

1) In the figure, vector A has a magnitude of 10 m, and vector B has a magnitude of 6 m. What is A-B (in unit vector notation)?

A<sub>x</sub> = 10 65 45 = 7.07 | B<sub>x</sub> = 6 65 300 = 3  
B<sub>y</sub> = 6 5in 300 = -5.2  
A<sub>y</sub> = 10 5in 45 = 7.07 | B<sub>z</sub> = 6 5in 300 = -5.2  

$$\overrightarrow{A}$$
 = 7.07  $\overrightarrow{i}$  + 7.07  $\overrightarrow{j}$  |  $\overrightarrow{B}$  = 3  $\overrightarrow{i}$  - 5.2  $\overrightarrow{j}$ 

$$\vec{A} - \vec{B} = 4.07 \hat{1} + 12.27 \hat{3}$$

2) You are given two vectors  $\overrightarrow{A}$  and  $\overrightarrow{B}$ . if  $\overrightarrow{A}.\overrightarrow{B} = 4$  and  $\overrightarrow{A} \times \overrightarrow{B} = 3$ , what is the angle between A and B?

$$\overline{A}.\overline{B} = AB cos \phi = 4$$

$$|\overrightarrow{A} \times \overrightarrow{B}| = AB \sin \phi = 3$$

Divide 
$$\frac{@}{@} \Rightarrow \frac{AB\sin\phi}{AB\cos\phi} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\tan \phi = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\phi = \tan^{-1}(\frac{3}{4}) = 36.9^{\circ}$$