## QUIZZES MATH 333-173

## Quiz 1:

Find the directional derivative of  $f(x.y) = x^3y^2 - y^5$  at (1,2) in the direction given by the angle  $\pi/4$ 

Quiz 2:

Use the FTC to find the work done by  $F(x.y) = \langle x^2y^2, \frac{2x^3y}{3} \rangle$  to displace a particle from (0,0) to (1,3).

## Quiz 3:

(i) Find  $\mathcal{L}\{(t+3)\mathcal{U}(t-3)\}$ . (ii) Expand  $f(x) = x^2, 0 \le x \le 2\pi$  in Fourier series if  $T = 2\pi$ . (ii) Prove

$$\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \ldots + \frac{1}{n^2} + \ldots = \frac{\pi^2}{6}.$$

Quiz 4: Solve

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}, \ 0 \le x \le L\\ u(0,t) = 0, \ u(L,t) = 0, \ t \ge 0\\ u(x,0) = \begin{cases} 1, \ 0 \le x \le L/2\\ 0, \ L/2 \le x \le L \end{cases} \end{cases}$$

Quiz 5: Solve

$$\begin{cases} u_{tt} = 4\left(u_{rr} + \frac{1}{r}u_{r}\right), \ 0 < r < 3, \ t > 0\\ u(3,t) = 0, \ t \ge 0, \\ u(r,0) = 3J_{0}(\alpha_{7}r), \ u_{t}(r,0) = 6J_{0}(\alpha_{4}r), \ 0 < r < 3 \end{cases}$$