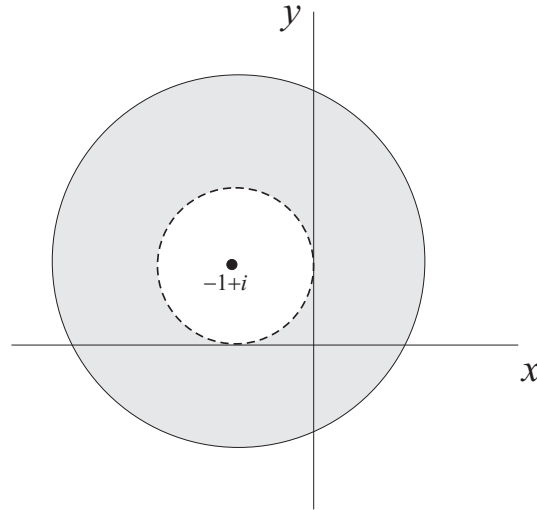


- (1) Sketch the set of points satisfying the inequality  $1 < |z + 1 - i| \leq 3$ . Determine whether the set is a domain.

**Solution:** The set is not a domain, since it is not an open set.



- (2) (a) Find  $\lim_{z \rightarrow i} \frac{z^4 - 1}{z - i}$
- (b) Give the points at which the function  $f(z) = \frac{z^3 + z}{z^2 + 1}$  is not analytic.

**Solution:**

(a)  $\lim_{z \rightarrow i} \frac{z^4 - 1}{z - i} = \lim_{z \rightarrow i} (z^2 - 1)(z + i) = -4i$

(b)  $f$  is not analytic when  $z = \pm 2i$ .

- (3) Write the answers of the following questions in the form  $a + ib$ .

(a) Compute  $z^9$ , if  $z = \frac{-1 + i\sqrt{3}}{1 + i}$ .

(b) Find the three cube roots of  $z = -1 + i$ .

**Solution:**

(a) Since  $z = \frac{-1 + i\sqrt{3}}{1 + i} = \sqrt{2}(\cos \frac{5\pi}{12} + i \sin \frac{5\pi}{12})$ , We have

$$z^9 = (\sqrt{2})^9 \left( \cos \frac{15\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{15\pi}{4} \right) = 16 - 16i$$

(b) In this case,  $r = \sqrt{2}$  and  $\theta = 3\pi/4$ . We have

$$w_0 = (\sqrt{2})^{1/3} \left( \cos \frac{\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \right) = 2^{1/6}(1/\sqrt{2} + i/\sqrt{2}),$$

$$w_1 = 2^{1/6} \left( \cos \frac{11\pi}{12} + i \sin \frac{11\pi}{12} \right),$$

$$w_2 = 2^{1/6} \left( \cos \frac{19\pi}{12} + i \sin \frac{19\pi}{12} \right).$$