NAME: S.No. ID: Time Allowed: 30 minutes Maximum Marks: 10 Section:18 (1) Determine a region in which differential equation  $y' = \sqrt{\frac{y^2-4}{x}}$  has a unique solution through the point ( solution through the point  $(x_0, y_0)$ . (2) Solve  $3e^x \tan(y)dx + (1 - e^x) \sec^2(y)dy = 0$ . (3) Solve  $(1 - x^2)\frac{dy}{dx} + 2xy = x(1 - x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$