

Name:

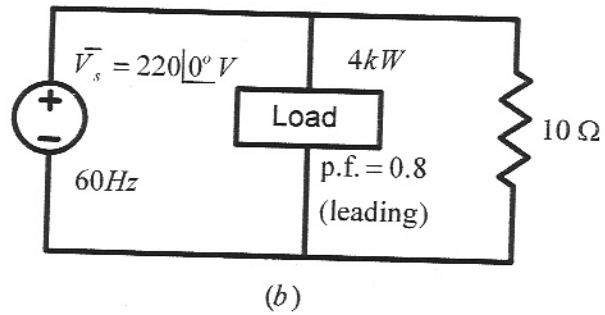
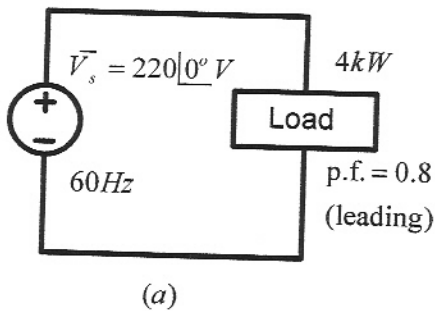
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KEY

The load shown in circuit (a) absorbs $4kW$ of average power when connected to the $220V$ sinusoidal source. The load has a leading power factor of 0.8.

a) Calculate the complex power absorbed by the load shown in circuit (a).

b) As seen in circuit b), a 10Ω resistance is connected in parallel to the load. Calculate the complex power absorbed by the combined load of circuit b).



$$a) S = \frac{P}{\text{p.f.}} = \frac{4000}{0.8} = 5000 \text{ VA}$$

$$\theta = -\cos^{-1} 0.8 = -36.87^\circ$$

$$\therefore \bar{S} = S \angle \theta = 5000 \angle -36.87^\circ \text{ VA}$$

$$b) P_{10\Omega} = \bar{S}_{10\Omega} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{V^2}{R} = 0.5 \frac{(220)^2}{10} = 2420 \text{ W}$$

$$\therefore \bar{S}_T = \bar{S} + \bar{S}_{10\Omega} = 5000 \angle -36.87^\circ + 2420$$

$$= (4000 - j3000) + 2420$$

$$= 6420 - j3000 = 7086.35 \angle -25.05^\circ$$

VA