- 1) Find the transfer functions, impulse response, and step response for y'' y' 6y = f(t). Assume that all of the necessary initial conditions are zero.
- 2) Find the Fourier series for

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2, & 0 < x < 1, \\ 0, & 1 < x < 4. \end{cases}$$

To what value does this series converge to at x = -3?

- 3) Use the definition to find the convolution $e^{-t}H(t) * e^{-t}H(t)$ related to the Fourier transform.
- 4) Derive the Fourier transform for $f(t) = e^{-|t|}$.
- 5) Find a particular solution for $y'' 4y = \delta(t)$.
- 6) Find $\mathcal{L}{f(t)}$ of

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \le t \le 2, \\ -1, & t > 2. \end{cases}$$

- 7) Show that $\{\cos nx\}_{n=0}^{\infty}$ is an orthogonal set on $[0, \pi]$. Find the norm of each function.
- 8) Find the first three non-vanishing coefficients in the Legendre polynomial expansion of

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & -1 < x < 0, \\ 0, & 0 < x < 1. \end{cases}$$

Q	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Total
Max	12	14	12	12	12	12	12	14	100
Points									

1. The Fourier transform of $f(t) = \sin(t) H(t)$ is $F(\omega) = \frac{1}{1-\omega^2} + \frac{\pi i}{2} [\delta(\omega+1) - \delta(\omega-1)]$. Find the Fourier transform of

$$f(t) = \sin(t-1) H(t-1).$$

- 2. Find $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{s^2}{s^2+1}\right\}$.
- 3. Use the Laplace transform to solve: y' 2y = t, y(0) = 2.
- 4. Let f(t) = t 1 and $g(t) = e^{t}$. Find the convolution related to the Laplace transform.