## King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals

## **Department of Mathematics and Statistics**

Math 201: First Major Exam, Summer 133 (120 minutes)

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Name:

Student ID:

Serial Number:

Solve all problems. Show  $\underline{\mathbf{full}\ \mathbf{details}}$  of your solution.

Question	Grade
1	/15
2	/10
3	/15
4	/10
5	/10
6	/10
7	/15
8	/15
TOTAL	

**Q1.** Let **C** be the curve defined by the parametric equations

 $x = 2 + 3\cos(t), \ y = 1 + 3\sin(t), \ 0 \le t \le \pi.$ 

(a) (5 points) Eliminate t to find the corresponding cartesian equation for  $\mathbf{C}$ .

(b) (5 points) Sketch the graph of C and indicate on it the direction in which C is traced.

(c) (5 points) Find the area of the surface generated by revolving C about the *x*-axis.

**Q2.** Consider the curve  $\mathbf{C}$ , whose equation in polar coordinates is given by

$$r = 2\sqrt{2}\sin(\theta - \frac{\pi}{4})$$

(a) (6 points) Find the corresponding cartesian equation of C.

(b) (4 points) Sketch the curve of C in the xy-plane.

**Q3.** Consider the curve  $\mathbf{C}$  whose equation in polar coordinates is given by

 $r^2 = 4\sin(2\theta).$ 

(a) (5 points) Find the symmetries in the graph of C (if any).

(b) (5 points) Sketch the graph of  $\mathbf{C}$  in the xy-plane.

(c) (5 points) Find the area of the region enclosed by C.

Q4. (10 Points) Find the length of the curve whose equation in polar coordinates is given by

$$r = 2 \sec^2(\frac{\theta}{2}), \ 0 \le \theta \le \frac{\pi}{2}.$$

Q5. (a) (5 points) Give a complete geometric description for the locus of points (in the space) satisfying the pair of equations

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 10, \ y = -1$$

(b) (5 points) Find the set of points in the space equidistant (*i.e.* having the same distance) from the origin and the point (2, 0, 0).

Q6. (a) (5 points) Find the vector  $\overrightarrow{v}$  whose length is 2 making the angle  $\frac{7\pi}{4}$  with the positive *x*-axis.

(b) (5 points) Find a vector  $\vec{v}$  whose length is 100 and whose direction is opposite to that of  $\vec{u} = < \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} > .$ 

**Q7. (a) (9 points)** Find the measures of the angles of the triangle whose vertices are A(-1,0), B(2,1) and C(1,-2).

(b) (6 points) Is  $\overrightarrow{v} = < 2, -3 >$  perpendicular to the line L whose equation is 2x - 3y = 6? (Justify your answer)

**Q8.** (a) (8 points) Find the area of the triangle whose vertices are A(1, -1, 1), B(0, 1, 1) and C(1, 0, -1).

(b) (7 points) Determine whether the points A(1,3,2), B(3,-1,6), C(5,2,0) and D(3,6,-4) lie in the same plane or not. (Justify your answer).

## GOOD LUCK