King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals Department of Mathematics and Statistics Math 355: Linear Algebra Final Exam, Fall Semester 161 (180 minutes) Jawad Abuhlail

Q1. (30 points) Prove the following:

(a) If V is a vector space and $A: V \to V$ is a linear map, then any set of eigenvectors of A with *distinct* eigenvalues is linearly independent.

(b) If V is a non-zero finite dimensional complex vector space, then every linear operator $A: V \to V$ has a *fan* in V.

(c) If A is an $n \times n$ matrix over a field K, then

$$I := \{ f \in K[x] \mid f(A) = 0 \} \neq \{ 0 \}.$$

Q2. (20 points) Let

$$A = \left[\begin{array}{rrr} 7 & 0 & -10 \\ 5 & 2 & -10 \\ 5 & 0 & -8 \end{array} \right]$$

- (a) Find the *characteristic polynomial* of A.
- (b) Find the *minimal polynomial* of A.
- (c) Find the eigenvalue(s) and the corresponding eigenspace(s) of A.
- (d) Is A diagonalizable? (Explain)

Q3. (10 points) Consider the subspace

$$W := Span\left(\left\{ \left(\begin{array}{c} 1\\0\\-1\\2\end{array}\right), \left(\begin{array}{c} 2\\1\\0\\1\end{array}\right), \left(\begin{array}{c} 0\\1\\2\\-3\end{array}\right) \right\} \right)$$

of \mathbb{R}^4 . Find dim (W^{\perp}) .

Q4. (10 points) Let V be a non-zero finite dimensional *complex* vector space. Show that any linear operator $A: V \to V$ can be written as a sum of two linear operators A = D + N, where D is diagonalizable and N is nilpotent (*i.e.* $N^m = 0$ for some positive integer m).

Q5. (30 points) Prove or disprove:

- (a) Every symmetric *real* matrix is diagonalizable.
- (b) Every linear operator on a *complex* vector space has an eigenvalue.

(c) Any map from $A : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ (considered as a vector space over \mathbb{Q}) with the property that A(qv) = qA(v) for all $q \in \mathbb{Q}$ and $v \in \mathbb{R}$ is *linear*.

GOOD LUCK