

HMW #5

Prob 1:

Let (E, \mathcal{F}, μ) be a measure space and (f_n) a sequence of positive measurable functions converging simply to f . Assume that there exist K such that $\sup \int f_n d\mu \leq K$.
 (a) Prove that $\int f_n d\mu \leq K$. (b) Consider $(I_n, \mathcal{B}(I_n), \lambda)$ and the seq. (f_n) defined by $f_n = \chi_{[0, 1/n]}$ and $f_{n+1} = \chi_{[1/n, 1]}$. Compute $\int \limsup f_n d\lambda$ & $\limsup \int f_n d\lambda$.

Prob 2:

Compute the limit of the following sequences

(a) $\int_{\mathbb{R}} \chi_{\{x: 3|\cos x| \geq 2\}} \frac{e^{-x^2}}{2 \cos(x/m)} - 1 dx$, (b) $\sum_{m \geq 0} \frac{1}{m} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{1}{m}\right)$.

Prob 3:

Let $f: (0, 1) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a nonnegative positive function which is integrable. We define $g_n(x) := f(x^n)$. Find the $\lim \int g_n d\mu$.

Prob 4:

Find the limits of (i) $\int_0^1 n e^{-x} dx$, (ii) $\int_{(0, \infty)} \frac{x^2}{\sin x} \frac{1}{1+x^{1/2}} dx$

Prob 5:

Let the function f defined on $(0, +\infty)$ be defined by $f(t) = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-xt} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x} dx$. (a) Prove that f is differentiable for all $t \in (0, \infty)$ and compute explicitly its derivative (as a function of t only). (b) Find $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} f(t)$.