

## Surveying-CE 260

## Home Work \#2

## Problem 1

Write short essay about each of the following:
Pacing, Stadia, Substance bar, Cut tape, Standard conditions for steel tape, Invar tape, Hand level, Random errors, Normal tension, Systematic error, Random error associated with systematic error in tape measurements.

## Problem 2

A 100-ft cut steel tape was used to measure between two property markers. The rear surveyor held 64 ft , while the head surveyor cut 0.17 ft . What was the distance between the markers?

Problem 3
A distance of 244.57 ft was measured along a $\mathbf{4 \%}$ slope. Compute the horizontal distance.

## Problem 4

You must lay out a rectangular commercial building 218.00 ft wide and 250.00 ft long. If the steel tape is $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 4} \mathbf{f t}$ long (under standard conditions), what distances would be laid out?

## Problem 4

Compute the corrected horizontal distance.
Temperature $=37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Tape Length $=29.992 \mathrm{~m}$, Slope Angle $=-2^{\circ} 42^{\prime}$ and Slope Measurement $=\mathbf{2 5 6 . 4 8 2} \mathbf{~ m}$

Problem 5
Compute the required layout distance.
Temperature $=10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Tape Length $=29.990 \mathrm{~m}$, and Required Horizontal Distance $=300.00 \mathrm{~m}$

## Problem 6

A 50 m tape is used to measure between two points at the same level. The average weight of the tape per meter is 0.280 N . The measured distance is 78.128 m , with the tape supported at the ends only and with a tension of 110 N . Find the corrected distance.

## Problem 7

A 30-m tape has a mass of 524 g and is supported only at the ends with a force of $\mathbf{7 0}$ N . What is the sag correction in measuring 200 m . if gradient is $\mathbf{1 0} \%$ ?

