## EE 202-Fall 2012(121)

## HW<sub>6</sub>

## Dr. Mohammad S. Sharawi Due 15/12/2012

Q1 In the circuit of Fig. 1, determine:

(a) 
$$i_R(0^+)$$
,  $i_L(0^+)$ , and  $i_C(0^+)$ ,

- (b)  $di_R(0^+)/dt$ ,  $di_L(0^+)/dt$ , and  $di_C(0^+)/dt$ ,
- (c)  $i_R(\infty)$ ,  $i_L(\infty)$ , and  $i_C(\infty)$ .

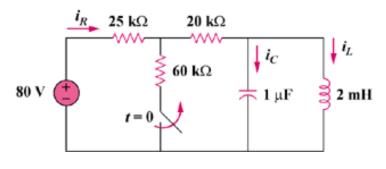


Figure 1

**Q2** In the circuit in Fig. 2, calculate  $i_o(t)$  and  $v_o(t)$  for t > 0.

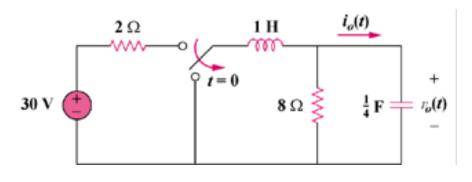


Figure 2

Q3 The responses of a series *RLC* circuit are

$$v_C(t) = 30 - 10e^{-20t} + 30e^{-10t} V$$

$$i_L(t) = 40e^{-20t} - 60e^{-10t} \,\mathrm{mA}$$

where  $v_C$  and  $i_L$  are the capacitor voltage and inductor current, respectively. Determine the values of R, L, and C.

Q4 Find v(t) for t > 0 in the circuit in Fig. 3.

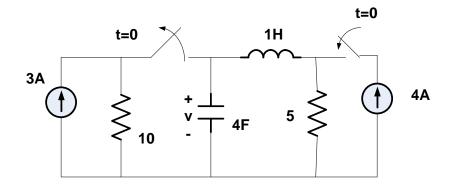


Figure 3

**Q5** Given the circuit in Fig. 4, find i(t) and v(t) for t > 0.

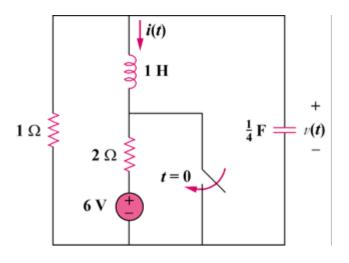


Figure 4