

King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals
Department of Mathematics and Statistics
Math 102 (162) Sec 35 - Quiz 4

Name:

ID:

Serial No.:

1. Evaluate $\int \frac{x^5 + 2}{x^2 - 1} dx$.

2. Find $\int \sec^6(x) \tan^9(x) dx$

3. Find $\int \frac{1}{1 - 5 \sin x} dx$

Hint: Use the substitution $t = \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$, $-\pi < x < \pi$.

4. Evaluate $\int \frac{dx}{(4-x^2)^{3/2}}$

5. Determine whether the integral $\int_{-\infty}^0 \frac{e^x}{2 + e^x} dx$ is convergent or divergent? Find the value of the integral if it is convergent.

6. Make a substitution to express the integral $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} - \sqrt[3]{x}} dx$ as a rational fraction and then evaluate the integral.

Hint: Use the substitution $u = \sqrt[6]{x}$