Math 202, Section 3 and 4 Spring 2015, Term 142

Quiz 4 Version A and B Student Name: SOLUTION Serial Number:

- Instructions: Show Your Work!
 - 1. (4 pts) Consider the differential equation

$$(\sin x) y'' + y' + 5y = 0. (DE^*)$$

(a) Explain why (DE^{*}) has two solutions of the form

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n \left(x - \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^n.$$

(b) Find the minimum radius of convergence of the power series solutions in part (a).

2. (3 pts) Classify the singular points of the following differential equation

$$x^{3} (x^{2} - 25) (x - 2)^{2} y'' + 3x (x - 2) y' + 7 (x - 5) y = 0.$$

3. (3 pts) Consider the differential equation

$$2xy'' - y' + 2y = 0,$$

Find the indicial roots of the singularity at the regular singular point x = 0.