

Exercise 1 Consider the differential equation

$$m \frac{d^3 y}{dx^3} + 2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 7y = \sin(x)$$

Discuss according to the value of the parameter m the order of the differential equation.

Exercise 2 Consider the differential equation

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + \cos(y) = 0$$

Classify the differential equation according to type, order and whether it is linear or nonlinear.

Exercise 3 Find all the regions over which the differential equation

$$(x - 1) \frac{dy}{dx} = y(3 - y)$$

has a unique solution. Draw the region(s).