

King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals  
College of Computer Sciences and Engineering  
Department of Computer Engineering

COE 202 – Digital Logic Design (T112)

**Homework # 03 (due date & time: Wednesday 14/03/2012 during class period)**

\*\*\* Show all your work. No credit will be given if work is not shown! \*\*\*

**Problem 1 (30 points):** Consider the Boolean function  $F(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(0, 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13)$ . Find the following:

1. Identify all the *prime implicants* and the *essential prime implicants* of  $F$ .
2. Simplify the Boolean function  $F$  into a minimal sum-of-products expression.
3. Simplify the Boolean function  $F$  into a minimal product-of-sums expression.

**Problem 2 (30 points):** Consider the Boolean function  $F(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(0, 2, 5, 8, 10)$ , together with the don't care conditions  $d(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(1, 4, 7, 9, 11, 12, 14, 15)$ . Find the following:

1. Simplify the Boolean function  $F$  together with the don't care conditions  $d$ , into minimal sum-of-products expression.
2. Starting with the sum-of-products expression, implement the function using only **NAND** gates and **Inverters**.
3. Starting with the sum-of-products expression, implement the function using only **NOR** gates and **Inverters**.

**Problem 3 (40 points):** Design a 3-bit decremter using **only NAND gates**. The circuit takes a 3-bit unsigned number  $I = I_2I_1I_0$  as input and generates a 3-bit output number  $Z = Z_2Z_1Z_0$  and a **Valid** output  $V$ . Whenever  $I > 0$  the output  $Z = I - 1$  and  $V = 1$ . If  $I = 0$ , the output is invalid which is indicated by an output  $V = 0$ . Derive the simplified Boolean expressions of all outputs, and show the logic diagram implementation of the **all NAND gates** circuit.