King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals Department of Mathematics and Statistics MATH411 - Advanced Calculus II Final Exam – Semester 162

Exercise 1

Let

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xyz}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{\alpha}} & \text{if } (x,y,z) \neq (0,0,0) \\ 0 & \text{if } (x,y,y) = (0,0,0) \end{cases}$$

where $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$ is a constant. Show that *f* is differentiable at (0,0,0) if and only if $\alpha < 1$.

Exercise 2 Let $u = xyf(\frac{x+y}{xy})$, where $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ is differentiable. Show that *u* satisfies the equation

$$x^2\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - y^2\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = g(x,y)u$$

and find g(x, y).

For $x \in \mathbb{R}^n \setminus \{0\}$, let f(x) = g(||x||) where g is \mathcal{C}^2 on $(0, \infty)$. Show that

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial^2 x_1} + \ldots + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial^2 x_n} = g''(r) + \frac{n-1}{r}g'(r)$$

where r = ||x||. Deduce that $f(x) = ||x||^{2-n}$, $n \ge 3$, is harmonic.

Let $f(x,y) = e^{xy} \sin(x+y)$. Find the Taylor polynomial of f of order 3 about the point (0,0).

Exercise 5 Find the critical points of $f(x, y, z) = x^3 - y^3 + z^2 - 3x + 9y$ and determine their nature.

Exercise 6 Find the maximum of $x^2y^2z^2$ on the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = R^2$.

Let $R \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ be a rectangle and $f : R \to \mathbb{R}$ be a bounded function. Define the following

- 1. *f* is Riemann integrable
- 2. *f* is Darboux integrable.

Give an example of a function f on $[0,1] \times [0,1]$ which is not Riemann integrable.

Let $f : \Omega \to \mathbb{R}$ be an integrable function over Ω a bounded simple subset of \mathbb{R}^n Show that

- 1. If *f* is almost everywhere zero, then $\int_{\Omega} f = 0$.
- 2. If $f \ge 0$ and $\int_{\Omega} f = 0$, then f is almost everywhere zero.