## King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals Department of Mathematics and Statistics Math 301 Major Exam 1 (171)

**Exercise 1:** (10 pts) Find the directional derivative of  $\varphi(x, y) = x \sin y$  at the point  $P_0(1, \frac{\pi}{4})$  in the direction of  $P_1(2, \frac{\pi}{3})$ .

**Exercise 2:** (10 pts) Is the vector field  $F = \langle 2xy^3z, 3x^2y^2z, x^2y^3 \rangle$  conservative? If yes, find the potential  $\varphi$  satisfying  $\varphi(1, 1, 1) = 2$ .

**Exercise 3:** (14 pts) Evaluate the line integral

$$K = \oint_C (x^2 + y^2) dx + (y - x) dy$$

using Green's theorem where C consists of the boundary of the region in the first quadrant that is bounded by the graphs of  $y = x^2$  and  $x = y^2$  oriented counterclockwise.

**Exercise 4:** (16 pts) Find the surface area of that part of the paraboloid  $z = x^2 + y^2$  lying in the first quadrant between the planes z = 0 and z = 1.

**Exercise 5:** (18 pts)Verify Green's theorem for the vector field  $F = \langle x - y, xy \rangle$  and the curve C is the triangle with vertices A(2,1), B(4,1) and C(2,5), oriented counterclockwise.

**Exercise 6:** (20 pts) Evaluate  $J = \oint_C F \cdot dR$  using Stokes' theorem when the vector field F is  $F = \langle xz, yz, xy \rangle$  and S is the part of the surface  $z = 2 - y^2, y \ge 0, z \ge 0, 0 \le x \le 1$ , oriented upward.

**Exercise 7:** (12 pts) Evaluate  $I = \int \int_{S} (F \cdot n) ds$  using the divergence theorem, when S is the surface  $x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2} = 1$  oriented outward and F is the vector field  $F = \langle x^{2}, -2xy, 3z \rangle$ .