King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals Department of Mathematics and Statistics Math 202 Final Exam, Third Semester (153), 2016 Net Time Allowed: 180 minutes

Name:-

ID:----

-----Section:-----Serial:-----

Q#	Marks	Maximum Marks
1		12
2		10
3		8
4		8
5		10
6		10
7		10
8		10
9		10
10		12
11		10
12		12
13		10
14		8
Total		140

1. Write clearly.

2. Show all your steps.

- 3. No credit will be given to wrong steps.
- 4. Do not do messy work.
- 5. Calculators and mobile phones are NOT allowed in this exam.
- 6. Turn off your mobile.

1. (12 points) Use a suitable substitution to change the following DE to linear DE or separable (Do not the solve the new equation.

a.
$$2y' + (\tan x)y - \frac{4x+5}{\cos x}y^3 = 0$$
.
b. $x\frac{dy}{dx} = y(\ln y - \ln x)$.

2. (10 points) Solve the IVP \mathbf{V}

$$(4x^{3}e^{x+y} + x^{4}e^{x+y} + 2x) + (x^{4}e^{x+y} + 2y)\frac{dy}{dx} = 0, \quad y(0) = 1.$$

3. (8 points) Find a homogenous Cauchy-Euler differential equation whose general solution is $y = c_1 x^2 + c_2 x^4$.

4. (8 points) Classify the singular points of

$$(1 - x^2)\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2x\frac{dy}{dx} + \alpha(\alpha + 1)y = 0,$$

where α is a constant.

5. (10) Use the method of undetermined coefficients (Annihilator approach) to find the form of a particular solution of the differential equation

 $y'' + y' - 6y = 2\sin x \cos x + x + e^{2x}.$

(Do not evaluate the coefficients).

6. (10 points) Solve
$$X' = \begin{bmatrix} -7 & 0 & 6 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 \\ 6 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} X.$$

7. (10 points) Three solutions of the equation X' = AX are

$$\begin{bmatrix} e^t + e^{2t} \\ e^{2t} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} e^t + e^{3t} \\ e^{3t} \\ e^{3t} \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \begin{bmatrix} e^t - e^{3t} \\ -e^{3t} \\ -e^{3t} \end{bmatrix},$$

find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of A.

8. (10 points) Solve the initial-value problem $\,$

$$X' = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} X, \quad X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

9. (10 points) Solve
$$X' = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} X$$
, given that $\lambda_{1,2} = -1 \pm i\sqrt{2}$ and $\lambda_3 = -2$.

10. (12 points) Find a recurance relation for the power series solutions of the differential equation (1-x)y'' + y' + (1-x)y = 0 about $x_0 = 0$

(Do not solve the equation)

11. (10 points) Using the substitution $y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n x^n$ in a differential equation about the ordinary point x = 0, we get the relation

$$-2c_2 + (c_0 + 3c_1 - 6c_3)x + \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} [-(k+2)(k+1)c_{k+2} + k(k+2)c_k + c_{k-1}]x^k = 0.$$

Find two power series solutions of the differential equation.

12. (12 points) Use the method of Frobenius to find a series solution of the differential equation $x^2y'' + (x^2 - 3x)y' + 3y = 0$ about the regular singular point x = 0 using the largest indicial root.

13. (10 points) Let $X = c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{3t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-3t}$ be the general solution of the homogenous system X' = AX. Find a particular solution of $X' = AX + \begin{pmatrix} 6e^{3t} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$.

14. (8 points) Use matrix exponential to solve the homogenous system $X' = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix} X$ subject to $X(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$.