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Q1) A rectangle has its base on the  $x$ -axis and its upper two vertices on the parabola  $y = 3 - 4x^2$ . What is the largest area of the rectangle can have, and what are its dimensions?

The largest area is _____
The dimensions are _____, _____

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Q2) Let  $x_1 = 0$  be the initial approximation of the  $x$  -coordinate of the point of intersection of the graphs of  $y = \sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$  and  $y = \ln(3x + 1)$ . Find the second approximation  $x_2$  given by Newton's method.

$x_2 =$
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