



1. The Fourier transform of  $f(t) = \sin(t) H(t)$  is  $F(\omega) = \frac{1}{1-\omega^2} + \frac{\pi i}{2} [\delta(\omega+1) - \delta(\omega-1)]$ . Find the Fourier transform of

$$f(t) = \sin(t-1) H(t-1).$$

2. Find  $\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s^2}{s^2+1} \right\}$ .
3. Use the Laplace transform to solve:  $y' - 2y = t$ ,  $y(0) = 2$ .
4. Let  $f(t) = t-1$  and  $g(t) = e^t$ . Find the convolution related to the Laplace transform.