

Key

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

ID # \_\_\_\_\_

A racing car traveling with constant acceleration increases its speed from 10 m/s to 30 m/s over a distance of 80 m? How long does this take?

$v_i = 10 \frac{m}{s}$ $v_f = 30 \frac{m}{s}$ $\Delta x = 80 \text{ m}$ $t = ?$	use equation # 4 $\Delta x = \left( \frac{v_i + v_f}{2} \right) t$ $80 = \left( \frac{10 + 30}{2} \right) t = 20t$ $t = \frac{80}{20} = \boxed{4 \text{ s}}$
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An object starts from rest at the origin and moves along the x axis with a constant acceleration of 4 m/s<sup>2</sup>. Find its average velocity as it goes from x=0 to x=15 m.

$\Delta x = 15 \text{ m}$ $a = 4 \frac{m}{s^2}$ $v_0 = 0$ $t = ?$ $\Delta x = v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$ $15 = \frac{1}{2} (4) t^2 \Rightarrow t = \sqrt{\frac{15}{2}} = 2.74$ $v_{avg} = \frac{\Delta x}{t} = \frac{15}{2.74} = 5.5 \frac{m}{s}$	another method because of constant acceleration $v_{avg} = \frac{v_0 + v_f}{2} = \frac{v_0 + at}{2} = \frac{4 \times 2.74}{2}$ $= 5.5 \frac{m}{s}$
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A stone is thrown vertically up from the edge of the top of a 100-m high building. It reaches the ground (at the bottom of the building) after 10.0 s. What is the initial speed of the stone?

$\Delta y = -100 \text{ m}$ $t = 10 \text{ s}$ $a = -g$ $v_i = ?$	use equation # 2 $\Delta y = v_i t - \frac{1}{2} g t^2$ $-100 = v_i (10) - 4.9 (10)^2$ $-100 = 10 v_i - 490$ $10 v_i = 490 - 100 = 390$ $v_i = \frac{390}{10} = \boxed{39 \frac{m}{s}}$
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