Name:

COE 301/ICS 233, Term 161

Computer Architecture & Assembly Language Quiz# 3 Solution

Date: Tuesday, Nov. 22, 2016

Q1. A recursive procedure **TH**(N) returns 1+2*TH(N-1) for N >1, 1 if N=1, and zero otherwise. This is called Tower of Hanoi. **TH**(N) is defined as follows:

```
int TH(int N) {
    if (N <= 0) return 0;
    else if (N=1) return 1;
    else return (1 + 2*TH(N-1));
}</pre>
```

Assume **TH** receives its argument N in register \$a0 and return its results in \$v0. The above procedure is called from some Main program, which <u>needs **not**</u> to be implemented here. Write a minimal MIPS program for the above procedure.

TH:	slti	\$t0, \$a0, 1	# (n<1)?
	beq	\$t0,\$0, next	# if false branch to next
	li	\$v0,0	# \$v0 = 0
	jr	\$ra	# return to caller
next:	slti	\$t0, \$a0, 2	# (n < 2)?
	bne	\$t0,\$0,iterate	# if false branch to iterate
	li	\$v0,1	# v0 = 1
	jr	\$ra	# return to caller
iterate	addiu	\$sp,\$sp,-4	# allocate 1 word on stack
iterate	addiu sw	\$sp,\$sp,-4 \$ra,0(\$sp)	<pre># allocate 1 word on stack # save return address</pre>
iterate	addiu sw addiu	\$sp,\$sp,-4 \$ra,0(\$sp) \$a0,\$a0,-1	<pre># allocate 1 word on stack # save return address # argument = n-1</pre>
iterate	addiu sw addiu jal	\$sp,\$sp,-4 \$ra,0(\$sp) \$a0,\$a0,-1 TH	<pre># allocate 1 word on stack # save return address # argument = n-1 # call TH(n-1)</pre>
iterate	addiu sw addiu jal sll	\$sp,\$sp,-4 \$ra,0(\$sp) \$a0,\$a0,-1 TH \$v0, \$v0, 1	<pre># allocate 1 word on stack # save return address # argument = n-1 # call TH(n-1) # \$v0 = 2*TH(n-1)</pre>
iterate:	addiu sw addiu jal sll addi	\$sp,\$sp,-4 \$ra,0(\$sp) \$a0,\$a0,-1 TH \$v0, \$v0, 1 \$v0, \$v0, 1	<pre># allocate 1 word on stack # save return address # argument = n-1 # call TH(n-1) # \$v0 = 2*TH(n-1) # return 1 +2*TH(n-1)</pre>
iterate:	addiu sw addiu jal sll addi lw	\$sp,\$sp,-4 \$ra,0(\$sp) \$a0,\$a0,-1 TH \$v0, \$v0, 1 \$v0, \$v0, 1 \$ra,0(\$sp)	<pre># allocate 1 word on stack # save return address # argument = n-1 # call TH(n-1) # \$v0 = 2*TH(n-1) # return 1 +2*TH(n-1) # restore return address</pre>
iterate:	addiu sw addiu jal sll addi lw addi	\$sp,\$sp,-4 \$ra,0(\$sp) \$a0,\$a0,-1 TH \$v0, \$v0, 1 \$v0, \$v0, 1 \$ra,0(\$sp) \$sp, \$sp, 4	<pre># allocate 1 word on stack # save return address # argument = n-1 # call TH(n-1) # \$v0 = 2*TH(n-1) # return 1 +2*TH(n-1) # restore return address # free stack frame</pre>