

COE 301/ICS 233, Term 161

Computer Architecture & Assembly Language

HW# 2

Q.1. Carry out resulting from addition of unsigned numbers can be used to check if the result of addition is incorrect. Write the shortest sequence of MIPS instructions to determine if there is a carry out from the addition of two registers \$t1 and \$t2. Place the carry out (0 or 1) in register \$t0.

Q.2. Write a MIPS assembly program that asks the user to enter an integer, reads the integer and then displays the integer representation in both binary and hexadecimal, assuming 32-bit representation. A sample execution of the program is given below:

Enter an integer: -5

Number representation in binary is: 11111111111111111111111111111011

Number representation in hexadecimal is: FFFFFFFB

Q.3. Write a program to implement the procedure, **SelectionSort**, to sort an array of integers (i.e. 32-bit signed numbers) in an **ascending** order.

The pseudocode for the **SelectionSort** procedure is given below:

```
SelectionSort (Array, Size)
  for (position= 0 to Size-2)
    MinValue = Array[position]
    MinPosition = position
    for (j=position+1 to Size-1)
      if (Array[j] < MinValue) then
        MinValue = Array[j]
        MinPosition = j
      end if
    end for
    if (position ≠ MinPosition) then
      Array[MinPosition] = Array[Position]
      Array[Position] = MinValue
    end if
  end for
end SelectionSort
```

Store the array to be sorted in variable Array as defined below.

Array: .word 10, 2, 0, 15, 25, 30, 7, 22

Your program should display the following:

Array before sorting is: 10 2 0 15 25 30 7 22

Array after sorting is: 0 2 7 10 15 22 25 30

Clearly indicate in your assembly code where each pseudocode statement is translated. Also clearly indicate what registers are used to store the variables. Your program should be very well documented.