,208 \angle 10.4^\circ)(855.5 \angle -34.7^\circ)^* = 431.7 \times 10^6 \angle 45.1^\circ \text{ VA}$$

$$= (304.7 + j305.8) \text{ MVA}$$

$$P_s = 304.7 \text{ MW}$$

$$Q_s = 305.8 \text{ MVAR}$$

$$\textcircled{d} \quad P_R = 3V_R I_R \cos \theta_R = (3)(132,790)(885.3) \cos 36.9^\circ = 282 \times 10^6 \text{ W} = 282 \text{ MW}$$

$$\eta = \frac{P_R}{P_s} = \frac{282}{304.7} \times 100\% = 92.6\%$$