King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals Department of Mathematics and Statistics MATH533 - Complex Variables Exam I – Semester 161

Exercise 1 Find all possible values of

 $\tan^{-1}(1+i)$

True or false (if true, give a short explanation, if false, give a counterexample)

- 1. If two entire functions agree at infinitely many points, then they must be equal.
- 2. An entire function bounded in a half-plane is constant.
- 3. There exists *f* analytic in |z| < 1 such that f(1/n) = n/(2+n) for $n \in \mathbb{N}$.
- 4. An entire function f = u + iv such that $u v \le 2016$ is constant

Suppose that $G \subset \mathbb{C}$ is open, f is analytic in G, and $\gamma : [0,1] \rightarrow G$ is a smooth curve in G. Show that

$$\int_{\gamma} f'(z) dz = f(\gamma(1)) - f(\gamma(0)).$$

Evaluate the following integrals

1.
$$\int_{|z|=3} \frac{3z^4 + 2z - 6}{(z-2)^3} dz$$

2.
$$\int_{|z|=2} \frac{dz}{z^4 - 1}$$

Suppose $f : \mathbb{C} \to \mathbb{C}$ is not constant *entire* function. Show:

- 1. There is at least one z in \mathbb{C} with |f(z)| > 1.
- 2. There is at least one z in \mathbb{C} with |f(z)| < 1.
- 3. There is at least one z in \mathbb{C} with |f(z)| = 1.

For each of the following real valued functions u(x, y) find a real valued function v(x, y) such that the function f(z) = f(x + iy) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y) is analytic or show that there can be no such function.

(a)
$$u(x,y) = x^3 - 3xy^2 - 2xy$$

(b)
$$u(x,y) = x^3 - xy^2 - 2xy$$

Suppose that f is an entire function such that

$$|f(z)| \le 3|z|^{3/2}$$
 for all $z \in \mathbb{C}, |z| \ge 1$.

Prove that f(z) = az + b for some $a, b \in \mathbb{C}$ such that $|a| + |b| \leq 3$.