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1) Two blocks approach each other at right angles on a frictionless surface. Block A has a mass of 40 kg and travels along the +ve x-axis at 3 m/s. Block B has a mass of 80 kg and is moving in the +ve y-axis at 2 m/s. They collide and stick together. Find the final velocity of the two blocks

$$\frac{\vec{P}_{i} = \vec{P}_{f}}{m_{i}\vec{V}_{ii} + m_{i}\vec{V}_{2i}} = (m_{i} + m_{z})\vec{V}_{f}$$

$$\frac{\vec{V}_{f} = \frac{m_{i}\vec{V}_{ii} + m_{i}\vec{V}_{2i}}{(m_{i} + m_{z})} = \frac{40(3\hat{i}) + 80(2)\hat{j}}{40 + 80} = \frac{120\hat{i} + 160\hat{j}}{120}$$

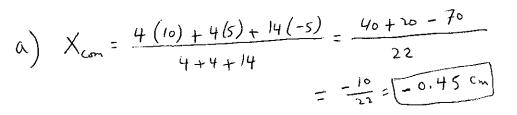
$$\frac{\vec{V}_{f} = (1\hat{i} + 1.33\hat{j})\vec{m}_{5}}{m_{f}} = \frac{120\hat{i} + 160\hat{j}}{m_{f}}$$

What are (a) the x coordinate and (b) the y coordinate of the center of mass for the uniform plate shown in Fig.

if L = 5.0 cm?

- Area is proportional to mass

- divide the shape into 3-parts.



b) 
$$y_{con} = \frac{4(12.5) + 4(-15) + 14(-2.5)}{4 + 4 + 14}$$
  
=  $\frac{50 - 60 - 35}{22} = [-2.045 \text{ cm}]$ 

